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THE

STOCKS

EXAMINED AND COMPARED:

OR.

A GUIDE TO PURCHASERS

IN THE

PUBLIC FUNDS.

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EXAMINED AND COMPARED:

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A GUIDE TO PURCHASERS

IN THE

PUBLIC FUNDS.

CONTAINING

AN INTRODUCTION,

In which the Origin and Nature of the Public Debts are explained, and useful Information is given relative to the Management of Business in the Funds.

AN

ACCOUNT OF THE PUBLIC FUNDS,

From the Times of their Creation to the Year 1795; Including the Imperial and Irish Annuities, transferrable at the Bank of / England and the Stock of Public Companies.

AND

FIVE NEW, USEFUL, AND EXTENSIVE

T A B L E S,

For the Purposes of examining and comparing the Perpetual Annuities and the Long, Short, and Imperial Annuities with each other, at every probable Price:

Illustrated by Observations and Examples.

A L S 0,

A STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL DEBT,
And an Account of the present Plan for liquidating the same.

BY WILLIAM FAIRMAN, OF THE ROYAL-EXCHANGE ASSURANCE.

L O N D O N:

PRINTED BY H. L. GALABIN, INGRAM-COURT:
AND SOLD BY J. JOHNSON, ST. PAUL'S CHURCH-YARD;
AND T. BOOSEY, OLD BROAD-STREET,
NEAR THE ROYAL-EXCHANGE.
M.DCC:XCY;

PREFACE.

THAT very great and fluctuating differences take place between the current prices of the several Funds bearing different rates of interest, and that sure grounds of advantage may be derived thereby, must be obvious to every attentive observer. The very great disparity, however, that has sometimes occurred for several days together, between the current prices of the 3 per Cent. Consols, and the 4 per Cent. Consols and 5 per Cent. Navy, even when the latter has been under par, has convinced me, that the exact observers among the monied men have not been very numerous.

In order to furnish the means for any one acquainted with common arithmetic to make accurate observations for himself in the public Funds, the Tables contained in the following work have been carefully calculated; and that the nature, creation, and present state of the several Funds might be well understood; such information relative to the same has been collected and given from the most authentic sources, as will, it is presumed, stand the test of critical examination. If, notwithstanding the care to make the whole as correct as possible, any errors should have escaped notice, or any thing material should have been omitted, the friendly communication thereof will be thankfully received.

I here find it proper to mention, that much of my time being engroffed in discharging my duty to the Corporation of the Royal-Exchange Assurance, as their Life-Accomptant, and being frequently engaged by individuals, as a calculator upon property depending on life-contingencies, I have made the following work a joint concern, and thereby united the time and attention of Mr. J. GRELLIER with my own.

With regard to the contents of the following publication, political observations and conjectures have been altogether avoided, hoping that virtue and knowledge may triumph over vice and ignorance; and, "that while there exists at home one object of skill or industry short of its utmost possible perfection, one spot of ground capable of higher cultivation and improvement; or while there remains abroad one new market unexplored, or any existing market that can be extended," the nation may benefit thereby; and that such advantages may never, in any great degree, be counteracted by the interest payable from the British Funds to foreigners residing out of the British dominions.

W. F.

INTRO

INTRODUCTION

OWARDS the close of the last century, the expences of the state, from various causes, had increased to such an unusual degree, that it was determined to defray them by borrowing fuch fums of money as the existing exigencies required, and to levy only such additional taxes as would suffice to pay the annual interest of the sums borrowed. This mode of raising money, to fupply the extraordinary expences of the flate, by borrowing money of individuals or public bodies, and fecuring the regular payment of the interest till the principal shall be repaid, has from that time to the present period been reforted to, and has been the means of creating the feveral funds of which the national debt is composed. The debts contracted by government with the public creditors differ from those between individuals; inasmuch as in the former, the lender is not at liberty to reclaim his principal; and, therefore, if he should have occasion for the money that he advanced, the only method by which he can obtain it, is by transferring the debt due to him to some other person who may be inclined to purchase it. If the purchaser cannot, by employing his money in any other manner, make a

certain gain, equal to the interest paid to the public creditors on the same sum, he will be induced to give the holders of these securities somewhat more than the sum originally advanced by them; or if, on the contrary, he can make a greater interest by any other means, or entertains any doubts respecting the punctual payment of the interest and the ready disposal of the security, when he may have occasion for his principal, he will not invest his money in this way unless some advantage is offered, by letting him have the debt for a less sum than that for which it was contracted. The regular payment of the interest on the government-funds, and the number of persons in this country prefering the interest they afford to the hazardous productions from trade, occasion continual purchafers for those shares in them which are brought to market for fale. The facility, also, and trifling expence, with which transfers are made in these funds, are inducements to prefer vesting money in them to laying it out on mortgages or other private security; which, though probably yielding a greater interest, is frequently attended with trouble and uncertainty. By the term flocks, in its present acceptation, is meant the accumulated debts of government: that term, however, in strict propriety fignifies the funds raised for the establishment of commercial companies to defray the expences of their first institution, and enable them to carry on their respective concerns. The original funds of public companies having been usually raised by loans from a number of individuals, the lenders became posfessed of such a certain proportion of property in the joint capital as agreed with the fum subscribed and completed: in other words, each contributor became the proprietor of a certain share of the company's stock, and consequently entitled to a proportionate share of its profits. The ('ix)

The price of the flock of a trading company ought never to be equal to that of government-funds, bearing the same interest, except when it is influenced by the expectation of an increase of the dividend; for, whatever might affect the fecurity of the government-funds must affect those of the companies in at least an equal degree, and in some instances in a much greater: besides which, as the dividend on the latter is in proportion to the profits of the company, it is liable to be diminished by losses; whereas the interest on the government-funds cannot be reduced without the confent of all the proprietors, who of courfe will not agree to a reduction, unless such terms are offered as they find it their interest to accept. Another reason why the price should not bear an equal proportion to that of the government-funds is, that in no public company the proprietors at large are fo well acquainted with the affairs of that company as every person that pleases may be with the state of the national finances; and therefore, even admitting the fecurity to be equal, any person would be disposed to give somewhat more for that, of which he can eafily fatisfy himself on this point, than for the other, with respect to which he must be content to remain in fome measure in the dark: the probability also of being able to realize the same principal, when he may have occasion to fell out, is certainly less, as in all trading companies there is a chance at least of a greater variation in the value of their stock than in that of the government-funds; for, though prosperous circumstances may have raised their flock confiderably above its original value, a feries of unfortunate events might very foon produce an equal or perhaps much greater fall, of which we have had striking instances in the South-Sea and India Stock.

The greatest part of the public funds consists of perpetual annuities, with regard to the redemption of which parliament has referved a power: the other parts confift of annuities for a certain number of years, and life-annuities. The perpetual annuities are distinguished according to the rate of interest they pay or the time and purpose of their creation; and when government, by a new loan, contracts an additional debt, bearing a certain fixed interest, it is usual to add the capital thus created to the amount of that part of the public debt which bears the same interest and name, and to add the produce of the taxes, levied for the payment of the interest of such new debt, to the fund provided for paying the interest of the former capital, thus confolidating the old and new debts and making the whole interest payable out of the general produce of the fame fund: hence we have 3 and 4 per Cent. Consolidated Annuities, &c. the particular account of which will be found under their respective titles in the following work.

Some persons having formerly, and at different times, strongly recommended the legislature to make the public funds liable to a land-tax; it may be proper to observe, that this is a project which never can be carried into execution without the confent of the stockholders, as all the acts of parliament by which the feveral loans have been established provide, that the respective annuities payable on them " shall be free from all taxes, charges, " and impositions whatsoever."

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The Funds transferrable at the Bank of England are at present the following, viz.

	Transfer-Days.	Dividends due.
5 per Cent. Navy Ann	. Mon. Wed. & Fr.	Jan. 5
3 per Cent. Confols	Tu.W.Th.&Fr.	and
3 per Cent. 1726	Tuef. & Thurf.	July 5.
Bank Stock	Tues. Th. & Fr.)
4 per Cent. Confols	Tuef. Th. & Sat.	April 5
3 per Cent. Reduced		
Long-Annuities		
Short-Annuities		
3 per Cent. Imperial Ann.		
Imperial Ann. 25 years	Tues. Th. & Sat.	Nov. 1.
Transferrable at the	South-Sea House.	titis (entyr) protestala
	N. 6 XX7 1 0 TO	1 1 1 1 C

South-Sea Stock Mon Wed. & Fr. 7 April 5 7 3 per Cent. New S.S. Ann. Tuef. Th. & Sat. 2 and sagril 3 per Cent. 1751 Tues. & Thurs. J Oct. 70. 3 per Cent. Old S. S. Ann. Mon. Wed. & Fr. \{ \int_{\text{July 5.}} 10 Oct.

Transferrable at the India-House. India Stock Tuef. Th. & Sat. { Jan. 5 & July 5.

Bill and Bond Securities.

Ordnance-Debentures. Exchequer-Bills. India Bonds. Navy-Bills.

Victualling-Bills.

Comman

A transfer of Bank Stock, if under £25, costs 9 s.; if above, 12 s.

The necessary rules for transacting business at the Bank,

India-House, &c. are inserted in the respective offices of

of India Stock, if under £10, costs 10s.;

of South-Sea Stock, if under £100, costs

11s. 9d.; if above, 14s. 3d.

Extra-transfers made at the Bank, India-House, and Royal-Exchange Assurance, cost 2s. 6d. additionally. At the South-Sea House, 3s. 6d. additionally.

A letter of attorney costs 8 s. 6 d. The register of a will costs 2 s. 6 d.

business.

Dividends

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Dividends on Bank Stock, South-Sea Stock, and India Stock, after acceptance, are payable to a written order; those, however, on India Stock, must be on stamps. The dividends on Bank Stock are payable when due; but the dividends on the stock of other companies, and on the government-funds, are not payable till feveral days after. The space between the shutting and opening of any stock is about six weeks. At the time of shutting, the dividends due are carried to a separate account, and cannot be transferred with the stock of a proprietor, being payable only to him or his attorney.* Extra-transfers may be made between the times of shutting and opening any stock. All letters of attorney to sell or accept stock, or to receive dividends, should be taken out at the respective offices, in which case the description must accord with that in the Bank books. Letters to fell must be deposited in the proper office prior to sale; as must also probates of wills, till registered. Acting personally, after granting a letter of attorney, revokes the power of the letter. Any one trustee, after the acceptance of the whole trust, may receive dividends. From the circumstance of the Bank being a chartered body, property in the funds cannot be attached; relief however may, in certain cases, be obtained, by application to the Court of Chancery.

A provision may be vested in the funds, independent of will or any other deed, for the benefit of a widow, children, or others, by joining the parties names with the stockholder, in a particular account of stock; which, on the proof of the decease of either, becomes the property of the survivors or survivor.

* Notwithstanding which, the current prices of the stocks often include the dividend due for a considerable time.

Dividends

Dividends at the India House are payable from nine till two o'clock, except on Saturdays, when the hours are from nine till twelve o'clock.

Dividends at the South-Sea House are payable from nine till twelve o'clock.

The brokerage on the Government Perpetual Annuities is 2 s. 6 d. per cent.; on the Terminable Annuities, 2 s. 6 d. per cent. on the sum laid out; on India Bonds, 1 s. each.

On the fale of Victualling-Bills, the discount is deducted from the amount, and the interest due thereon added. The brokerage is 2s.6d, per cent. on the amount expressed in the bills. Navy, Ordnance, and other bills, under £20, are transferrable by a stamped receipt; all above, by letter of attorney, and bill of sale, stamped.

(xv)

THE

HOLIDAYS

AT THE

Bank, Stock-Exchange, &c.

ARE,

January 1, 6, 18, 25, and 30.
February 2 and 24.
March 25.
April 25.
May 1, 18, and 29.
June 4, 11, 24, and 29.
July 25.
August 12 and 24.
September 2, 21, 22, and 29.
October 18, 25, 26, and 28.
November 1, 4, 5, 9, and 30.
December 21, 25, 26, 27, and 28.

MOVEABLE HOLIDAYS.

Ash-Wednesday, Good-Friday, Easter-Monday, Easter-Tuesday, Holy-Thursday, Whit-Monday, and Whit-Tuesday.



ERRATA.

P. 16, 1. 8, for 6th of September, 1769, when it was at 1685, read 14th of February, 1792, when it was at 219.

P. 27, 1. 11, for divisable, read devisable.

P. 37, 1. 24, for at which it now remains, read which has been since increased to 10½ per cent.

P. 41, 1. 8, for £ 500,000, read £ 1,000,000.

An Account of the Public Funds, from the Times of their first Greation to the Year 1795 inclusive.

Five per Cent. Navy-Annuities.

of the others, as it did not exist prior to the year 1784. It has been formed by converting Navy, Victualling, and Transport Bills, and Ordnance-Debentures, into 5 per Cent. Annuities; by adding the interest due upon these bills to the principal, and allowing the proprietors a proportionate share of stock in lieu thereof, at a certain rate per cent. according to the discount upon the bills at the time of funding them.

The total amount of the bills that have been cancelled by this means is £20,056,889: 10:2, and they have been converted into flock at the following periods, viz.

24 Geo. III. c. 39, Navy and Victualling Bills made out between 1st of June, 1781, and 30th of June, 1782, with interest due thereon to 5 July, 1784, and Ordnance-Debentures of the same period, with interest at 4 per cent. from the expiration of 15 months after their dates; funded

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in July, 1784, at £, 107:10:6 per cent. — £ 6,879,341:19:6 25 Geo. III. c. 32, Navy, Victualling, and Transport Bills, made out between I July, 1782, and 30 June, 1783, with interest to 5 July, 1785; and bills made out between 30 June, 1783, and 1 Jan. 1785, after deducting five shillings percent. for every month between I July, 1783, and the day on which the bill was made out; also Ordnance-Debentures, dated before 31 Dec. 1783, with interest at 4 per cent. after the expiration of 15 months from their dates; funded in July, 1785, at f 111:8:0 per cent. -f, 10,990,651:10:4 34 Geo. III. c. 21, Navy and Victualling Bills, made out between Michaelmas, 1791, and 31 March, 1793, with interest to I March, 1794, funded in April, 1794, at f 101 per cent. the interest on flock commencing from 5 Jan. £ 1,949,329: 14: 7 35 Geo. III. c. 32, Navy and Victualling Bills, made out previous to 30 Sept. 1793, with interest to 10 March, 1795, funded in May, 1795, at £ 108 per cent. the interest on stock commencing from 5 January f, 2,012,059:12:2

- f.21,831,382:16:7

Capital of the 5 per Cent. Anns.

Midsummer, 1795 —

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This stock is irredeemable till twenty-five millions either of the Three or Four per Cents. are paid off; and it is generally understood to be on this account, that the commissioners for liquidating the debt have hitherto made all their purchases in the Three per Cents. From this circumstance, and from the buyers of this stock not being so numerous as of the Three or Four per Cent. Consols, it always bears a less price, when compared with them, than it ought to do in proportion to the interest payable thereon.

Four per Cent. Consolidated Annuities.

In 1760, £, 8,240,000 was borrowed on Annuities and a Lottery, carrying Four per Cent. interest for 21 years, from 5 Jan. 1760, and afterwards Three per Cent.; and, in 1762, Twelve Millions were borrowed on Four per Cent. Annuities, with a douceur of £ 1 per cent. Long Annuity; the interest of Four per Cent. to continue for 19 years from 5 Jan. 1762, and then to become Three per Cent. Of these sums, making together £ 20,240,000, the proprietors were in 1770 allowed to subscribe a part into the Three per Cent. Confols, on certain conditions fpecified in an act of 10 Geo. III.; and in 1781, when the term for which this stock carried Four per Cent. interest expired, the remaining capital was added to that of the Three per Cent. Reduced Annuities. — The fum of £ 3,500,000 was likewise borrowed in 1763 on Four per Cent. Annuities and two Lotteries of 35,000 tickets each, but this capital was discharged in 1768 and 1769, in four equal payments of £, 875,000 each. The present capital

B 2

of

(4)

of Four per Cents. has been created at the following periods, viz. Loan of the year 1777, with an annuity of 10s. for 10 years, and a Lottery-Ticket £ 5,000,000 at £ 10 for every £ 100 -Loan of the year 1780, with £ 1:16:3 Long Annuity for each £ 100, and four Lottery-Tickets at £10 for every £1000 £12,000,000 3,000,000 Part of the loan in 1781 6,750,000 Ditto 3,000,000 Ditto 3,000,000 Ditto 2,750,000 Ditto 6,000,000 Ditto Capital of 4 per Cent. Consols, Midsum-£41,500,000 mer, 1795

Three per Cent. Reduced Annuities.

This stock consists of various sums that have been borrowed at a higher rate of interest, and which has been since reduced to 3 per Cent. on different conditions recited in the several acts of parliament, by which they have been converted into this joint stock, viz.

Loan of the year 1746, on 4 per Cent.

Annuities, and Lottery of 50,000 tickets at £10 each, and 4 per Cent. interest, with a Life-Annuity of £9 per annum for every 10 tickets — Carried over, £3,000,000: 0: 0

Loan

(5)

()	,	1
Brought over, &	3,000,000:	0: 0
Loan of the year 1747, on 4 per		
Cent. Annuities, with a premium		
of £ 10 per cent. added to the	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	
capital — —	4,400,000:	0:0
Loan on the Lottery of 1747, at		
£ 10 per ticket, and 4 per cent.		Carlot Santa
interest — —	1,000,000:	0:0
Loan of the year 1748, on 4 per		
Cent. Annuities, with a premium		
of £ 10 per cent. added to the		
capital — — —	6,930,000 :	0:0
Navy, Victualling, and Transport		
Bills, and Ordnance-Debentures,	• • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
funded in 1749, at 4 per cent.	3,072,472:	0:10
	18,402,472:	
	10,402,4/2.	0.10
By an act of 23 Geo. II. the interest		
on this fum was reduced from 25		
December, 1750, to $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.		
till 25 December, 1757, and from		
thence 3 per cent. The proprie-		
tors that would not confent to		
this reduction were paid off in	830,898	. 1 . 6
1751, their shares amounting to	-	
	£ 17,571,573	: 16: 4
Exchequer tallies and orders created		
by 6 Geo. I. c. 11, subscribed into		
this stock in 1751 —	129,750	: 0: 0
Navy, Victualling, and Transpor	t	
Bills, made out previous to 30		
June, 1764, funded in 1765	1,482,000	: 0: 0
Capital in 1766	£ 10.182.222	. 16 . 1
Capital III 1700	た 1911050323	Paid
		1 1111

£19,183,323:16:4

Paid off in 1772, at 90 per cent. with four tickets at f_{12} : 10 for every £,100 -£ 318,300 Ditto, 1774, at 88 per cent. with fix tickets at £ 12: 10 for every f.100 -264,950 Ditto, 1775, at 88 per cent. with fix tickets at f_{12} : 10 for every

829,550: 0: 0 Capital in 1776 - £18,353,773:16: 4

Loans of 1760 and 1762, the original amount being $f_20,240,000$, which carried 4 per cent. interest till 5 Jan. 1781; a part was subfcribed into the 3 per Cent. Confols, agreeable to 10 Geo. III. and the remainder was confolidated with this flock by 21 Geo. III. 18,986,300; 0; 9 3 per Cent. East-India Annuities, amounting to f, 2,992,440: 5, with the refidue of the debt of the public to the company, being £, 1,207,559: 15, confolidated

with this stock Aug. 31, 1793

4,200,000: 0: 0

Capital of 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities, Midsummer, 1795 £41,540,073:16: 4

Three

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Three per Cent. Confolidated Annuities.

This stock, the capital of which is much the largest of the public funds, is diffinguished from the Reduced Annuities, by having never carried a higher interest than it now bears, and by the dividends becoming due at different times from those of the Reduced. It obtained its prefent title from the confolidating-act passed in 1751, by which feveral loans of former years were converted into one joint capital.

As the buyers and fellers of this flock are much more numerous than of any other, it is more immediately affected by those events that raise or depress the price of the funds, and as the variation is generally in a greater proportion in this, than in any other of the government funds, it is the most adapted to the schemes of speculators in the funds.

Remaining in 1727 of 3 per Cent. Annuities, granted by 8 Geo. I. c. 20, in lieu of Nevis and St. Christopher's Debentures, amounting to f_{1} , 99,361: 16:0, with f, 41,731: 19: 1\frac{1}{4} interest in arrear thereon, making a capital of $f_{141,093}$: 15: $1\frac{1}{4}$, of which f. 103,272: 10 was difcharged by 13 Geo. I. Subscribed into this stock in 1751 -Loan of the year 1731

£ 37,821:5:14 800,000:0:0

Carried over, £ 837,821:5:14

3 per

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Brought over, £, 837,821:5:13
3 per Cent. Exchequer-Annuities,
  granted by 9 Geo. II. subscribed
                                     600,000:0:0
  into this stock in 1751
                                     300,000:0:0
Ditto, granted by 11 Geo. II.
                                     800,000:0:0
Loan of the year 1742
                                    1,800,000:0:0
Ditto
                1743
                                   1,800,000:0:0
Ditto
                1744
                                   2,000,000:0:0
                1745
Ditto
                                    1,000,000:0:0
                1750
Ditto
Consolidated into one joint stock
                                    9,137,821:5:14
  25 Geo. II.
                                     900,000:0:0
Loan of the year 1755
                                     500,000:0:0
                 1756
Ditto
                                    3,000,000:0:0
Ditto
                 1757
                                     500,000:0:0
                 1758
Ditto
                                    7,590,000:0:0
Ditto
                 1759
                                   12,000,000:0:0
Ditto
                 1761
                                    1,500,000:0:0
                 1766
Ditto
                                    1,500,000:0:0
                 1767
Ditto
                                    1,900,000:0:0
                 1768
Ditto
 4 per Cent. Consols, subscribed in-
                                    1,253,700:0:0
   to this stock in 1770
                                 \overline{f}, 39,781,521:5:1\frac{1}{5}
 Paid off in 1772, at 90 per
   cent. with four tickets at
   f.12:10 for every £ 100 £732,975
 Ditto, 1774, at 88 per cent.
   with fix tickets at f. 12:10
   for every £100
                          372,350
 Ditto, 1775, at ditto —
                                    1,529,825:0:0
                    Carried over, £ 38,251,696:5:1\frac{1}{4}
                                                Loan
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(9)

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Brought over, f_{38,251,696}: 5: \mathbf{1}^{\pm}
Loan of the year 1776
                                  2,150,000:0:0
Ditto
                 1778
                                  6,000,000:0:0
Ditto
                 1779
                                  7,000,000:0:0
Ditto
                1781
                                 18,000,000: 0: 0
Ditto
                1782
                                 13,500,000:0:0
Loan of the year 1758, at 3\frac{1}{2} per
  cent. for twenty-four years, and
   afterwards 3 per cent. consoli-
   dated with this stock the 5th of
   July, 1782, by 22 Geo. III.
  c. 34
                                 4,500,000:0:0
Loan of the year 1783
                                 12,000,000:0:0
Ditto
         1784, originally
  £6,000,000, but a subscriber ha-
  ving forfeited his subscription of
  £2000 reduced it to
                                 5,998,000:0:0
Loan of the year 1793
                                 6,250,000:0:0
Ditto
                1794
                                 11,000,000:0:0
                1795
                                 18,000,000 : 0 : 0
Capital of 3 per Cent. Confols, { 1, 142,649,696 : 5 : 14
  Midsummer, 1795,
```

Three per Cent. Annuities, 1726.

The amount of this flock is £1,000,000, borrowed on Lottery, for discharging £990,000 of Exchequer-Bills issued by 8 Geo. I. for paying the arrears of the Civil List. The interest is charged upon the deductions of 6-d. per pound on the Civil-List revenues, salaries, and penficus

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fions, the produce of which is about £45,000 per annum. The capital is irredeemable; and, being small in comparison with the other public funds, and a stock in which little is done on speculation, the price is generally at least 1 per cent lower than the 3 per Cent. Consols.

Bank Long Annuities.

These Annuities have been created at different periods and for different terms, but all extending to the 5th of January, 1860, when they will expire together. They have been given as douceurs to the subscribers of the loans, at the after-mentioned periods, at a certain rate per cent. and were payable in January and July, till the year 1786, when Government thought proper to alter the times of payment. In order to effect this, a quarter's payment was made on the 10th of October; and it was directed, that from that time the payments should be made in April and October, till the quarter-day preceding the time when the annuities expire, and the quarter's annuity, for the remaining time, to be paid on the quarter-day on which it becomes due.

Particulars

Particulars of the Bank Long Annuities.

		. (II	`.)				
0	0	0.	0 :	0:0	 4	-	3:4	0	8:1
120,000:	217,500:	118,125:	80,000 :	16,500:	224.251 : 18		62,791 : 1	85,500:	(853,018: 1
1762,	1780,	1782,	1783,	1784,	nnuities of	i	in 1794,	1795	1
,000,000,	,000,000;	3,500,000,	,000,000,	,000,000,	Tontine A	06/1 ni	1,000,000,1	8,000,000,8	1
T					eing part of the	Long Annuities	er cent. on £1		ount of the Long Annuities, Midfummer, 1795 - 7853,018: 11:8
0:0:	: 16:3	9:11:	: 13:4	5:6	.: 5:0 b	changed for I	: II: 5 P	9:6:0	Annuities.
					•	1789, exc	rears, of £c	ears, c	f the Long
98 y	80 y	78 y	77 y	75½ y	69½ 3		66± y	65± 3	Amount o
Ditto,	Ditto,	Ditto,	Ditto,	Ditto,	Ditto,		Ditto,	Ditto,	
	98 years, I: 0: 0 1762,	98 years, I: 0: 0 12,000,000, 1762, 80 years, I: 16: 3 12,000,000, 1780,	98 years, I: 0: 0 I2,000,000, 1762, I 80 years, I: 16: 3 I2,000,000, 1780, 2 78 years, 0: 17: 6 I3,500,000, 1782, I	98 years, I: 0: 0 80 years, I: 16: 3 78 years, 0: 17: 6 77 years, 0: 13: 4 77 years, 0: 13: 4 77 years, 0: 13: 4	98 years, 80 years, 78 years, 77 years, 75½ years,	98 years, 80 years, 78 years, 77 years, 75½ years, 69½ years,	I: 0: 0 I: 16: 3 0: 17: 6 0: 17: 6 0: 13: 4 0: 5: 6 0: 6,000,000, 1783, 0: 5: 6 0: 6,000,000, 1784, 4: 5: 0 being part of the Tontine Annuities of 9, exchanged for Long Annuities in 1790	98 years, 80 years, 78 years, 77 years, 69½ years, 1789, e ²	98 years, 80 years, 78 years, 77 years, 75½ years, 69¼ years, 1789, e ² 66¼ years, of £

Bank

Bank Short Annuities.

In 1777, an annuity for ten years was granted to the fubscribers of five millions 4 per Cents. at the rate of ten shillings annuity for every £100. This expired the 5th of April, 1787, since which time it is carried to the account of the commissioners for liquidating the debt. The Short Annuities, now existing, are the following, viz.

1778. The fubscribers of fix millions, 3 per Cents. were entitled to an annuity of f_{2} : 10, for thirty years, for every £ 100, or a Life-Annuity; the former was generally preferred, as the Life-Annuities amounted to only $f_{2,849}$: 13, the Short Annuities to 1779. The subscribers of seven millions, 3 per Cents. were entitled to an annuity of $f_{.3}$: 15, for twenty-nine years, for every £ 100, or a Life-Annuity. The latter amounted to f, 5, 318: 18: 7, 257,181: 1:5 the former to

Carried over, £404,331: 8:5

(13)

Brought over, £404,331: 8:5

1789. The subscribers of £187,000,
raised for replacing the like
fum, which had been issued
out of the Civil-List Revenue as a loan to the Prince
of Orange, were, for each
£100, entitled to an annuity
of £7:9:9 for 18\frac{3}{4} years,
from the 5th of April, which
annuities were made one
joint stock with the above
annuities granted in 1778
and 1779 — 14,001: 12:6

Amount of the Short Annuities, \ \(\) \(

The annuities of 1778 and 1779 were originally payable in January and July; but by 26 Geo. III. c. 34, the time of payment of these, as well as the Long Annuities, was changed to the 5th of April and the 10th of October.

Bank-Stock.

The Charter of the Bank of England was executed July 27, 1694; and, by the act by which they were incorporated, they were empowered to receive subscriptions for £1,200,000; on which sum Government paid them

In 1700 they advanced to Government £400,000 without any additional interest, by which means their capital was increased to f.1,600,000, and the interest allowed became equal to 6 per cent. upon the whole. The conditions of the act of 1700 were in part repealed by 12 Anne, by which it was provided, that, upon twelve months notice after the 1st of August, 1742, and re-payment of the sums due from Government to the Company, with all arrears of interest thereon, the corporation should cease and determine. In 1742 they advanced to Government a farther fum of 1,600,000 towards the supply for that year, without receiving any additional allowance for interest or management: and, by the act for establn. his agreement, it was declared, that the acts of 7 and 12 of Anne, and all other acts for determining the corporation, should be void; and that the Governor and Company of the Bank should remain a body corporate and politic for ever, subject to such restrictions and regulations as were contained in the acts and charters then in force. The capital was thus augmented to $f_{3,200,000}$, the interest on which was reduced to 3 per cent. from the 1st of August, 1743. This sum has been since called the original fund of the Company, but their prefent capital includes likewise the several sums raised at the following periods, viz. - For cancelling Exchequer-Bills, agreeably to 3 Geo. I. c. 8, £ 500,000: the original amount of the bills delivered up was $f_{2,000,000}$, but half a million was paid off in 1729, and a million in 1738; the interest, originally 5 per cent, was reduced, at Midsummer, 1727, to 4 per cent.; in 1749, to $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. till the 25th of December, 1757; and from that time to 3 per cent. —

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New Stock, amounting to £3,389,831, fold, in 1722, at 118 per cent. for the purpose of purchasing £4,000,000 of the South-Sea-Company's Stock. The South-Sea Stock thus purchased bore originally 6 per cent. interest, but it had been reduced, in 1717, to 5 per cent. and, in 1727, it was farther reduced to 4 per cent. and finally; in 1749, to 3 per cent.—Lent to Government, in 1728, agreeable to 1 Geo. II. stat. 2, c. 8, £1,750,000. —In 1729, agreeable to 2 Geo. II. c. 3, £1,250,000. —In 1746, £986,800. — These three loans were advanced to Government at 4 per cent.; but, by 23 Geo. II. 1749, they were reduced to $3\frac{1}{2}$ till the 25th of December, 1757, and from thence 3 per cent. These sums, with the former, make the total of the Bank capital as follows, viz.

Original fund f, 3, 200, 000For cancelling Exchequer-Bills -500,000 Purchased of the South-Sea Company 4,000,000 Lent to Government in 1728 1,750,000 Ditto, 1729 1,250,000 Ditto, 1746 986,800 Bank capital, 1795 £11,686,800

But although the Bank receive interest from Government on the above sum, the stock on which they make their dividend is only £10.780.000: the interest is also received from Government quarterly, but the dividend paid half-yearly. The profits of the Company arise from dealing in bullion and discounting bills; from the use of unclaimed dividends, and the very extensive circulation of their notes; likewise from the sums allowed by Government for receiving the subscriptions to loans, and for circulating Exchequer-Bills. The allowance for management of the

Government-

Government-Funds was formerly £560 per million, but was reduced, in 1786, to £450, which amounts at prefent to £,704,643: 18: 0 per annum, exclusive of £5,898: 3: 5 per annum on their own capital, and of the allowance for management of the Imperial and Irish Annuities.

The dividend on Bank-Stock is at present 7 per cent. The highest price at which it has ever fold was on the 6th of September, 1769, when it was at 1685; and the lowest on the 1st of February, 1781, when it fold for 1063.

Three per Cent. Imperial Annuities.

The capital of this stock, which is £3,833,333:6:8, was created by a loan of £4,600,000, raifed in this country for the Emperor of Germany, on the credit of the revenues of his hereditary dominions, pursuant to a convention figned May 4, 1795. The terms of the loan, which was originally intended to have been fix millions, were, that, for every £100 contributed, the subscribers should be entitled to £83:6:8 Three per Cent. stock, and to an annuity of £5 for twenty-five years. The dividends, both on the 3 per Cent. stock and annuities, become due the 1st of May and the 1st of November, and the regular payment of the same at the Bank of England is guaranteed by Parliament in the following manner: The bankers or agents of the Emperor are to advance, to the cashier of the Bank, the sums for the payment of the half-yearly dividends, previous to the days on which they become due; and, in case of their default,

(i7)

the Bank are to certify the same to the Lords of the Treasury, who are empowered to issue the sum necessary to make good the deficiency from the produce of the Confolidated Fund: fo that the collateral fecurity for the payment of the dividends on this stock, being the same on which the Government-funds depend, there feems to be little reason for any considerable difference in their value, except from the circumstance, that, in case of default on the part of the Emperor, the payments are not to be made good by the Government of this country till the 5th of July and the 5th of January, from which condition there is a possibility of a delay of more than two months, and a consequent loss of interest on the dividends for that time.

This flock is redeemable at par, and is transferrable at the Bank in the same manner as the Government funds; and, like them, is exempted from any charge of stamp-duties on the transfers or receipts for divi-

Imperial Terminable Annuities.

These annuities, which made part of the Loan to the Emperor, as mentioned in the preceding article, amount to £230,000 per annum, and are granted for the certain term of twenty-five years, commencing from the 1st of May, 1794. They are payable half-yearly at the Bank of England, subject to the same condition as the dividends on the 3 per Cent. Imperial Annuities.

The first decelor best for howered the same with 18 s.

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Five per Cent. Irish Annuities.

The 5 per Cent. Irish Stock, which was made transferrable at the Bank of England, by an act of the last fession of Parliament, consists of part of the capital created by two loans for the use of the Government of Ireland, in the years 1794 and 1795. The fum borrowed in the former year was £1,029,650, bearing 5 per cent. interest, and the subscribers were entitled to an annuity of 20s. per cent. for fifteen years. The loan of the present year was £1,591,666: 13:4, bearing the same interest, and also attended with a fifteen years annuity of £1: 1: 11 per cent. The dividends on such part of the above fums, as the fubscribers, at the time of making their payment, declared their intention of receiving in London, are payable half-yearly at the Bank; the company being authorifed to receive the money, for the payment of the fame, from the Exchequer of Ireland. The principal of each loan is redeemable at par, in one payment. The dividends are not guaranteed by this country, but rest upon the security of the revenues of Ireland.

Irish Terminable Annuities.

The annuities for fifteen years from 25th March, 1794, which were given as a douceur on the loan of that year, amounted to £10,296: 10 per annum, of which £9,100

per annum was made receivable at the Bank of England. Annuities for fifteen years from the 25th of March, 1795, were also granted on the loan of the present year, amounting to £17,442:0:3 per annum, a part of which are likewise receivable and transferrable at the Bank,

South-Sea Stock.

The South-Sea Company was established in the year 1711, when, in order to make provision for paying an interest of 6 per cent. on various debts and deficiencies, sundry duties, continued by 8 Anne, c. 13, were made perpetual, and the proprietors were incorporated for the pretended purpose of establishing a trade to the South Seas and the N. W. coast of America. Their capital was at first £9,177,967: 15:4, with £8000 per annum for management; but in 1715 it was increased to ten millions, by the addition of £822,032:4:8, confifting principally of interest payable on the former sum. The interest on this increased capital continued 6 per cent. till Midsummer, 1718, when, in pursuance of an act of the preceding year, it became 5 per cent. In 1719, in consequence of an advance to Government, and the proprietors of Lottery-Annuities, granted in 1710 for thirtytwo years, accepting South-Sea Stock in lieu thereof, and of the arrears thereon, the capital of the company was increased to £11,746,844:8:10, with an additional allowance of £1397:9:6 per annum for management. At this period the scheme was projected of reducing all the public funds into one; for effecting which an act was

2

passed

passed the 7th of April, 1720, authorising the South-Sea Company to take in, either by subscription or purchase, the irredeemable debts of the nation, confifting of £666,821:8: $3\frac{1}{2}$ per annum. Long Annuities for eighty-nine, ninety-fix, and ninety-nine years, and £127,260:6:1 per annum. Lottery-Annuities for thirty-two years: likewise the redeemable debts, amounting to £11,779,660:11: 334, bearing 5 per cent. interest, and £4,776,821:15: $9\frac{1}{2}$, bearing 4 per cent. at fuch rates and prices as should be agreed upon between the company and the respective proprietors; and, for this purpose, they were empowered to raise money, either by calls upon their members, by annuities, bonds, or bills, or by opening subscriptions to new stock; and they were to have an addition to their capital of twenty years purchase for the Long Annuities, sourteen years purchase for the Lottery-Annuities, and cent. per cent. for the perpetual redeemable annuities.

The extravagant advantages held out to the public as the probable refult of this agreement with Government, and the intended trade to the South Seas, excited such a general infatuation, that shares of the company's stock were soon fold at double the sum that had been paid in upon it, and in the course of a short time reached the enormous price of a thousand per cent. The rapidity of its fall, however, exceeded that by which it rose; for, before the end of the year, the difference of price was more than 800 per cent. in the course of only three weeks.

By the agreement which laid the foundation of this memorable bubble, the capital of the company was increased upwards of twenty-six millions: had the plan completely succeeded, it would have amounted to £43,411,399:6:114, but by subsequent regulations is (21)

became £37,802,203: 5: $6\frac{1}{2}$. In 1722, four millions of South-Sea stock were purchased by the Bank, and in the following year the remainder was divided into two equal parts of £16,901,101:12: $9^{\frac{1}{4}}$ each, one of which was to be called the trading - capital of the company, and the other to be distinguished, for the future, by the title of "The joint Stock of South-Sea Annuities;" fince called Old S. S. Annuities. By the flatute 6 Geo. II. c. 28, it was enacted, That from the 24th June, 1733, the trading-capital, which had been reduced by payments in 1727, 1729, and 1732, to £14,651,137:14, should be divided into four parts; three of which, or £10,988,353:5:6, were to be called New South-Sea Annuities, and only the remaining fourth part, or £3,662,784:8:6, was from that time to be the company's stock, the amount of which has continued the same ever since. The total amount of South-Sea

flock and annuities, all carrying 4 per cent. when the reduction of interest was propofed in 1749, was -Paid off in 1751, being the fhare of fuch proprietors as would not consent to the re-2,276,893: 11:7 duction of interest £25,025,309: 13: $11\frac{1}{2}$ Paid off in 1772, £370,575 1774, 303,800 Ditto 285,850 Ditto 1775 960,225: 0: 0

Prefent amount of S. S. stock $\{ £24,065,084 : 13 : 11\frac{1}{2} \}$ and annuities

The

The interest on South-Sea Stock was reduced the 25th December, 1757, from 4 to 3 per cent. which is the interest now received from Government, but the dividend to the proprietors is $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The variation in the price of this stock, since it has been at the present interest, has been nearly 50 per cent.

Old South-Sea Annuities.

The capital of the annuities, which are now diffinguished by the name of Old South-Sea Annuities, amounted, in 1723, to £16,901,101: 12: $9\frac{1}{4}$, and carried 5 per cent. interest till the 24th June, 1727, thence 4 per cent. which was afterwards reduced to $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. till the 25th December, 1757. The original capital has been diminished by £3,250,000 paid off between the years 1727 and 1738, and subsequent redemptions, to £11,907,470: 2: 7, which is the present amount, bearing 3 per cent. interest.

New South-Sea Annuities.

The portion of the South-Sea Company's capital, which the act 6 Geo. II. c. 28, directed to be diffinguished by the title of the "New joint Stock of South-" Sea Annuities," amounted to £10,988,353:5:6, carrying 4 per cent. interest, which was reduced, by 23

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Geo. II. c. 1, to $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. till the 25th December, 1757, and thence 3 per cent. One million of these annuities was paid off in 1736, pursuant to 9 Geo. II. c. 34, and a farther sum in 1751, being the amount unsubscribed on the act for reducing the interest, which, with £463,425 paid off in 1772, 1774, and 1775, has reduced the capital to £8,494,830: 2: 10, its present amount.

Three per Cents. 1751.

This flock, which, with the three preceding, is transferrable at the South-Sea-House, originally amounted to £2,100,000, and was borrowed, by 24 Geo. II. towards paying off those proprietors of South-Sea annuities, who had not, on the 30th May, 1750, signified their consent to the reduction of interest proposed in 1749. It has been reduced to its present amount by the redemption of £180,400 at the following periods, viz.

Original capital — £2,100,000

1772. Paid off on the conditions
fpecified in the act 12

Geo. III. c. 63 — £78,150

1774. Paid off on the conditions
fpecified in the act 14

Geo. III. c. 76 — 58,900

1775. Paid off on the conditions
fpecified in the act 15

Geo. III. c. 41 — 43,350

180,400

Capital of 3 per Cents. 1751, Mids. 1795, £1,919,600

The

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The allowance to the Company for management of this stock is at the rate of £562: 10 per million, which amounted to £1,079: 15:6 per annum, but is now somewhat less, on account of near half a million purchased by the Commissioners for liquidating the debt.

Exchequer-Annuities.

The sums, necessary for defraying the expences of the war during the reign of Queen Anne, were usually raisfed by annuities for a certain term of years; and, as they were frequently charged on duties already appropriated for a limited time, the sum to be subscribed was generally greater than was required towards the supplies, and the excess formed a part of the fund for payment of the annuities. The original amount of the sollowing annuities was £,444,354: 14:6 per annum, but the greater part was subscribed into the South-Sea Company's stock in 1720.

2 Anne,

0:0 £30,435:6:8	23.254:11:6) 0:01:924	0 +710 : 10 : 0	Carried over, £66,176: 18: 2	6 Annes.
£456,530:	360,445 : 18 : 9 y	3 124,424 : 0 : 0 y	5 75,368 : 0 : 0	Carried ove,	
2 Anne, c. 3. Subscribers to £r,018,867:18:6 to have for every £150 an annuity of £10 for ninety-nine years, from 25 March, 1704, charged upon the sum of £3,700 hereditary excise, paid into the Exchequer weekly. These annuities expire 5 April, 1803 ————————————————————————————————————	for every £155 an annuity of £10 for ninety-nine years from 25 March, 1706. Expire 5 April, 1805— Anne, c. 19. Subscribers to £1,155,000 to have for every 6160, an annuity of £10 for ninety-nine years from 25	Expire 5 April, 1806 — — — Subfcribers to £540,000 to have for every	£160 an annuity of £10 for ninety-nine years from 25 March, 1708. Expire 5 April, 1807		
2 Anne, c. 3. Subsevery £150 an 25 March, 1704 tary excife, paid ties expire 5 Al	for every £155 from 25 March 5 Anne, c. 19.	March, 1707. 6 Anne, c. 5.			

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The annuities of 1706 are charged upon an addition of 9 d. per barrel excise, and an addition of one-third of the subside of tonnage established by 9 Will. III. c. 13. Those of 1707 upon the duty on hawkers and pedlars, and stamp-duties on vellum, parchment, and paper. Those of the 1st act, 1708, upon the surplus of duties granted for the payment of the annuities of the two preceding years; and those of the 2d act, 1708, upon a farther additional half subside of tonnage. They are all payable quarterly; and, like the other government-annuities, are free from all taxes, and divisable and assignable.

The following Exchequer-Annuities, being now expired, are placed to the account of the commissioners for the reduction of the national debt.

Annuities granted by the acts of 4 and 5 of Will. and Mary for ninety-nine years, and charged upon the 9d. per barrel excise; which expired 5 Feb.

1792 — — £49,715: 2:6

Annuities granted by the acts of 5 and
6 of Will. and Mary for ninety-fix
years; which expired 10 Oct. 1790, 6,515: 12:0

Deduction for management, £56,230: 14:6
1,350: 0:0

£54,880: 14:6

Life-Annuities.

In the year 1694, Government granted annuities at the rate of £14 per cent. which is but little more than feven years purchase, for the life of the subscriber, or any other life that he chose to nominate: also on two lives at 12 per cent. and on three lives at 10 per cent. In 1704, likewise, annuities were granted, at nine years purchase for one life, eleven years purchase for two lives, and twelve years purchase for three lives. The disadvantageous terms on which Government obtained the money thus raifed may be eafily feen, by observing that, taking lives in general, and interest at 6 per cent. which was then the legal interest, all ages under fifty are worth confiderably more than nine years purchase, and it may be presumed that sew of the subscribers would nominate lives above that age. Young lives, of about eight or ten years of age, were worth upwards of thirteen years purchase; so that any person might nominate three of the best lives he could find for less than the real value of a fingle life taken promiscuously from the common mass. The annuities, thus granted, amounted originally to £22,633: 11:4, of which those still existing on the 5th . January, 1793, amounted to £8,195: 12.

	• • * 72		(29)		
loans at the fol-	Reduced by deaths, Jan. 5, 1791.	£11,521 : 5 : 0	20,450: 10: 0	22,195 : 5 : 0	2,763: 0:0	£56,930: 0:0
The annuities on fingle lives, now existing, have been given as douceurs on loans at the fol-	Original annuity granted.	1745. Subscribers for ten tickets of the lottery to have an annuity of £4:10 for their own life, or that of £22,500:0:0 £11,521:5:0	1746. Subscribers for ten tickets of the lottery to that of a annuity of £9 for their own life, or that of a 45,000: 0:0 20,450: 10:0 & nominee	a nominee 23 per Cent. Annulues to may an annuity of £1:2:6 for their own life, or that of 33,750:0:0	1778. Subscribers of £100 3 per Cent. Annuties to have an annuity of £2:10 for thirty years, or for life: the latter amounted to	Carried over,

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Tontine Annuities.

The first attempt in this country to raise money for the use of government by a Tontine was in the year 1692. The sum to be raised was a Million, in shares of 100 each, for which the subscribers were to nominate lives. The annuity was f. 10 for the first seven years. and after that time f_{1} , to be increased by the annuities which might fall in by deaths; the whole annual fum being equally divided among the subscribers, in proportion to the shares subscribed by each, till there should be only feven nominees living, and then upon the death of each nominee his annuity to cease. This scheme did not succeed, the fum contributed being only £108,100, which was partly owing to a condition, that, if the whole was not subscribed within a certain time, the remainder might be made up by the 14 per Cent. Annuities on fingle lives, which were generally preferred.

In 1765 a plan was formed for funding Navy and Victualling Bills, by allowing the proprietors to subfcribe them into 3 per Cent. Stock, or 3 per Cent. Life-Annuities with benefit of survivorship. The latter were divided into fix classes of £50,000 each, making in the whole £300,000, but only £18,000 was subscribed, on which the annual payment is £540.

Of the Tontine formed in the year 1789 we shall give a more particular account. The original sum proposed and subscribed for was £1,002,500, to be raised by 10,000 shares of £200:5 each; but sour shares being abandoned after the principal part of the subscription had been paid

30 5th July, 4,790: 18:7 Jan. 5, 1791. £56,930: 0: 0 £61,720: 18: half-yearly, on the 5th January 5,318:18:7 These annuities are payable at the Exchequer, half-yearly, on the 5th Ja and are charged on the duties on wines imported, glass and spirituous liquors, 1779. Subscribers of £100 3 per Cent. Annuities to have an annuity of £3:15 for twenty-nine years, or for life: Brought over, Total of Annuities on Single Lives

Reduced by deaths,

Original annuity

Tontine

upon them, the sum was reduced to £1,002,099. The subscribers were at liberty to name either their own life or that of any other person, and the whole number of shares was divided into six different classes, entitled to the solalowing annuities.

Ift class, under 20 years of age, to an

annuity of — — £4: 3:0

2d class, from 20 to 30 — — 4: 5:6

3d class, from 30 to 40 — — 4: 8:6

2th class, from 40 to 50 — — 4: 13:6

5th class, from 50 to 60 — — 5: 1:6

6th class, above 60 — — 5: 12:0

6th class, above 60 - 5:12:0 Upon the death of every nominee, the annuity falling in is to be diffributed equally among the feveral perfons interested, whose nominees are living in the respective class to which the life deceased belonged, until such time as the annuities of that class shall have increased by furvivorship to £1000 per ann. on each remaining Thare of £100:5, from which time no farther benefit is to arise from survivorship, but each annuity of £1000 to cease upon the extinction of the life entitled to the fame. The annuities are payable at the Exchequer halfyearly, at Lady-day and Michaelmas. The whole of the fubscription was to be paid by the 29th January, 1790, and a discount was allowed for prompt payments, which amounted on the whole to £1124: 3 200 11 The compenfation to the Bank for receiving the contributions and paying them into the Exchequer was £2000; and, as the first half-year's payment of the annuities was not to become due till the 5th April, 1791, the subscribers were allowed interest for their money for a year and a quarter, which became due on the 10th October, 1790, and was paid 11th March, 1791, amounting to £50,104: 19.

As the plan of this Tontine was not generally approved, the fubscribers were afterwards allowed to exchange their thares for Long-Annuities of £4:5 for 694 years; and, in order to place those persons who retained their shares of the Tontine on the same footing they would have been if the whole number had been filled up, the Commissioners of the Treasury were impowered to nominate lives for the shares exchanged, who were to be selected from the Peers of Great Britain or Ireland, Baronets, Tustices of Peace, Governors of Public Charities, &c. and to be distributed among the several classes in the same proportion as the nominees appointed by the subscribers. In consequence of this alteration, the amount of the annuities retained by the subscribers, and of those which became the property of government, was, on the 5th April, 1791, as under:

Amount of annuities on lives nominated by the subscribers

Ditto, on lives nominated on the part of government

£ 18,180: 3:11

24,681:17: 1

This probably is not the exact proportion in which the annuities are payable at present, as this must vary, according to the proportion of deaths among the public nominees, to those of the nominees of government. Some variation must also be caused by forfeitures; as such annuities as remain unclaimed for two years are divided among the survivors of the elass to which they belong.

India Stock.

Queen Elizabeth, in the year 1600, granted the first patent to a Company for trading to the East Indies, who fitted out four fhips for this new branch of trade; and, being successful in their adventure, were encouraged to continue the commerce. The stock of this company was only £72,000, in shares of £50 each. In the reign of James I. the East-India Company received a new patent, and enlarged their capital to £1,500,000; and, in 1676, Charles II. having revived and supported their charter, the shares were increased, by adding the profits to the capital, to £100 each. A New East-India Company was established, in 1698, by charter, dated the 5th September, 10 Will. III.; and, in 1702, the Old Company was united with it. The New Company, at the time of their incorporation, advanced £2,000,000 to Government, at 8 per cent. interest, payable quarterly; and, in 1708, the United Companies lent to Government a farther sum of £1,200,000 without any additional interest, by which means their capital was augmented to £3,200,000, bearing 5 per cent. interest, which was reduced, in 1730, to 4 per cent. In 1744 they lent to Government a million at 3 per cent. in confideration of the term of their charter being extended to Lady-day, 1783; after which time the Company was to cease upon three years notice being given by parliament, and repayment of the £,4,200,000, with all arrears of interest. In 1749, the interest on their capital was reduced to 3 per cent.

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On the 20th August, 1766, the Court of Directors received a notice from the Secretaries of State, that the Company's affairs would be investigated in the next seffion of parliament; in confequence of which the price of their stock fell from 230, at which it had been fold a few days before, to 206, but soon after role again; and, in the course of the next year, the dividend being increafed to 10 per cent. it got up confiderably; the averageprice of the whole year being 254. At this period an agreement was entered into for the payment of $f_{400,000}$ per annum to Government, in confideration of the territorial acquisitions and revenues in the East Indies remaining in possession of the Company; and this contribution was accordingly continued for feveral years; but, in 1773, the Company, labouring under confiderable difficulties, were unable to make the faid annual payment. and obliged to apply to parliament for relief: in confequence of which, an act was passed for advancing them £1,400,000 by way of loan; and until this fum should be repaid, the dividend to the proprietors was not to exceed 6 per cent. after which it was not to exceed 7 per cent. until their bond-debt was reduced to f.1,500,000. From these circumstances the price of the Company's stock fell considerably from the latter part of 1772 till February, 1774, when their affairs began to wear a brighter aspect. The dividend was raised to 8 per cent. from Christmas, 1777, the bond-debt being reduced to a million and a half, agreeable to the above conditions, by the 24th of June, 1778; in consequence of which an act was passed in the next session, for continuing the territories and revenues in the East-Indies in the possession of the Company for one year, from the 5th April, 1779; which, in 1780, was again continued for another year.

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At a Court of Proprietors, held the 25th June, 1781, it was agreed to offer to pay into the Exchequer £,400,000 in full discharge of all claims of the public upon the Company up to the 1st of March; and as in the preceding year notice had been given, conformable to the act of 17 Geo. II. that the £4,200,000 and all arrears would be paid off on the 10th April, 1783, a new agreement was made with Government, by which the Company were to continue to enjoy their exclusive privileges to the ift March, 1794, then to cease and determine, upon the former conditions of three years previous notice, and repayment of all sums due to them; and they were restricted to not increase the dividend of 8 per cent. more than 1 per cent. in any year. This restriction was however foon found unnecessary; for, the nett profits of the Company, from the 1st March, 1781, to the 1st March, 1782, did not amount to so much as a dividend of 8 per cent. on their stock by £22,023, in consequence of which it became necessary for Government to allow a farther time for the payment of £396,466:2:6, which was due from the Company for cuitoms, besides a part of the sum they had agreed to pay in 1781; and they were at the same time empowered, notwithstanding the above deficiency, to continue their dividend at 8 per cent. In the following year, the war in India and other circumstances increased the embarrassment of the Company's affairs; and, by a statement of their accounts from the 1st March, 1782, to the 1st March, 1783, it appeared that the nett profits of that year did not amount to a dividend of 8 per cent. by £255,813, which dividend they were nevertheless authorised by parliament to continue; and, to enable them so to do, Government issued Exchequer-bills amounting to £300,000, which the Bank undertook to lend money money upon to the Company. These circumstances caufed a considerable fluctuation in the value of the Company's stock, which fell from 145, in February, 1783, to 118 in January, 1784. The total amount of the fums due from the Company to Government had increased at the last-mentioned period to £1,023,519:5:2; the bill and bond debts of the Company, also, at this time confiderably exceeded their usual amount, in consequence of which the Commissioners of the Treasury were authorifed to extend the time for payment of the fums due to Government to the 1st January, 1786.

By 26 Geo. III. c. 62, the Company were empowered to increase their capital by creating £800,000 new stock, on which they raised £ 1,240,000, at the rate of 155 per cent. and in 1789, they obtained another act, enabling them to add a million to their capital, which was effected at the rate of 170 per cent. and preference given to fuch persons as were stockholders at the time of subscription. The capital of the Company thus became 15,000,000, the dividend on which continued 8 per cent. till 1793, when, in pursuance of an agreement with Government for the renewal of their charter, they were to add another million to their capital, and raise the dividend on the whole to 10 per cent, at which it now remains.

The new flock, created in 1793, was fold at 200 per cent, preference being given to stockholders, as on forrimetvoccasions; and the money thus raised was to be applied to the discharge of £600,000, then due from the Company to the Bank, and in the reduction of their bonddebt in Great Britain to £1,500,000. By the act 33 Geo. III. c. 47, the debt of £4,200,000, due from the public to the Company, was cancelled, by confolidating the fame with the 3 per Cent, Reduced Bank-Annuities;

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and, by 33 Geo. III. c. 52, the exclusive trade is continued under new regulations for twenty years from the 1st March, 1794, with a proviso, that if, after the expiration of that term, their right to the sole trade shall cease, in consequence of three years notice being given by parliament, and the repayment of such sums as may be then due from the public, they shall continue a corporation notwithstanding, with power to carry on a free trade in common with other persons.

Million-Bank.

In 1694 a number of persons formed themselves into a fociety for the purpose of purchasing shares in the Million-Lottery; from which they obtained the name of the Million-Bank. In 1693 and 1694 Government raised the fum of £1,300,000 by granting Life-Annuities; of which £981,619: 1:9 was subscribed for Annuities on Single Lives, at the rate of 14 per cent.; and, in 1695, in order to raise a farther sum, persons entitled to these annuities might, upon paying four years and a half purchase, have the same converted into a certain annuity for the term of ninety-fix years, from the 25th January, 1695. If the persons holding the annuities did not choose to fubscribe for the farther interest, any other person, upon payment of five years purchase, might become entitled to the annuity, after the extinction of the life, for the remainder of the ninety-fix years. Only a part of these reversions were, however, subscribed for; and, in 1698, they were again offered at four years purchase, but

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they were never all fold. Of those that were, the Million-Bank purchased the greater part, to the amount of £30,669: 4 per annum, the whole of which had fallen to them some years previous to the expiration of the term.

This Company is not a corporate body, but a partner-ship by deed enrolled in Chancery in the year 1721. Their original capital was £500,000, but the property they now posses in the public sunds considerably exceeds this amount. The dividend was 5 per cent. till 1728, when it was reduced to 4 per cent.; it was afterwards raised again to 5 per cent. at which it has since continued; and in the present year they have paid an occasional increase of one-half per cent. The dividends are usually in course of payment about three weeks after the 5th April and the 10th October, and their transfer-books are shut about six weeks previous to the payment.

Royal-Exchange Assurance.

This Company was established by an act 6 Geo. I. c. 18: and, by their charter, executed the 22d June, 1720, they were empowered to assure ships and goods at sea or going to sea, and to lend money on bottomry, and to raise for this purpose a capital of £1,500,000; on condition that, upon three years notice being given by parliament, at any time within thirty-one years from the date of the charter, and repayment of the sum of £300,000, which the Company had agreed to pay to Government,

Government, the corporation should cease. In the following year they obtained another charter, dated the 29th April, 1721, by which they were authorised to assure lives, and also to affure houses and goods from fire, and were empowered to raise a farther capital of £500,000, making, with the former fum, two millions. It was also enacted, that, in consequence of the Company having paid into the Exchequer £ 111,250, and having covenanted to pay the farther sum of £38,750 within three months, they should be released from payment of the remainder of the £,300,000. The whole capital of £2,000,000 was subscribed, but it was thought necessary to call for the payment of only £500,000; which, after paying the 1,150,000 to Government, has been found sufficient for. carrying on the extensive business of the Company, to which a new branch has been lately added, by an act, obtained in 1793, enabling them to grant and purchase Annuities on Lives, either immediate or in revern shaoff - siffiri fion.

The dividend to the proprietors, which has gradually increased from 3 to 6 per cent. becomes due at Christmas and Midsummer, and is usually paid about the 15th January and July. The transfer-days are Tuesdays and Thursdays, between the hours of eleven and one.

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કું હારા કેલા કર્યા કિલ્લોફેફ્સ્ટેક કુંગ્રેમ પ્રાથમિક દાવાનું છે. તેને કિલ્લા જાણે

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London-Affurance.

The charters of this Company were granted at the same time with those of the Royal-Exchange Assurance, upon similar conditions, and for the same purposes. The principal difference in the business of the two offices is, that the London-Assurance confine themselves to sea and fire assurances, very seldom assuring lives, and not being empowered to grant annuities. Their stock is £500,000, in shares of £25 each, on which £12: 10 has been paid in; the dividends on which become due at Lady-Day and Michaelmas, and are paid on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from eleven to three.

India-Bonds.

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રાત્ર કુશ્કારોનું કરોની કે પૂર્વક લેક્ટ **પ્રોમ્પલીપાલે મળી માળવા** છે. ૧૯૬ દિવાને કુલીકું પાલે ક્રમીકું કુલ્લા કુલે કુલેકલીકું જુ<mark>લાકા પ્રાથમિક કહ્યા પ્રોપ્</mark>ય કર્યા જાણકો છે.

India-Bonds are generally for £100 each, and bear apper cent. interest, payable the 3ist March and the 30th September. In selling them, the interest due up to the day of sale is, with the premium, added to the amount of the bills; which forms the sum to be paid by the purchaser. The premium, which is therefore the variable part of the price, is influenced by the price of stocks, the number of bonds in circulation, and other circumstances. Government have thought proper, at several different times, to require that the bond-debt of the Company in Great Britain should be reduced to £1,500,000; which it appears had been effected in June, 1778. In

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1783, they were empowered to borrow a farther fum of £500,000 upon bonds. By the conditions on which they were permitted to increase their capital in 1793, they were again to reduce their bond-debt to £1,500,000, beyond which it was not to be increased in future without the approbation of the Board of Commissioners for the Affairs of India, and in no case was to be increased to more than two millions. But this reduction was not completed; for, in the next fession, the Company obtained an act, authorifing them to continue their bond-debt at 12,000,000; and, with the confent of the Commissioners, at any time hereafter, to iffue bonds to the amount of another million.

These bonds are a very marketable security, and are therefore particularly convenient for such persons as have money to lay out which they may have occasion for at an uncertain time; and likewise for public companies and focieties to keep in hand to answer emergencies.

Exchequer-Bills.

The first bills of this kind were issued in 1696, amounting to £2,700,000, to serve as a temporary substitute for cash during the re-coinage at that period; but they have been fince issued by Government, yearly, for obtaining part of the money necessary for the expences of the current year. The sum of £2,750,000 is usually raifed in this manner on the credit of the Land and Malt Tax, although it is well known that these taxes never produce so much, the deficiency being always made good

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out of the next supplies. The sum to be issued out of the produce of the Confolidated Fund may likewise be raised by these bills, charged upon the growing produce of the furplus of the faid fund; also other sums for ordinary and extraordinary expences, by bills charged upon the first supplies of the next session; so that of late years the total amount of outstanding Exchequer-Bills has usually been about eight millions. The Bank contracts with Government for the circulation of these bills at a certain premium. The interest they carry has been at various rates, from £7: 12 to 3 per cent.; those at present in circulation bear interest at the rate of 3d. a day per cent. which is computed up to the day of fale, from the respective dates of the bills. They are generally for £100 each, but have fometimes been made out for much larger fums, and are numbered arithmetically, and registered accordingly, for the purpose of paying them off in a regular course. They are paid at the Exchequer-Bill Office in St. Margaret's street, and the time of payment is notified by advertisement.

Navy and Victualling Bills.

The nature of these two articles is so very similar that it is unnecessary to mention them separately. They are issued by the Commissioners of the Navy and Victualling Offices for stores and provisions purchased for the service of the Navy; and, that the contractors may not be losers by receiving them in payment, the current discount, at the time of making them out, is added to the

In 1749, the navy-debt being confiderable, an act was passed, allowing the holders of Navy, Victualling, and Transport Bills, and Ordnance-Debentures, amounting to £3,230,382:5:1, to subscribe them into the 4 per Cents. which have since been reduced to 3 per Cents. In 1763 the proprietors of bills, to the amount of £3,670,739:2:8, were allowed to subscribe them into 4 per Cent, Annuities, which annuities, amounting to £3,483,553:1:10, were redeemed in the course of the next four years.

In 1765, likewise, Navy, Victualling, and Transport Bills, to the amount of £1,347,500, were subscribed into the 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities, on certain conditions, agreeable to the act 5 Geo. III. since which period a 5 per Cent. Stock has been created by sunding these bills, for the particulars of which see page 1.

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The outstanding Navy-Bills (exclusive of Victualling) on the 31st Dec. 1783, amounted to £8,691,850: 9:6; and, from the market being thus overstocked, the discount on them was, on the 8th January following, as high as 21 per cent. but the amount being reduced by the funding in 1784, the discount fell of course. On the 6th April, 1785, it was $15\frac{7}{8}$ per cent.; in July, $7\frac{1}{2}$; and in December, when the funding of that year had reduced the navy-debt to a small amount, the discount on these bills was only 21 per cent. In December, 1791, they were at par; and, though, fince the war, they have again borne a discount, we may presume, that in future it will not be so great as it has been formerly. The interest on these bills is 4 per cent. which, till of late, did not commence till fix months after the date of the bills; but, by the 18th clause of the act 34 Geo. III. c. 21, it is provided, that, from the 5th April, 1794, all bills, registered in the course of the Navy and Victualling, shall be made payable on a certain day, to be expressed in each particular bill, which day is not to exceed fifteen months from the date of the bill; and the interest on such bills as usually carry interest (for some particular Navy-Bills for purfers' balances, bounty and head money, bear no interest) is to commence from the day on which the bills are registered, and to be paid at such stated periods as shall be indorfed on the bills at the time of iffuing the same.

In conformity to three regulations, notice is now given monthly by advertisement from the Navy and Victualling Offices, for paying off their respective bills, with the full interest or such part thereof as has not been previously received.

Ordnance-

Ordnance-Debentures.

These bills are iffued by the Board of Ordnance to persons contracting for stores, &c. purchased in that department; and, as they are not payable at any fixed period, and do not bear interest, there is always a discount upon them, which has sometimes been very considerable. Although these bills are not originally entitled to any interest, it was thought proper to allow the proprietors of those funded in 1784 and 1785 to add interest to them at 4 per cent. after the expiration of sisteen months from the respective dates of the bills.

Omnium.

When a loan is simply a certain sum lent at any fixed rate of interest, it is evident the gain of the subscribers must entirely depend upon the market-price of stock, bearing the same interest, being higher, when they may have occasion to dispose of their new stock, than the price at which they made their agreement with the minister; but, of late years, the terms of the loans have generally consisted of several distinct articles; as, 3 or 4 per Cent. Consols, Long Annuity, and a certain number of Lottery-Tickets; and the term Omnium, which appears in the Stock-lists for some time after every new loan, includes all the several articles in the contract between Govern-

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Government and the original subscribers: e.g. £1000 Omnium of the present year contained

£750: 0: 0 3 per Cent. Confols.
250: 0: 0 4 per Cent. Confols.
3: 3: 9 Long Annuity.

159: 14: $5\frac{1}{3}$ Imperial 3 per Cents.

9: 11: 8 Imperial Annuity.

o: 7:6 Additional Long Annuity.

Scrip.

The loans to Government are advanced by instalments, the first of which is usually 10 or 15 per cent, deposited at the time of subscribing, and the following payments are generally fixed at about a month's distance from each other. The greater part of the subscribers dispose of the several articles, that make up the terms of the loan, separately, and in this state; the 3 or 4 per Cent. Consols, &c. are distinguished by the name of Scrip, till the whole sum has been paid in upon them.

The payments on the loan of the present year were fixed as follows:

18	payment,	10.b	er cent.	Deposit.
2	CARCOLO	10	-	17 April.
3	jennoha	IO	**************************************	12 June.
4	Street, and a second	10	Sport Co.	17 July.
5	prosped	15	districted .	28 August.
6		15	proversi	23 Oct.
7	a::hotres	15	(magazina)	27 Nov.
8	,	15	61-17-18	15 Jan. 1796

The

EXAMPLE I.

What is the sum to be paid for the purchase of £1000 3 per Cent. Scrip, on which sour payments of 10 per cent have been made: valued at 643 present price of 3 per Cent. Consols $67\frac{1}{2}$?

Four payments of 10 per cent. on £640 £256 $3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ per cent. on £1000, being the difference of price between 64 and $67^{\frac{1}{2}}$ —

Sum to be paid — £29

EXAMPLE, II.

What is the sum to be paid for £1000, 4 per Cent. Scrip, on which sour payments of 10 per cent. and one of 15 per cent. have been made: valued at 84; and present price of 4 per Cent. Consols 847/8?

Four payments of 10 per cent. on £840 £336: 0

One ditto — 15 per cent. 126: 0

7 per cent. on £1000 — 8: 15

Sum to be paid — £470: 15

TABLE

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Shewing the Interest due on £100 in the 3, $3\frac{1}{2}$, 4, and 5 per Cent. Public Funds; and upon £1 per Annum in the under-mentioned Annuities, for every Day in the Year.

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24	3 2	18	13 11	3 8	23 9 23 11	5 3	5 114 7 6 04 8 6 14 8
24	3 7	18	2 14 1	3 10	24 2	5	6 14 8
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5 per Cent. Confols. 3 ditto, 1726. 3 ditto, 1757. 3 do. New S. S. Ann. 3 per Cent. Reduced,	3 ditto Old S. S. Ann. 3 per Cent. Imp. Ann.	3½ S. S. Stock.	4 per Cent. Confols.	5 per Cent. Navy.	Long Annuities. Short ditto.	Imperial Annuities.
22 22 8 22 10 24 23 0 25 23 2 26 23 6 23 8 29 23 10 30 24 2 31 24 2 24 6 3 24 6 3 24 10 5 25 2 7 25 4 8 10 25 6 9 25 10 11 26 2 213 26 4	5 7 2 3 3 5 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	24 11 2 4 6 9 11 2 25 25 6 9 11 4 6 8 8 10 1 2 27 7 9 1 2 28 2 28 28 28 29 29 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	10 8 10 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	38 I 38 5 38 8 8 11 39 39 50 39 50 40 1 40 1 41 42 42 42 42 42 42 1 42 1	2 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1 3 1 3 1 4 1 5 1 5 1 6 1 7

		(53)				
3 per Cent. Confols. 3 ditto, 1726. 3 ditto, 1751. 3 do. New S. S. Ann.	g per Cent. Reduced. 3 ditto Old S. S. Ann.	3 F. S. Stock.	4 per Cent. Confols.	5 per Cent. Navy.	Long Annuities. Short ditto.	Imperial Annuities.	
6 0 7 0 8 0 9 0 10 0 1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13 7 9 9 9 9 13 11 9 9 14 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	3 34 7 5 34 10 7 35 0 9 11 0 9 11 3 1 5 1 2 1 7 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 3 3 6 3 3 3 3 3 6 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 14 6 4 14 8 4	16 70 17 17 17 18 11 18 18 46 91 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	3 10 4 4 4 4 7 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 1 7 7	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	4 I I 4 I 2 4 I 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 4 4 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	

	3 ditto, 1726.	3 do. New S. S. Ann.	3 per Cent. Reduced.	3 per Cent. Imp. Ann.	3½ S. S. Stock.	4 per Cent. Confols.	5 per Cent. Navy.	Long Annuities. Short ditto.	Imperial Annuities.	
Aug. 4 56 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 Sept. 1 2 3 4 15 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8	578002468002468002457911135791135791	5 3 5 4 5 6 5 8 5 10 6 6 2 6 4	21 8 21 10 22 0 22 2 22 4 22 6 22 8	12 2 12 4 12 7 12 9 12 11 13 1 13 4 13 6 13 8 13 11 14 1	34 0 34 3 34 6 34 8 34 11	s. d. 2 8 8 9 9 3 6 9 9 1 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	s. d. 56 6 7 7 8 8 9 90 10 1 1 0 0 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	s. 5555555555555555566666666666666666666	

			(55	.	, ,		
	3 per Cent. Confols. 3 ditto, 1726. 3 ditto, 1751. 3 do. New S. S. Ann:	3 per Cent Reduced.	3 per Cent. Imp. Ann.	3½ S. S. Stock.	4 per Cent. Confols.	5 per Cent. Navy.	Leng Annuities. Short ditto,	Imperial Annuities.
Sept. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 Oft. 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 Nov. 1	17 3 17 5 17 7 17 9 17 9 18 1 18 3 18 5 18 7 18 19 18 19 19 18 11 19 3 19 3	3 5 3 7 3 9 3 11	s. d. O 2 4 6 8 10 0 2 2 4 6 8 2 7 9 11 1 3 5 5 7 9 11 1 3 5 5 7 9 11 1 3 5 5 7 9 11 1 3 5 5 7 9 11 1 2 2 8 2 8 8 8 10 0 2 4 6 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8	s. d. 58 d. 14 10 0 3 15 15 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 17 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	s. d. 6 9 9 1 2 3 3 5 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 7 3 7 3 7 3 7 3 7	5. d. 8 20 8 20 11 21 2 21 2 22 3 22 2 23 4 23 8 23 23 1 24 5 9 26 26 1 27 2 27 5 26 26 26 26 27 27 5 27 27 5 28 28 6 28 29 4 29 4 29 4 29 4 29 13 3 30 5 8 31 10 32 4 32 11 32 4	s. d. III 0 I I 2 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	3. d. 8 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8

		(56)			
3 per Cent. Contols. 3 ditto, 1726. 3 ditto, 1751. 3 do. New S. S. Ann.	3 per Cent. Reduced.	3 per Cent, Imp. Ann.	3½ S. S. Stock.	4 per Cent. Confols.	5 per Cent. Navy.	Long Annuities. Short ditto.	Imperial Annuities.
20 3 3 2 2 2 4 6 8 2 2 2 4 6 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 3 8 2 2 3 8 2 3 8 2 3 8 2 3 8 2 3 8 2 3 8 3 8	s. d. 3 4 4 7 9 4 1 1 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 1 1 1 3 5 5 5 5 5 5	s. 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 4 6 8 10 0 2 4 6 6 8 10 0 2 4 6 6 8 9 11 1 3 5 7 9 11 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	s. d. 23 23 23 23 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 25 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	s. d. 8 5 5 11 1 4 7 9 0 3 5 8 8 10 0 3 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 10 0 3 6 8 8 10 10 10 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	44 4 44 7 44 10	3 9	s. d. 233455667788990011111233345566778899001111122222222222222222222222222222

			(57)			
	3 per Cent. Confols. 3 ditto, 1726. 3 ditto, 1751. 3 do. New S. S. Ann.	3 per Cent. Reduced.	3 per Cent, Imp. Ann.	3½ S. S. Stock.	4 per Cent. Confols.	5 per Cent. Navy.	Long Annuities. Short ditto.	Imperial Annuities.
Dac. 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 * 27 28 29 30	28 6	s. d. 12 0 12 2 12 4 12 6 12 9 12 11 13 1 13 3 13 5 13 7 13 9 13 11	s. d. 8 1 8 3 8 5 7 8 9 8 11 9 3 9 5 7 9 9 11	s. d. 31 11 32 2 32 4 32 6, 32 9 32 11 33 1 33 4 33 6 33 8 33 10 34 1	s. d. 16 1 16 3 16 6 16 9 16 11 17 2 17 5 17 8 17 10 18 1 18 4 18 6	s. d. 45 8 45 11 46 2 46 6 46 9 47 0 47 3 47 10 48 1 48 8	s. d. 0 4 4 1 4 2 3 4 4 4 5 6 6 7 8	s. d. 2 9 2 10 2 10 2 11 3 0 3 1 3 2 2 3 3 4

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TABLE

TABLE II.

Shewing the feveral Prices the different Funds, in a line with each other, must be at to produce an equal interest; and also the annual interest produced by £100 sterling, invested at any of those sundry prices.

3 per Cent.	3½ per Cent.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	Interest.
ক্ষ্মিত বিজ্ঞানিক বিজ্ঞান	5. s. d. 58 3 9 58 12 6 58 15 5 58 18 4 59 7 58 18 4 59 7 59 10 0 59 12 11 59 15 10 59 12 11 59 15 10 60 10 6	5. s. d. 66 10 0 66 13 8 67 16 0 67 16 0 67 16 16 0 67 16 16 0 67 16 0 67 16 0 67 16 0 68 16 0 68 16 0 68 16 0 68 16 0 69 16 0 70 16 0 70 16 0 70 16 0 70 16 0 70 16 0 70 16 0 70 17 16 0 71 17 16 0 71 17 16 0 71 17 16 0 71 17 16 0 71 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 1	6. s. d. 68 8 83 10 10 0 2 8 83 15 10 0 2 8 84 71 8 84 71 8 84 71 8 85 12 85 12 8 85 1	66 6 5 1 1 9 6 2 1 1 7 4 6 9 6 2 1 1 8 4 1 9 6 3 6 9 5 5 1 1 1 7 4 6 9 6 2 1 1 8 4 1 9 6 3 6 9 6 9

(59)

		(39	7 :	and the second	
n per Cent.	3½ per Cent.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	Interest.	
্ প্রমাধকারসাধ্যমত শ্রামাধকারসাধ্যমত শ্রামাধকারসাধ্যমত শ্রামাধকারসাধ্যমত শ্রামাধকারসাধ্যমত শ্রামাধকারসাধ্যমত শ্রামাধকারসাধ্যমত স্থামাধকারসাধ্যমত স্থামাধকারসাধ্যমাধকারসাধ্যমত স্থামাধকারসাধ্যমত স্থামাধকারসাধকারসাধকারসাধকারসাধ্যমত স্থামাধকারসাধকার	d. 4 3 2 1 0 1 0 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 1 0 9 8 7 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	\$\frac{1}{3}\$ 10 48 0 48 0 48 0 48 0 48 0 48 0 48 0 4	5. s. d. 91 13 4 91 17 6 92 1 8 92 10 0 92 10 2 92 18 4 93 2 6 93 10 10 93 15 0 0 93 15 0 0 93 15 0 0 94 11 8 94 15 10 95 4 2 4 96 17 8 96 17 8 97 10 0 97 14 2 97 18 2 96 17 8 97 10 0 97 11 2 97 18 2 98 10 10 97 10 0 98 15 0 98 15 0 98 15 0 98 15 0 98 15 0 98 15 0 98 15 0 98 15 10 100 0 4 2 100 16 8 101 0 10 101 13 46 102 15 10 101 17 8 102 15 10 102 10 0 12	\$\frac{d}{0} \cdot 0 \tag{4} \tag{10} 7 \tag{4} \tag{10} 7 \tag{4} \tag{10} 7 \tag{4} \tag{10} 7 \t	

12

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3 per Cent.	3½ per Cent.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent,	Interest.
্ৰাচ্চাৰ্যাক নিজনিক নিজনিকাল্ডাই কিন্তু নিজনিকাল্ডাই কিন্তু কিন্তু কিন্তু কিন্তু কিন্তু কিন্তু কিন্তু কিন্তু কি কিন্তু কিন্তুৰ কিন্তু কিন্তু কিন্তুৰ কি	77 2 11 77 5 10 77 8 9 77 11 8 77 14 7 77 17 6 78 0 5 78 6 3 78 9 2	d. 48 0 48 0 48 0 48 0 48 0 48 0 48 0 48	C. s. d. 102 14 2 103 16 8 103 10 10 103 15 0 103 19 2 104 3 4 104 7 6 104 11 8 104 15 10 105 8 4 105 12 6 105 8 4 105 12 6 105 13 6 106 17 6 107 1 8 107 5 10 107 10 0 107 14 2 107 18 4 108 2 6 108 10 10 107 14 2 107 18 4 108 2 6 108 10 10 107 14 2 107 18 4 108 2 6 108 10 10 107 14 2 107 18 4 108 2 6 108 10 10 107 10 0 107 14 2 107 18 4 108 2 6 108 10 10 107 10 0 107 14 2 107 18 4 108 2 6 108 10 10 107 14 2 107 18 4 108 2 6 108 10 10 109 1 8 109 1 5 10 110 0 0 111 5 0 111 9 2 111 13 6 111 17 6 112 18 8 113 10 10	s. 7 4 2 11 9 7 4 2 0 9 7 5 2 0 0 18 6 4 2 0 18 6 4 2 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19

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3 per Cent.	3½ per Cent.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	Interest.	,
Lidengariga signifaria Haridanian garian daria wan dan dan dan dan dan dan dan dan dan d	80 15 10 98 76 54 32 10 11 98 76 54 32 10 11 98 76 54 32 10 11 98 81 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	97 16 8 98 0 0 98 3 4 98 6 8 98 13 2 98 13 2 98 13 2 99 0 0 99 0 0 99 3	121 17 6 122 1 8 122 1 8 122 10 0 122 10 0 122 14 2 122 18 2 123 10 10 123 15 10 123 19 8 124 3	4 2 5 4 2 3 4 2 0 4 1 10 4 1 9 4 1 7 4 1 5 4 1 4 4 1 2 4 1 0	

3 per Cent.	3½ per Cent.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	Interest.
TO TO TO TOTATION TOTATION TO	\$\frac{1}{87}\$ 10 0 \$\frac{1}{87}\$ 10 0 \$\frac{1}{10}\$ 0 \$\frac{1}{10}\$ 10 \$\frac{1}{10}\$ 11 \$\frac{1}	£. s. d. 99 16 8 100 0 c 100 3 4 100 6 8 100 10 13 4 100 16 8 101 0 0 101 3 4 101 6 8 101 10 0 101 13 4 101 16 8 102 0 0 102 3 4 102 6 8 102 10 0 102 13 4 103 6 8 103 10 0 103 13 4 103 6 8 103 10 0 103 13 4 103 16 8 104 10 0 104 13 4 104 6 8 104 10 0 104 13 4 104 16 8 105 0 0 105 13 4 105 16 8 105 10 0 105 13 4 105 16 8 105 10 0 105 13 4 105 16 8 106 0 0 106 3 4 105 16 8 106 10 c 106 3 4 107 10 0 107 13 4 107 16 8 106 10 c 107 3 4 107 16 8 107 0 0 107 13 4 107 16 8 107 0 0 107 13 4 107 16 8 107 10 0 107 13 4 107 16 8 108 0 0 108 3 4 107 10 0 107 13 4 107 16 8 108 0 0 108 3 4 107 10 0	\$\begin{array}{c}\$ s. \ d.\$ \\ 124 \ 15 \ 10 \\ 125 \ 0 \ 0 \\ 125 \ 4 \ 2 \\ 125 \ 125 \ 8 \ 4 \\ 125 \ 126 \ 8 \\ 126 \ 0 \ 10 \\ 126 \ 5 \ 0 \\ 126 \ 13 \ 4 \\ 127 \ 16 \ 8 \\ 127 \ 16 \ 127 \ 18 \\ 127 \ 16 \ 127 \ 18 \\ 127 \ 16 \ 127 \ 18 \\ 127 \ 16 \ 127 \ 18 \\ 128 \ 10 \ 10 \\ 127 \ 14 \ 2 \\ 127 \ 18 \ 4 \\ 128 \ 10 \ 10 \\ 128 \ 15 \ 10 \\ 128 \ 19 \ 3 \\ 4 \\ 129 \ 3 \\ 4 \\ 129 \ 15 \\ 129 \ 15 \\ 129 \ 15 \\ 129 \ 17 \\ 130 \ 8 \\ 4 \\ 130 \ 16 \\ 130 \ 16 \\ 131 \ 17 \\ 6 \\ 131 \ 17 \\ 6 \\ 131 \ 17 \\ 6 \\ 131 \ 17 \\ 6 \\ 131 \ 17 \\ 6 \\ 131 \ 17 \\ 6 \\ 131 \ 17 \\ 6 \\ 132 \ 18 \\ 131 \ 17 \\ 6 \\ 133 \ 10 \\ 133 \ 10 \\ 133 \ 10 \\ 133 \ 10 \\ 133 \ 10 \\ 134 \ 11 \\ 135 \ 12 \\ 6 \\ 136 \\ 137 \	\$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}

(63)

3 per Cent.	3½ per Cent.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	Interest.
্নি নি ন	5. s. d. 95 1 8 95 4 7 95 10 5 95 13 4 95 16 3 95 16 3 95 16 3 95 19 2 96 7 11 96 10 10 96 13 9 96 10 9 97 7 97 14 2 97 14 2 97 14 2 97 17 1 98 2 11 98 5 10 98 11 98 14 98 14 98 14 98 14 98 14 98 15 99 15 10 100 10 100 3 100 6 100 12 101 10 101 12 101 10 101 12 101 10 101 12 101 10 101 12 101 10 101 12 101 10 101 12 101 10 101 12 101 10 101 12 101 10 101 12 101 10 101 12 101 10 102 10	\$\int_{108} \text{ is. } \text{ d.}\$ 108 13 4 108 16 8 109 0 0 109 3 4 109 6 8 109 10 0 109 13 8 110 0 0 110 3 4 110 16 8 110 10 0 111 3 4 111 6 8 111 10 0 111 13 4 111 6 8 112 10 0 112 13 4 113 16 8 113 10 0 113 13 4 114 10 0 114 13 4 114 16 8 115 10 0 114 13 4 114 16 8 115 10 0 115 13 4 115 16 8 115 10 0 115 13 4 115 16 8 115 10 0 115 13 4 115 16 8 115 10 0 115 13 4 115 16 8 115 10 0 115 13 4 115 16 8 116 10 0 117 3 4 117 6 8	\$\color s. d.\$ 135 16 8 136 0 10 136 5 0 136 9 2 136 13 4 137 10 137 10 137 14 2 137 18 4 138 2 6 138 10 10 138 15 10 138 15 2 139 3 4 139 7 6 139 11 8 139 15 10 140 4 2 140 8 4 140 12 6 140 16 8 141 0 10 141 17 6 142 1 8 141 17 6 142 1 8 141 17 6 142 1 8 143 1 0 144 1 1 7 144 1 1 7 144 1 1 8 144 7 1 144 1 1 8 144 7 6 144 1 1 8 144 7 6 144 1 1 8 144 7 6 144 1 1 8 144 7 6 145 1 6 8 146 0 10 145 8 4 145 1 6 0 146 5 0 146 5 0 146 5 0 146 9 2 146 13 4	S. d. 3 13 6 3 13 7 3 13 6 3 13 3 13 13 2 3 13 12 11 3 12 12 8 3 12 12 6 3 12 2 3 12 12 6 3 12 3 11 10 3 10 10 3 10 0

per Cènt.	3½ per Cent.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	Interest.
- Haraparanteniant	£. s. d. 102 16 2 103 12 1 103 5 0 103 7 11 103 10 10 103 13 9 103 16 8 103 19 7 104 2 6 104 5 5 104 8 4 104 11 3 104 14 1 105 0 0 105 2 11 105 5 10 105 8 9 105 11 7 105 17 6 106 6 3 106 6 3 106 6 3 106 17 11 107 0 10 107 3 9 107 6 8 107 10 10 107 3 9 107 15 5 107 18 4 108 1 3 108 4 2 108 1 7 107 15 5 107 18 4 108 1 3 108 4 2 108 1 0 108 12 11 108 15 10 108 12 11 108 15 10 108 18 9 109 1 7 109 7 6 109 10 6 109 1 7 1109 10 6 109 10 7 1109 10 6 1109 10 7 1109 10 6 1109 10 7 1109 10 5 1109 10 6 1109 10 7 1109 10 5 1109 10 7 1109 10 5	£. s. d. 117 10 0 117 13 4 117 16 8 118 0 0 118 3 4 118 16 8 118 16 8 119 0 0 119 3 4 119 6 8 119 10 0 119 13 4 119 16 8 119 10 0 119 13 4 119 16 8 120 10 0 120 13 4 120 6 8 120 10 0 120 13 4 121 6 8 121 10 0 121 3 4 122 6 8 121 10 0 121 3 4 122 6 8 122 10 0 121 3 4 122 6 8 122 10 0 121 3 4 122 6 8 122 10 0 121 3 4 122 6 8 122 10 0 121 3 4 122 6 8 122 10 0 121 3 4 122 6 8 122 10 0 121 3 4 122 6 8 122 10 0 121 3 4 122 6 8 122 10 0 122 3 4 123 6 8 123 10 0 123 3 4 124 0 0 124 13 4 124 6 8 124 0 0 124 13 4 124 6 8 125 0 0 125 13 4 125 16 8 125 10 0 125 13 4 125 16 8 125 10 0 125 13 4 125 16 8 125 10 0 125 13 4 125 16 8 126 0 0 126 3 4	\$\frac{\chi_{\chi\ti}}\chi_{\chi}\}\chi_{\chi\}\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi}\chi}\}\chi_{\chi}\}\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi}\}\chi_{\chi_{\chi}\}\chi_{\chi_{\chi	6. 100 98 76 432 1010 98 76 432 1010 976 5432 1010 98 76 5432

(65)

				·
3 per Cent.	3½ per Cent.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	Interest,
্লাধ্যাক্ত শ্ৰম্প্ৰত্যাধ্যক্তি শ্ৰম্প্ৰত্যাধ্যক্তি শ্ৰম্প্ৰত্যাধ্যক্তিশ্ৰম্প্ৰত্যাধ্যক্তিশ্ৰম্প্ৰত্যাধ্যক্তিশ্ৰম প্ৰ প্ৰস্তৃত্যা কৰ্মিক শ্ৰম্প্ৰত্যাধ্যক্তি শ্ৰম্পৰ	f. s. d. 110 10 10 110 13 9 110 16 8 110 19 7 111 2 6 111 5 5 111 8 4 111 11 3 111 14 2 111 17 1 112 0 0 112 2 11 112 5 10 112 8 9 112 11 8 112 14 7 112 17 6 113 0 5 113 13 4 113 6 3 113 9 2 113 12 1 115 15 0 113 17 11 114 0 10 114 3 9	126 6 8 126 10 0 126 13 4 126 16 8 127 0 0 127 3 4 127 6 8 127 10 0 127 13 4 127 16 8 128 0 0 128 3 4 128 6 8 128 10 0 128 13 4 128 16 8 129 0 0 129 3 4 129 6 8 129 10 0 129 13 4 129 16 8 130 0 0 130 3 4 130 6 8 130 10 0	6. s. d. 157 18 4 158 2 6 158 6 8 158 10 10 158 15 0 158 19 2 159 3 4 159 7 6 159 11 8 159 15 10 160 4 2 160 8 4 160 12 6 160 16 8 161 0 10 161 9 2 161 13 4 161 17 6 162 1 8 162 5 10 162 5 10 162 14 2 162 18 4 163 2 6	C. s. d. 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 3 3 1 3 2 11 3 2 10 3 2 8 3 2 7 3 2 8 3 2 7 3 2 8 3 2 1 3 2 1 3 1 10 3 1 10 3 1 9 3 1 7 3 1 6 3 1 5 3 1 3

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TABLE

TABLE III.

Shewing the interest which the Long-Annuities will produce, at a certain time and price, when such a portion of the annuity received shall be continually reserved and improved, at the rates of 4 and 5 per cent. per annum, compound-interest, as will, at the expiration of the term the annuity has to run, amount to the purchase-money.

				7	
Yrs Pur.	Annuity received.	Interest produ	ced when the nproved at	April 6. Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	nced when the
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 23 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ \hline 22 \\ 21 \\ \hline 20 \\ 18 \\ \hline 17 \\ \hline 16 \\ 21 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\$	£. 5. d. 4 3 4 4 5 11 4 8 10 4 10 10 4 13 0 4 15 0 5 2 6 5 5 3 5 11 1 5 14 3 5 17 7 6 5 9 0	4 4 0 4 6 1 4 8 8 4 13 1 4 15 8 4 18 4 5 1 2 5 7 4 5 10 9 5 14 3 5 18 1	5. d. 3 18 10 4 2 7 4 4 6 6 8 4 10 10 4 13 7 4 18 18 5 6 9 5 13 3 5 16 0 7 7 6 4 7	5. d. 3 16 3 3 18 0 3 19 11 4 1 10 4 3 10 4 5 11 4 8 2 4 10 6 4 12 11 4 15 6 4 18 2 5 1 0 5 7 3 5 10 7 5 14 2 5 17 11 6 2 0	s. d. 9 6 5 4 4 4 6 8 8 4 4 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

(67)

Yrs Pur	Annuity received.	Interest produ	ced when the	April 6, Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	ced when the nproved at
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 23 \\ 23 \\ 22 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 20 \\ 18 \\ 17 \\ 16 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 15 \\ 16 \\ 15 \\ 2 \\ 18 \\ 17 \\ 16 \\ 15 \\ 2 \\ 18 \\ 17 \\ 16 \\ 15 \\ 2 \\ 20 \\ 18 \\ 17 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10$	£. s. d. 4 3 4 4 5 1 4 8 10 4 10 10 4 13 0 4 17 6 5 0 0 5 2 6 5 5 3 5 8 1 5 11 1 5 14 3 6 1 2 6 5 0 6 9	£. s. d. 3 16 1 3 17 10 3 19 9 4 1 8 4 3 8 4 5 10 4 10 4 4 12 9 4 15 4 4 18 0 5 0 11 5 7 1 5 10 5 5 14 0 5 17 9 6 1 10	\$\cdot s. 8 \\ 3 18 \\ 4 4 \\ 4 6 \\ 4 12 \\ 4 17 \\ 4 17 \\ 4 17 \\ 5 5 \\ 5 6 \\ 5 8 \\ 6 4 \\ 6 6 8 \\ 6 6 8 \\ 6 7 \\ 6 4 \\ 6 6 8 \\ 6 6 8 \\ 6 7 \\ 6 6 4 \\ 6 6 8 \\ 6 6 8 \\ 6 7 6 \\ 6 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 6 6 \\ 7 6 6 6 6 6 6 \\ 7 6 \q 6 6 \q 6 \q 6 \q 6 6 \q 6 \q 6 \q 6 \	5. s. d. 3 15 11 3 17 9 3 19 7 4 1 6 4 3 7 4 5 8 4 7 11 4 10 3 4 12 8 4 15 2 4 17 11 5 0 9 5 5 6 11 5 10 3 5 13 10 5 17 8 6 1 8	S. d. 3 18 6 4 0 3 4 2 2 4 4 4 1 1 4 6 8 3 4 10 5 4 12 9 4 15 7 9 5 5 3 6 6 5 12 10 5 16 6 0 2 6 4 2

Yrs Pur.	Annuity received.	Interest produ reserve is it	, 1797. ced when the nproved at 5 per Cent.	April 6 Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	ced when the
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 23\frac{1}{2} \\ 23 \\ 22 \\ 21\frac{1}{2} \\ 20 \\ 19\frac{1}{2} \\ 19\frac{1}{2} \\ 18\frac{1}{2} \\ 17 \\ 16\frac{1}{2} \\ 16 \\ 15\frac{1}{2} \\ \end{array}$	£. s. d, 4 3 4 4 5 1 4 8 10 4 10 10 4 13 0 4 15 6 5 0 0 5 2 6 5 5 8 1 5 14 3 5 17 7 6 1 2 6 5 0	5 17 6	£. s. d. 3 18 5 4 0 2 4 2 1 4 4 6 0 4 8 2 4 10 4 4 12 8 4 15 8 5 1 7 8 5 3 3 5 12 9 5 16 4 6 0 1	6: s. d. 3 15 7 3 17 5 3 19 2 4 3 3 4 5 4 7 7 4 9 11 4 12 4 4 14 17 5 5 3 5 5 6 8 5 10 6 5 13 4 6 1 4	6. s. d. 3 18 3 4 0 0 4 1 11 4 3 10 4 8 0 4 10 2 4 12 6 4 14 11 4 17 6 5 0 2 5 6 1 5 9 3 5 16 2 5 19 11

Yrs Pur.	Annuity received.	Interest produ reserve is i	, 1798. aced when the approved at 5 per Cent.	April 6 Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	nced when the mproved at
24 23 22 22 21 20 21 20 19 18 18 17 16 16 15 16	4 5 11 4 6 11 4 8 10 4 10 10 4 13 2 4 17 0 5 2 6 5 5 8 1 5 11 4 3 5 11 7 2 6 5 9	£. s. d. 3 15 5 3 17 3 3 19 1 4 1 0 4 3 0 4 5 2 4 7 5 4 9 9 4 12 2 4 14 9 4 17 5 5 0 3 5 3 5 5 9 9 5 13 4 5 17 2 6 1 2	6. s. d. 3 18 2 3 19 11 4 1 10 4 3 9 4 5 9 4 7 11 4 10 1 4 12 5 4 14 10 4 17 5 5 0 1 5 10 5 9 2 5 12 6 5 16 1 5 19 10 6 3 10	£. s. d. 3 15 4 3 17 1 3 18 11 4 0 10 4 2 11 4 5 0 4 7 3 4 12 0 4 14 7 4 17 3 5 0 3 1 5 6 3 5 9 8 5 13 2 5 17 0 6 1 0	6. s. d. 3 18 0 3 19 9 4 1 8 4 3 7 4 5 7 4 7 9 4 14 18 4 17 3 4 19 11 5 2 9 5 5 10 5 12 4 5 15 11 5 19 8 6 3 8

1		Od. 11	, 1799.	April 6	
Yrs Pur.	Annuity received.	Interest produ reserve is i	iced when the	Interest produ reserve is i	mproved at
-		4 per Cent.	5 per cene.	z per cent.	5 per cent.
*	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	\pounds s. d.	\pounds s. d.
24	4 3 4	3 15 1	3 17 10 3 19 7	3 14 11 3 16 8	3 17 8 3 19 6
23 ¹ / ₂	4 5 1 4 6 11	, ,	4 1 7	3 18 7	4 1 5
$22\frac{1}{2}$	4 8 10	4 0 8	4 3 6	4 0 6	4 3 4
22	4 10 10	4 2 8	4 5 6	4 2 6 4 4 8	4 5 4 4 7 6
21 ¹ / ₂ 21	4 13 0	4 4 10	4 7 8	4 6 10	4 9 8
$20\frac{1}{2}$	4 17 6	4 9 5	4 12 2	4 9 2	4 12 0
20	500	4 11 10	4 14 7	4 YI 7	4 14 5
191	5 2 6	4 14 4 4 17 I	4 17 2	4 14 2	4 17 0
19 18 <u>1</u>	5 5 3 5 8 1	4 17 1	5 2 8	4 19 9	5 2 6
18	5 11 1	5 2 11	5 5 9	5 2 9	5 5 6
$17\frac{1}{2}$	5 14 3	5 6 1	5 8 11	5 5 11	5 8 9 5 12 1
17 $16\frac{1}{2}$	5 17 7 6 I 2	5 9 5 5 13 0	5 12 3	5 9 3 5 12 10	5 12 1 5 15 8
162	6.50	5 16 10	, ,	5 16 8	5 19 5
35 1	1690	6 0 10	5 19 7	1 6 0 8	6 3 5
		a more and the			

			100		
Yrs Pur.	Annuity received.	Interest produres is i		April 6 Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	ced when the
24 232 221 22 21 20 21 20 19 18 17 16 17	£. s. d. 4 3 4 4 6 11 4 8 10 4 10 10 4 13 2 4 17 6 5 5 8 1 5 14 3 5 17 7 6 1 2	6. s. d 3 14 9 3 16 6 3 18 4 4 0 4 4 4 5 4 6 8 4 19 5 4 14 08 4 19 6 5 5 9 1 5 12 8	, , ,	£. s. d. 3 14 6 3 16 4 3 18 2 4 0 1 4 2 2 4 4 6 6 4 8 10 4 11 3 4 13 10 4 16 6 4 19 4 5 5 5 5 8 11 5 12 5	£ d. 3 17 5 3 19 0 4 3 0 4 5 2 4 9 8 4 14 1 4 16 8 4 19 4 5 5 5 8 5 5 11 9 5 15 4
16 15‡	6 5 0	5 16 5	5 19 3	5 16 3	5 19 I 6 3 I

Yrs Pur.	Annuity received.	Interest produ reserve is i	, 1801. aced when the mproved at 5 per Cent.	reserve is i	ced when the mproved at
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 23\frac{1}{2} \\ 23\frac{1}{2} \\ 22\frac{1}{2} \\ 20\frac{1}{2} \\ 20\frac{1}{2} \\ 19\frac{1}{2} \\ 17\frac{1}{2} \\ 17\frac{1}{2} \\ 16\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	£. s. d. 4 3 4 4 5 1 4 8 10 4 10 10 4 13 0 4 17 6 5 0 0 5 2 6 5 5 3 5 8 1 5 11 1 5 14 3 6 1 2 6 5 0	£ s. d. 3 14 4 3 16 2 3 18 0 4 0 0 4 2 6 4 4 1 4 6 8 4 11 3 8 4 16 4 4 19 2 5 5 4 5 12 3 5 16 1	£. s. d. 3 17 3 3 19 0 4 0 10 4 2 10 4 4 10 4 6 11 4 9 2 4 11 6 6 4 19 2 5 5 8 2 5 11 7 5 18 11	£ s. d. 3 14 2 3 15 11 3 17 9 4 1 9 4 2 10 4 6 8 5 4 9 10 4 13 5 4 16 1 5 5 1 5 12 0 5 15 10	£. s. d. 3 17 1 3 18 10 4 0 8 4 4 9 4 9 9 4 11 4 4 19 0 5 1 10 5 8 1 5 15 0 5 18
152	6 9 0	6 0 I	6 2 11	5 19 10	6 2 9

TABLE IV.

Shewing the interest which the Short-Annuities will produce, at a certain time and price, when such a portion of the annuity received shall be continually reserved and improved, at the rates of 4 and 5 per cent. per annum, compound-interest, as will, at the expiration of the term the annuity has to run, amount to the purchasemoney.

Yrs Pur.	Amurty	Oct. 11, Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	ced when the nproved at	April 6, Interest produ reserve is ir 4 per Cent.	ced when the
দ্বিদ্ধি সভাগ্ৰহাল বিস্ফল্পিন্ত স্থাল প্ৰস্থান প্ৰস্থান কৰিছে সংগ্ৰহ	£. s. d. 9 15 1 9 17 6 10 0 0 10 2 6 10 5 1 10 7 9 10 10 6 10 13 4 10 16 2 11 2 2 11 5 4 11 18 9 11 11 10 11 15 3 11 18 9 12 2 5 12 5 10 12 10 0 12 13 11 12 18 0	£. s. d. 3 7 0 3 9 5 3 11 10 3 14 5 3 17 0 3 19 8 4 2 5 4 8 1 4 11 0 4 14 1 4 17 2 5 0 3 8 5 10 8 5 10 8 5 11 0	£. s. d. 3 14 10 3 17 2 3 19 8 4 2 2 4 4 10 4 7 6 4 10 2 4 13 10 5 1 11 5 5 5 0 5 18 6 6 2 0	£. s. d. 3 4 11 3 7 5 3 10 8 3 12 8 3 15 5 3 18 3 4 1 1 4 4 1 4 7 2 4 10 3 4 13 6 4 16 10 5 0 2 5 3 9 5 7 4 5 10 10 5 14 11 6 3 0	3 12 11 3 15 5 3 18 0 8 4 0 8 4 3 5 4 6 2 4 9 1 4 12 0 4 15 1 4 18 3 5 1 4 9 5 8 2 5 11 8 8 5 18 9 6 2 10

Yrs Pur.	Annuity received.	Oct. 11, Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	nproved at	April 6, Interest produ reserve is ir 4 per Cent.	ced when the nproved at
ত্রিমারেন্ডমার মাত স্কেল্বিন্ডমারেন্ডমারমারমার ৪০. স	£. s. d. 10 7 6 10 10 6 10 13 4 10 16 2 11 2 2 11 5 4 11 8 6 11 11 15 3 11 18 9 12 2 5 12 5 10 12 10 0 12 13 11 12 18 0 13 2 3 13 6 8 13 11 2	£ s. d. 3 5 3 3 8 0 3 10 9 3 13 8 8 3 16 8 8 3 19 8 4 2 10 4 6 0 4 9 4 4 12 9 4 16 3 4 19 11 5 7 6 5 11 5 5 15 6 6 4 1	6. s. d. 3 13 2 3 15 11 3 18 8 4 1 7 4 4 6 4 7 7 4 10 9 4 13 11 4 17 3 5 0 2 5 7 10 5 11 3 5 15 5 6 3 5	\$\cdot \cdot	3 13 5 3 16 5 3 19 5 4 2 7 4 5 9 4 4 12 6 4 16 0 8 5 3 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5

Yrs Pur	Annuity received.	Interest produ	ced when the mproved at	April 6, Interest produ reserve is i 4 per Cent.	ced when the mproved at
্বত্ত কৰি কাল্ড নাম্বাৰ্থ কৰি	£. s. d. 11 5 4 11 8 6 11 11 10 11 15 3 11 18 9 12 2 5 12 10 0 12 13 11 12 18 0 13 2 3 13 6 8 13 11 2 13 15 10 14 0 8 14 5 8 14 10 10	£. s. d. 3 5 8 3 8 11 3 12 3 3 15 8 3 19 2 4 2 9 4 6 3 4 10 4 4 14 4 4 18 5 5 2 7 5 7 0 5 11 6 5 16 2	5. s. d. 3 13 7 3 16 10 4 0 1 4 3 6 4 7 0 4 10 8 4 14 2 4 18 3 5 2 2 5 6 4 5 10 6 5 14 11 5 19 5 6 4 1	3 5 6 3 9 0 3 12 8 3 16 2 4 0 3 4 4 2 4 8 4 4 12 6 4 16 11 5 5 6 1 5 10 11 5 15 11 6 1 2	3 13 7 3 17 1 4 0 9 4 4 3 4 12 3 4 16 5 5 0 7 5 5 9 6 5 14 2 5 19 0 6 4 0

Yis Pür.	received	Interest produ reserve is i	iced when the mproved at	April 6 Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	ced when the nproved at
৪ প্রলাধিতার্লিশ্বেশার বিশ্ব প্রলাধিতারশারতার		4 1 6 4 5 10 4 10 4 4 15 0	. 5 18 2	3 4 11 3 9 1 3 13 6 3 18 8 4 7 6 4 12 7 4 17 9 5 14 6 6 7	3 13 0 3 17 3 4 1 8 4 6 2 4 10 10 4 15 8 5 0 8 5 5 11 5 16 10 6 2 8

vices ties wed we	eremi distri	hen Tull 1400 of at	રહતા વહેલ કે છે	erteal yaine has leavin	
Yrs Pur.	in the state of th	Interest produ reserve is i	mproved at	Contract to the contract of th	, 1800. aced when the mproved at
7.6 144-18 12-18-18-18-14-18 6 5-14-18	£ s. d. 13 11 2 13 15 10 14 0 8 14 5 8 14 10 10 14 16 3 15 1 10 15 7 8 16 0 0 16 6 6 16 13 4 17 0 5 17 7 9	£. s, d. 3	6. s. d. 3 12 4 3 17 0 4 1 11 4 6 11 4 17 6 5 3 1 5 8 10 5 14 11 6 1 2	\$\frac{8}{3} \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	3 16 5 4 1 10 4 7 5 4 13 3 4 19 3 5 5 6 5 12 1 5 18 10 6 6 0

 Yrs Pur.		Interest produ reserve is i	, 1800. aced when the improved at 5 per Cent.	April 6 Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	nced when the mproved at
শ্যালাক 14 শক্ত প্রকারণাঞ্চশার্থলাকশ্ব শব্	£. s. d. 15 7 8 15 13 8 16 0 0 16 6 6 16 13 4 17 0 5 17 7 9 17 15 6 18 3 7 18 12 1 19 0 11	£. s. d. 3 7 2 3 13 2 3 19 6 4 6 0 4 12 9 4 19 11 5 7 3 5 15 0 6 3 1	5. 's. d. 3 15 5 3 1 6 4 7 9 4 14 3 5 1 1 5 8 2 5 15 7 6 3 3	£. s. d. 3 5 6 3 12 4 3 19 5 4 6 10 4 14 6 5 2 7 5 11 1 5 19 11 6 9 3	3 13 9 4 0 7 4 7 8 4 15 1 5 2 10 5 10 11 5 19 4 6 8 2

Yrs Pur	Annuity received.	Interest produ reserve is i	iced when the mproved at	April 6 Interest produ reserve is it 4 per Cent.	iced whe n the mproved at
5 4 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	£. s. d. 17 15 6 18 3 7 18 12 1 19 0 11 19 10 3 20 0 0 20 10 3 21 1 0 21 12 5 22 4 5	£. s. d. 3 10 9 3 18 10 4 7 3 4 16 2 5 5 5 5 15 2 6 5 5	£ s. d 3 19 0 4 7 1 4 15 6 5 4 5 5 13 8 6 3 6	3 8 2 3 17 6 4 7 3 4 17 6 5 8 3 5 19 8 6 11 8	3 16 5 4 5 9 4 15 6 5 5 6 6 7 11

TABLE V.

Shewing the interest which the Imperial Annuities will produce, at a certain rate and price, when such a portion of the annuity received shall be continually reserved and improved, at the rates of 4 and 5 per cent. per annum, compound-interest, as will, at the expiration of the term the annuity has to run, amount to the purchasemoney.

		May 2	, 1795.	Nov. 2	1795.
Yrs	Annuity	Interest produ	ced when the	Interest produ	ced when the
Pur.	received.			referve is in	nproved at
rui.	received.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.
-					
	f. s. d.	f_{\bullet} . s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	f_{s} s. d .
I 5 ³ / ₄ 12 14	6 6 11	3 16 7	4 2 11	3 14 11	4 1 4
$\frac{1}{2}$	690	3 18 8	4 5 0	3 17 0	4 1 4 4 3 5 4 5 6
Ī	6 11 1	4 0 9	4 7 1	3 19 1	4 5 6
3.5	6 13 4	4 2 11	4 9 3	4 1 3	4 7 8
143	6 15 7	4 5 2	4 11 7	4 3 6	4 10 0
14 ³ / ₄ 12 14	6 17 11	4 7 7	4 13 11	4 5 11	4 12 4
<u>ī</u>	7 0 4	4 9 11	4 16 4	4 8 3	4 14 9
14	7 2 10	4 12 6	4 18 10	4 10 10	4 17 3
133	7 5 5 7 8 1	4 15 1	5 I 5	4 13 5	4 19 10
1 2 1 4	78.1	4 17 9	5 4 1	4 16 1	5 2 6
<u> </u>	.7 10 11	5 0 7	5 6 11	4 18 11	5 5 4 5 8 3
13	7 13 10	5 3 6	5 9 10	5 1 10	5 8 3
123	7 16 10	5 6 6	5 12 10	5 4 10	5 11 3
$\frac{1}{2}$	800	5 9 7	5 16 0	5 7 11	5 14 5
1 2 1 4	8 3 3 8 6 8	5 12 10	5 19 3 6 2 8	5 11 2	5 11 3 5 14 5 5 17 8
12		5 16 3	6 2 8	5 14 7	біт
$11\frac{3}{4}$	8 10 2	5 19 10		5 18 2	
$\frac{1}{2}$	8 13 10	6 3 6		6, 1 10	***************************************

(75)

Yrs Pur.	Annuity received.	Interest produ reserve is i	1796. uced when the mproved at 5 per Cent.	Interest produ	nced when the
15 14 12 44 13 12 14 13 12 14 13 12 14 13 12 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	6 s. d. 6 6 11 6 9 0 6 11 1 6 13 4 6 15 7 6 17 11 7 0 4 7 2 10 7 55 5 7 8 1 7 10 11 7 13 10 7 16 10	£. s. d. 3 13 2 3 15 3 3 17 4 3 19 6 4 1 9 4 4 6 6 4 9 1 4 11 8 4 14 4 17 2 5 0 1 5 6 2	£. s. d. 3 19 8 4 1 9 4 3 10 4 8 4 4 10 8 4 13 1 4 15 7 4 18 2 5 0 10 5 3 6 7 5 9 7	£. s. d. 3 11 4 3 13 5 3 15 6 3 17 8 3 19 11 4 2 4 4 4 8 4 7 3 4 9 10 6 4 12 6 4 18 3 5 1 3	£. s. d. 3 17 11 4 0 0 4 2 1 4 4 3 4 6 7 4 8 11 4 11 4 4 13 10 4 16 5 4 19 1 5 1 11 5 4 10 5 7 10
12 1 3 4 1 2 1 4	8 0 0 8 3 3 8 6 8 8 10 2 8 13 10 8 17 9	5 6 2 5 9 5 5 12 10 5 16 5 6 0 1	5 12 9 5 16 0 5 19 5 6 2 11	5 4 4 5 7 7 5 11 0 5 14 7 5 18 3 6 2 1	5 11 0 5 14 3 5 17 8 6 1 2

May 2, 1797. Nov. 2, 1797. Interest produced when the referve is improved at 4 per Cent. 5 per Cent. 6 in	1.					
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Interest produ reserve is i	iced when the mproved at	Interest produ reserve is i	nced when the mproved at
	15 14-1214 14 24-1214 13 12-1214 12 11 12-14	6 6 11 6 9 0 6 11 1 6 13 4 6 15 7 6 17 11 7 0 4 7 2 10 7 5 5 7 8 1 7 10 11 7 13 10 7 16 10 8 0 0 8 3 8 8 10 2 8 13 10 8 17 9	3 9 5 3 11 7 3 13 7 3 15 9 3 18 0 5 4 2 9 4 5 4 4 7 11 4 10 7 4 13 5 4 16 4 4 19 4 5 5 5 8 5 12 8 5 16 4	3 16 0 3 18 1 4 0 2 4 4 4 8 4 7 0 4 9 5 4 11 11 4 14 6 4 17 2 5 0 0 5 2 11 5 5 11 5 12 4 5 15 9 5 19 3	3 7 5 6 7 8 5 14 4 5 18 5 14 4 5 18 5 14 4 5 18 5 14 4 5 18 5 18	3 14 1 3 16 2 3 18 3 4 0 5 4 2 9 4 5 6 4 10 0 4 12 7 4 15 3 4 18 1 5 1 0 0 5 7 2 5 5 13 10 5 17 4

	and the second of	NA are a	TELOS (Nov. 2,	1708.
		101 ay 29	1/90.	Interest produ	ced when the
1	A	Interest produ	ced when the	referve is in	naroved at
Yrs	2 Annuity	reserve is in	nproved at		nproved ac
Pur.	received.	A per Cent.	5 per Cent.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.
, `es	la en var å vis <u>te</u>	T I			
-		f. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	f_{\bullet} s. d_{\bullet}
	f. s. d.	1 ~	7.3	2 2 I	3 9 11
I 53	6 6 11	3 5 4 3 7 5	J	3 3 1 3 5 2	3 12 0
<u> </u>	690	3 7 5		3 5 2	3 14
153412114	6 9 0	3 5 4 3 7 5 3 9 6	3 16 3	3 7 3	3 4
4	6 13 4		3 18 5	3 7 3 3 9 5	3 16 3
15,	6 13 4 6 15 7	3 13 11	4 0 9	3 11 8	3 18 7
144	6 -2 -7	3 16 4	3 16 3 3 18 5 4 0 9 4 3 1	3 14 I	4 0 11
2	6 17 11	3 11 8 3 13 11 3 16 4 3 18 8	4 5 6	3 16 5	3 12 0 3 14 1 3 16 3 3 18 7 4 0 11 4 3 4
144	7 0 4	3 10 0		3 14 1 3 16 5 3 19 0 4 1 7	4 5 10
14	1 2 10	4 1 3 10	4 8 0	4 1 7	4 8 5
133	7 5 5	4 3 10			4 11 1
Ţ	7 5 5 7 8 1	4 6 6		4 4 3	4 12 11
134	7 10 11	4 6 6	4 16 1		1 7 7
4	7 13 10				4 16 10
13	7 16 10			4 13 0	4 19 10
124	7 16 10		5 5 2		5 3 0
$\mathbf{\hat{z}}$	800				5 6 3
1234 124 124 14	8 0 0 8 3 3 8 6 8	5 1 7	5 11 10	11	4 19 10 5 3 0 5 6 3 5 9 8
12	8 0 0			5 6 4	5 3 0 5 6 3 5 9 8 5 13 2
1134 2 2	8 3 3 8 6 8 8 10 2			. 11	
4	8 13 10	5 12 3		5 10 0	1 7 0
1	8 17 9	5 16 1	6 2 10	. 1)	
4	9 1	1 1. 12 it =		5 17 11	
11		ó —		6 2 2	,
103	196	J (•		

$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				and the second second
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		Annuity received. Interest produced whe reserve is improved 4 per Cent. 5 per C	en the Interest p I at reserve Cent. 4 per Ce	oroduced when the is improved at ent. 5 per Cent.
14 7 2 10 3 16 7 4 3 7 3 14 1 1 4 3 7 3 16 9 4 3 7 3 16 9 4 3 6 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 16 9 4 3 3 19 5 4 11 3 4 17 17 4 8 2 4 12 12 4 18 4 17 7 4 8 2 4 15 16 18 4 18 18 4 12 4 18 4 18 4 18 18 4 18 4 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 <td< td=""><td>15 14 2 14 3 14 2 14 2 14 2 14 2 14 2 14 2</td><td>6. 9 0 3 2 10 3 4 11 3 1 6 13 4 3 7 1 3 1 9 3 1 6 15 7 3 19 4 7 2 10 3 16 7 4 7 5 5 5 3 19 3 4 7 10 11 4 4 9 4 1 11 4 7 10 11 4 4 9 4 1 11 4 7 10 11 4 4 9 4 1 1 1 4 7 10 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 8 10 8 10 2 5 1 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10</td><td>9 9 1 10 3 2 4 0 3 4 6 4 3 6 8 8 3 9 1 1 3 14 6 2 3 16 8 10 3 19 11 8 4 2 14 7 4 8 10 9 4 14 7 5 4 17 10 11 5 1 10 11 5 1 11 6 5 5 18 5 5 5 5</td><td>5 3 9 5 7 3 11 7 10 3 13 11 3 16 8 1 4 1 2 9 4 3 9 5 4 6 5 3 4 9 3 2 4 12 2 2 4 15 2 3 4 18 4 5 1 7 11 5 5 8 6 5 2 5 12 2 5 16 0 6 5 16 0</td></td<>	15 14 2 14 3 14 2 14 2 14 2 14 2 14 2 14 2	6. 9 0 3 2 10 3 4 11 3 1 6 13 4 3 7 1 3 1 9 3 1 6 15 7 3 19 4 7 2 10 3 16 7 4 7 5 5 5 3 19 3 4 7 10 11 4 4 9 4 1 11 4 7 10 11 4 4 9 4 1 11 4 7 10 11 4 4 9 4 1 1 1 4 7 10 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 4 10 8 4 1 7 16 10 8 10 8 10 2 5 1 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	9 9 1 10 3 2 4 0 3 4 6 4 3 6 8 8 3 9 1 1 3 14 6 2 3 16 8 10 3 19 11 8 4 2 14 7 4 8 10 9 4 14 7 5 4 17 10 11 5 1 10 11 5 1 11 6 5 5 18 5 5 5 5	5 3 9 5 7 3 11 7 10 3 13 11 3 16 8 1 4 1 2 9 4 3 9 5 4 6 5 3 4 9 3 2 4 12 2 2 4 15 2 3 4 18 4 5 1 7 11 5 5 8 6 5 2 5 12 2 5 16 0 6 5 16 0

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Yrs Annuity Pur. received	Interest produ	ced when the nproved at	Nov. 2, Interest produce reserve is in 4 per Cent.	ced when the
14 7 0 14 7 2 134 7 5 7 8 7 10 13 7 13	d. £ s. d. 4 3 2 0 7 3 4 3 11 3 6 8 4 3 9 0 10 3 11 6 5 3 14 2 1 3 16 10 11 3 19 8 10 4 2 7 10 4 5 7 0 4 8 8 3 4 11 11 8 4 15 4 2 4 18 11 10 5 2 7 9 5 6 5 5 10 6	£. s. d. 3 9 0 3 11 8 3 13 8 3 16 1 3 18 7 4 1 2 4 3 10 4 6 8 4 9 7 4 12 7 4 15 9 4 19 0 5 2 5 5 5 10 5 9 7 5 13 6 6 1 9	4 19 10	\$ 5. 4. 3 6 4 3 8 8 3 11 0 3 13 5 3 15 11 3 18 6 4 1 2 4 4 6 11 4 13 1 4 16 4 4 19 9 5 3 11 5 10 9 5 14 10 6 3 6

Yrs Pur.	Annuity received.	May 2, Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	ced when the nproved at	Nov. 2, Interest produ reserve is in 4 per Cent.	ced when the
14 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	£. s. d. 7 2 10 7 5 5 1 7 10 11 7 13 10 7 16 10 8 0 0 8 3 3 8 8 10 2 8 13 10 8 17 9 9 10 5 9 10 5	3 16 11 3 19 11 4 3 1 4 6 4 4 9 8 4 13 3 4 16 11 5 0 10 5 4 10 5 9 1 5 13 6 5 18 2	5 12 2 5 16 5 6 0 10	3 8 1 3 10 11 3 13 10 3 16 10 4 0 0 4 3 3 4 6 8 4 10 2 4 13 10 4 17 9 5 6 0 5 10 5 5 15 1 6 0 0	3 15 3 3 18 1 4 1 0 4 7 2 4 10 5 4 13 10 4 17 4 5 1 10 5 4 11 5 8 11 5 13 2 5 17 7 6 2 3

OBSERVATIONS ON AND USES OF THE FOREGOING TABLES.

THE growing interest on the several public funds affecting the values of their current prices, in order to discover the true prices it is necessary to deduct the said interest.

As the days belonging to the two half-yearly dividends, for any fund, are unequal in number, and vary in different funds, Table I. was calculated to shew the proportionate interest in each respective fund for every day in the year, according to the two divisions. The interest in this Table is given only to the nearest penny of the exact amount; the uses for which it was calculated not requiring a greater degree of exactness.

As no comparison or judgement can be well formed, concerning the advantage or disadvantage a buyer or seller may derive from the current prices of the public sunds, without knowing what interest a certain sum invested at such current prices would yield; Table II. was calculated to shew what annual interest £ 100 sterling would yield, when invested, at any probable price, in one of the several sunds, paying 3, $3\frac{1}{2}$, 4, or 5 per Cent.*

In order to find what annual interest £100 sterling will yield, when invested at any time in the public funds,

paying

paying one of the several rates of interest contained in Table II. deduct the amount of the growing interest for the time, (to be found in Table I.) together with the charge of brokerage, &c. from the current price the fund is at, and call the remainder the true price; then, in Table II. under the proper rate of interest, seek the price nearest thereto, in a line with which, in the last column, the interest will be found, which £ 100 sterling so invested will produce.

The difference between the real interests produced by any funds, shewn as above, with allowance for certain contingencies,* will furnish a criterion by which to determine with regard to sale or purchase.

All or most of the Tables already extant on terminable annuities are calculated to shew the years purchase they must be at, according to the several times they have to run, so as to produce a certain interest, in case such a reserve from the interest actually received be from time to time constantly improved, at exactly the rate of this certain interest, in order to realize the sum laid out at the period when the annuity shall cease. Such Tables being too circumscribed in the interest actually produced to be of much use in forming comparisons between different terminable annuities, occasioned Tables III. IV. and V. to be calculated for the purpose of comparing the Long, Short, and Imperial Annuities with each other, or with the other funds. The principles upon which these Tables are formed, and which is a test whereby to try their

exactness,

^{*} With regard to the title of Table II. it may be remarked, that from the circumstance of the variation in the prices of the several funds being by eighths, money cannot be invested at many of the particular prices therein given. The purpose of this Table, however, is to shew the several prices the different funds must be at to produce an equal interest, and its particular use is to distinguish what the different funds, divested of their growing interest, will yield.

^{*} The interest produced by the 3 per Cent. Confols is always less than the interest produced by the 4 per Cent. Confols or 5 per Cent. Navy; which difference would probably be greatest, when either or both these funds are near or above par: since the capital of the 4 per Cents is now redeemable, and the capital of the 5 per Cents will be also, as soon as twenty-five millions of the 3 per Cent. Annuities are paid off.

exactness, is that the portion of the annuity reserved, if constantly improved half-yearly at the given rate of interest, will amount to the purchase-money at the periods when those respective annuities will terminate. With regard to the Long and Short Annuities, it should be remembered that the half-yearly payments, on the former, end Oct. 10, 1859, and, on the latter, Oct. 10, 1807, after which times one quarter of a year's annuity is payable

In order to find what annual interest £ 100 sterling will yield, when invested at any time in any of the terminable annuities contained in Tables III. IV. and V. deduct the amount of the growing interest for the time, (to be found in Table I.) together with the charge of brokerage, &c. from the current price of the respective annuity, and call the remainder the true price; then, under the day and date next after the time the last payment was due, and in a line with the title years purchase, nearest corresponding to the true price, the interest will be found which froo sterling so invested will produce. For the purpose of obtaining a greater degree of exactness in the interest produced, which I particularly recommend, inflead of feeking the nearest interest, find the proportionate difference between the limits next above and next below the true price, and add it to the interest next above the true price. The difference between the real interests produced by the Long, Short, or Imperial Annuities, or of any other funds, shewn as before, will furnish a criterion by which to determine with regard to fale or purchase. From the uncertainty of the future rate of interest which it may be possible to improve money at, and from the trouble there must necessarily be in realizing a capital by half-yearly investments, the terminable annu(8r)

ities should recompense the purchaser by yielding an immediate advantage beyond what the perpetual annuities would at any time yield. where the companies of the contract of the second south

and blood in something the car broken of though to manner bedetter garner . Electric Me Control of professioner

olderangul Granes of work & har interest and a sale a direction

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Way a give of the bear BXAMPLES.

confuged in Pables Idla of W. and V. dedect the Let it be required to compare the under-mentioned funds, on the 20th of Oct, 1795.

3per Cent. 14per Cent. 115 per Cent. berraut and a desir grade Confolsaut Confolsaut Confolsaut Davy. Louis de de Lord sond a Lords de Current Prices . 67 2 6 82 0 0 100 2 6 Growing Interest is Amagianna sy with 2s. 6d. Bro-True Prices . . 66 2 . 7 81 15 3

AnnualInterest produced by £100 ferling nath the

true Prices . . . 4 10 8 4 17 9 5 1 5

Hence it appears that the 4 per Cents, at the above prices, yield 7s. id. greater interest than the 3 per Cent. Confols; and that the 5 per Cents yield 10s. 9d. greater interest than the 3 per Cent. Consols, and 3s. 8d. greater interest than the 4 per Cents at the given

miniable annuities on the 21st of Oct. 1795.	7 700	11	ÞÖ.
Yrs Long Yrs Pur. Annuities. Pur.	I Ani	one ouit	
Growing Interest* 5. s. d. 18 $\frac{13}{16}$ or 18 16 3 8 $\frac{7}{16}$ or 7	8	s. 8 0	9
True Prices 18 15 8		8	
Greater and less limits. Annual interest produced at $18\frac{1}{2}$ years purchase when the referve is reckoned at 4 per cent.		s.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Ditto at 19 years purchase	4	-81	4
Difference Ditto at £18:15:8		4	
	4.		
Greater and search purchase when the re- less limits. Annual interest produced at 83 years purchase when the re- serve is reckoned at 4 per			<u>.</u>
cent	5 5		8 2
Difference	0	3	6
Ditto at £8:8:2	5	9	9

Hence it appears that the Short-Annuities, at the above prices, yield 10s. 2d. greater interest than the Long-Annuities.

(83)

Let it be required to find whether the Imperial-Annuities, taking them for the opening, (which suppose may be on the 14th of Nov.) at 13¹/₁₀ years purchase, will yield more or less interest than the Long and Short Annuities in the foregoing example:

	-		_
True Price	13	0	6
Growing Interest	0	0	9
13 1 or	13	I.	3
	. f.	s.	11

Greater and less limits.

Annual interest produced at 13

years purchase, when the referve is improved at 4 per cent. is

Ditto at 13½ years purchase... 5 1 10

Difference 5 1 10

Difference 5 1 6

Hence it appears that the Imperial Annuities, in the above example, yield 1s. 11d. more than the Long-Annuities in the foregoing example, and 8s. 3d. lefs than the Short-Annuities.

M

रेतृत हैं। देहें का मुंजरिय का पहांच्छे कार्य करने बुद्धानिक दें। हेर्स्ट्राम

STATE.

^{*} When a fum, to the amount of £ 100, is to be laid out in the purchase of terminable annuities, the charge of brokerage is too trifling to be worth notice.

STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL DEBT,

At Midfummer, 1795.

		(84	.)						
Interest and Management.	£1,101,393: 5: 3	0:0:549,675:0:0	1,264,895: 4:11	4,921,414:10: 4	30,450: 0: 0	356,502: 3: 5		735,974: 13: 11		58,667:15:6	£10,147,972:13:4
Principal.	£21,831,382:16: 7	41,500,000: 0: 0	41,540,073:16:4	142,649,696: 5: 14	o:0:000;000;I	0:0:0086,8801	3,662,784: 8: 6	11,907,470: 2: 7	8,494,830: 2:10	0:0:00961641	£ 286,192,637: 11: 114
	(a) 5 per Cent. Bank Annuities —	4 per Cent, Confolidated Annuities	3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities	3 per Cent. Confolidated Annuities	3 per Cent. Annuities, 1726	Bank Stock	South-Sea Stock	Old South-Sea Annuities	New South-Sea Annuities	South-Sea Annuities, 1751	Carried forward,

	(85)	
£10,147,972:13: 4 862,615: 0:10 422,881:15: 5 61,720:18: 7 540: 0: 0 18,180: 3:11 80,222:18: 2	£ 11,594,133:10:3	£ 12,213,912: 14: 3
Brought forward, £286,192,637:11:11\frac{1}{4} Present value of the Long-Annuities — 18,048,227: 1:5 Ditto — of the Short-Annuities — 3,976,704: 1:10 (b) Ditto — of Life-Annuities — 493,767: 8:8 (c) Annuities on Lives with survivorship, 1765 18,000: 0:0 (d) Tontine-Annuities, 1789 — — 290,883: 2:8 (e) Present value of Exchequer-Annuities 634,781: 5:3	Funded Debt £ 309,655,000: II: 9\frac{1}{4} (f) Navy, Victualling, and Ordnance Bills, about 6,000,000: 0:: 0 Exchequer-Bills 3,500,000: 0:: 0 Ditto on Vote of Credit 2,500,000: 0:: 0 Deficiency of Ways and Means 395,584: 0:: 0	Total of the National Debt, and of $\{\xi_{322,050,584:II}: g^{\pm}_{4}\}$

- (2) Mr. Cassin, in his Compendium for the year 1795, states the capital of this stock £21,682,341:17:7, in consequence of having added to its former amount £1,863,018:3:2, being the amount of the Navy-Bills funded in the present year; instead of £2,012,059:12:2, the amount of stock created thereby.
- (b) The amount of these Annuities is given as they stood 5th Jan. 1791, and the value at 8 years purchase. In Mr. Cassin's Annual Compendium, the amount of Life and Tontine Annuities is stated £110,158:12:7, which is formed by £67,296:11:7, the amount of the Life-Annuities in 1786, and £42,862:1, the sum stated in the Report of the Select Committee, as the annual payment on the Tontine according to the proportion paid in 1791; but, as part of the shares of the latter were exchanged for Long-Annuities, and are included in that article of the debt, only the remaining shares should be charged under the head of Tontine-Annuities, the annuity on the nominees of the Treasury being reserved for the use of government.
- (c) In Mr. Morgan's statement of the National Debt, there is an error of the press, making the sum subscribed on these annuities £1,800 instead of £18,000. In the same statement £64,574 is given as the amount in 1783 of Life-Annuities granted in 1745, 1746, 1757, and 1782; but no Life-Annuities were granted in 1782; and the sum mentioned is the amount of those of the three former years, in 1782, (according to Dr. Price,) exclusive of those granted in 1778 and 1779.
- (d) These annuities are valued at only 16 years purchase, but it will probably be about 80 years before the 10,000 shares are reduced to 10.
- (e) The Exchequer-Annuities have different periods to run; but they are taken at the average of 10 years.
- (f) The interest on the whole of the Unfunded Debt is taken at 5 per

(87)

The foregoing statement shews the present amount of the National Debt, according to the most usual method of estimating the same; but it must be observed, that although the public creditors are bound to accept f.100 for every hundred of their capital, yet government are by no means obliged to redeem the debt on this condition, but are at liberty to pay off any part of the same, on fuch terms as the proprietors are willing to accept; and, as the majority of stockholders would consent to be paid off, upon being offered a small advantage beyond the price at which they could otherwise have disposed of their stock, it may be thought a fairer mode of estimating the capital of the debt, by stating the amount according to the rate at which government might at prefent be able to liquidate or redeem any part of the same. This method, however, being founded upon the suppofition that the public creditors would confent to be paid off at a small addition to the market price, is liable to the objection, that it makes the amount of the same debt to vary, with different political circumstances and other causes that affect the current price. It may likewise be remarked, that the redemption of a confiderable part of the capital, bearing a certain rate of interest, would raise the price of the remainder; and, consequently, that no stock consisting of a large capital, if under par, could be paid off or bought up on the same terms as a small part thereof. For the fatisfaction, however, of fuch persons as approve of this mode of estimating the capital of the debt, the following statement is given according to the present price of stocks.

89)

Capital of the NATIONAL DEBT, at the following Prices of the Funds

	•				(88	,)	
£21,831,382:16:7	34,030,000: 0: 0	149,317,040: 13: 10	16,207,353: 1: 8	3,555,830:17:9	432,046: 7: I	7,560: 0: 0 88	254,522:14:10	534,505: 7: 2	£226,170,241:18:11 12,395,584: 0: 0
£ 21,831,382:16: 7 Five per Cents: at par	41,500,000: 0: 0 Four per Cents, at 82	222,861,254:15: 4 Three per Cents, at 67*	853,018:11: 8 Long-Annuities, at 19 years purchase		61,720:18: 7 Life-Annuities, at 7 years purchase —	540: 0: 0 Life-Annuities, 1765, at 14 years purchase	18,180: 3: 11 Tontine-Annuities, 1789, at 14 years purchase	76,357:18: 2 Exchequer-Annuities, at 7 years purchase	Unfunded Debt

cent, intereft are here

£238,565,825:18:1F

Total Capital

Of the Sinking-Fund.

The plan of paying off the national debt, by the fund formerly existing under the name of the finking fund, was projected by Earl Stanhope, and carried into execution, in March, 1717, by an act of 3 Geo. I. by which the furplusses remaining of the Aggregate Fund, South-Sea Fund, and General Fund, were formed into a separate fund, under the above title, for the purpose of discharging fuch debts as were contracted before the 25th of Dec. in that year. But although the act, which was worded as strong as possible, expressly ordains that this fund shall be applied to the discharge of the public debts, and to no other use or purpose whatever, it was within twelve years from its establishment charged with the interest of new loans; and, in 1733, the gross sum of half a million was taken from it towards the supplies. At that time the medium annual produce of the fund for five years had been £1,212,000, but the alienation of it being continued, no greater part of the public debts than about 18 millions and a half were discharged by the fund, from this period to the year 1786; when, in consequence of a new arrangement of the public accounts, the distinctions of Aggregate, South-Sea, General, and Sinking Funds, were abolished, being all included under one general head, called the Confolidated Fund. In the same year, a new scheme for liquidating the public debts was proposed, formed upon one of three different plans, which were communicated to the Minister by Dr. Price, and have been since published

by Mr. Morgan, in " a Review of Dr. Price's Writings, &c." In order to establish this plan, the surplus of the revenue, which was stated to be f 010,201, was, by new taxes, raifed to one million, which annual fum is, by 26 Geo III. c. 31, vested in certain commissioners, who are, the Speaker of the House of Commons, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Mafter of the Rolls, the Accountant-General of the Court of Chancery, and the Governor and Deputy-Governor of the Bank, for the time being respectively. This million is to be issued in four equal quarterly payments, and is to be applied either in paying off such redeemable annuities as shall be at or above par, in such manner as shall be directed by suture acts of parliament, or in the purchase of annuities below par at the market-price. The dividends on the sums redeemed or purchased, with the annuities for lives or terms that fall in or expire, and the fums that may be faved by any reduction of interest, are to be added to the fund, which is to continue thus increasing till it shall amount to 4 millions annually; which it was computed would be in about 26 years, when upwards of 56 millions of stock will have been redeemed. From this time the dividends on fuch capital as shall in future be paid off or purchased by the commissioners, with such annuities as may afterwards fall in, are to be at the disposal of parliament.

The commissioners are directed by the act to make their purchases " in equal portions, as nearly as may be, " on every day (Saturday's and Monday's excepted) on " which the fame shall be transferable." So that they purchase about £5,000 a day, on four days in every week, in which there are no holidays. They are impowered to subscribe towards any public loan, to be raised by act of parliament, upon perpetual annuities, subject to redemp-

tion at par: and an account of the sums issued to them. and of the stock purchased to the 1st of February in every year, is to be annually laid before parliament on or before the 15th of February. The purchases have been hitherto all made in the 3 per cents, probably with the view of redeeming the 5 per cents, or of inducing the proprietors to agree to a reduction of the interest at the time when they shall become redeemable.

The progress of the fund to the year 1791 will appear by the following statement. Total amount of 3 per cent. stock purchased by the commissioners to Feb. 1, 1791 --4.6,772,350:0:0For which the fum paid was Arifing as follows: By annual million £4,750,000: 0:0 By dividends on flock purchased By Short-Annuities of 1777 expired By annuities unclaimed or determined ___ 134,585: 14:7 $\{.5,4^{2},592:4:7\}$ The sum at this time applicable to the purchase of flock was £ 1,254,804: 14: 6, as under. Annual million f_{i} 1,000,000: 0:0 Interest on stock purchased 203,170:10:0 Annuities of 1777 25,000: 0:0 Annuities unclaimed 22,030: 14:6

Annuities expired 4,603:10:0 (1,254,804: 14:6 N 2

The sum received by the commissioners, and expended in the purchase of stock during the last year, ending the 31st of January, 1795, was £1,872,200: 4: 2, and the total amount of stock purchased from the 1st of August, 1786, to the 5th of April last, was as follows:

3 per Cent. Confols — £7,653,700
3 per Cent. Reduced — 3,960,050
Old South-Sea Annuities — 2,008,400
New South-Sea Annuities — 1,620,000
3 per Cents, 1751 — 480,900
£15,723,050

(93)

The annual interest on this amount of 3 per cent. Stock is £471,691:10, which gives nearly 4 per cent. on £11,963,101:15:11, the sum that has been paid for the same.

The appropriation of £1 per cent. on every new loan will, if invariably applied and improved, at the rate of 5 per cent. interest, redeem the principal in about 37 years; but, at the rate which the money hitherto invested produces, it will require about 42 years to discharge the same.

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* Instead of the Interior Nowingation March.

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	240.000	
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Builes	36.000	
Spirits	220.000	
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Gugar	280,000	
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Gold and Silve Plate	30,000	
Insurance from Fire	35,000.	1916 12
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