# 128-2

01234567896

THE RFPORT

OFTHE

Lords Committees,

Appointed by the

House of Lords

To View and Confider the

Publick RECORDS;

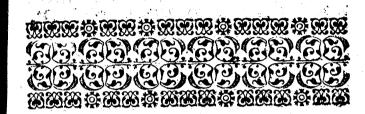
AS ALSO,

In what Manner and Place the fame are now kept: Together with their Lordships Address to His MAJESTY thereupon, and His MAJESTIES most Gracious Answer.

LONDON,

Printed by John Baskett, Printer to the Kings most Excellent Majesty, And by the Assigns of Thomas Newcomb, and Henry Hills, deceased. MDCCXIX.

(3)



Die Jovis 16 Aprilis, 1719.

THE Earl of Claren-don Reported from the Lords Committees, who by Order of this House, of the Ninth of De-cember last, were di-rested to View the Records of the Court of Chancery in the Tower, and those fit to be carried thither; and to Consider what Place there is proper to re-ceive them; and likewise

(4)

wise to View all such other Publick Records as they shall think sit, and in what Manner and Place the same are now kept, as follows.



HAT their Lordships did, in the first place, Send for and Examine the Two Senior

Six Clerks of the Court of Chancery; who acquainted their Lordships, That there were a vast Quantity of Bills, Answers, Depositions of Witnesses, and other Pleadings, from the Reign of King Charles the First, which about Six Years since, were bundled up and put into a proper Condition

(5)

Condition to be Transmitted to the Tower; but upon Enquiry there, it was faid, That there was no Reception for them in the Record Room: However Sir Christopher Wren having, by the Direction of the then Lord Chancellor, view'd several Places in the Tower, and found a handsom Room there, as he thought proper to be fitted up for receiving and keeping the said Records, Application had been made to the Treasury concerning this Matter; between whom, and the Officers of Ordnance, who Claim'd that Room, there has been a Difpute, which is not yet determin'd. The said Six Clerks further inform'd the Committee, A 3

(6)

mittee, That the last Transmittance of the Chancery Records to the Tomer was in the Year 1674, and that an Order was made the 6th of August, 1712. by the then Master of the Rolls, for the like Transmittance of such Records from the Beginning of King Charles the Second to the Beginning of the late King Fames, a Copy whereof they deliver'd to the Committee; and being enquir'd of, in what Manner those Records now lie at the Six Clerks Office, and whether Recourse could be had to them, they Answer'd, That the said Records were in Safety, and had not yet receiv'd any Damage; but that it was very difficult

(7)

difficult to find any thing in them as they at present lie.

The Committee likewise Examin'd Mr. Saunderson, Deputy Usher of the Rolls, touching certain Records and Papers, which their Lordships had been inform'd appear'd to View upon pulling down the Old House of the Master of the Rolls; who acquainted the Committee, That there were a vast Quantity of Papers which lay in a confus'd manner, and confifted of Bills, Answers, and Proceedings in Chancery, from the Time of Queen Elizabeth downwards; also Depositions, Dockets, and Writs, but no Decrees; and that those Papers were of like Nature with

(8)

with those in the Six Clerks Office; but they being very numerous, wou'd take up a great deal of Time to put them up fit to be Transmitted to the Tower: Whereupon their Lordships are of Opinion, Directions shou'd be given for putting up the said Papers to be so Transmitted, as likewise any old Bills and Answers, or other Proceedings, which may be found not already bundled up in the Six Clerks Office.

The Committee after this repair'd to the Tower of London themselves; and being there attended by Mr. Topham and Mr. Holmes, their Lordships first View'd the Office of Records, and found the loose

(9)

loose Papers and Parchments, which heretofore lay in great Confusion within the Chapel of the White Tower, were most of them forted and put into Order of Time in an excellent Manner, in pursuance of several Reports from former Committees of this House for Records, and Applications thereupon to the Crown; but Complaint being still made of the want of Room for receiving and distinctly dispofing the Publick Papers and Records remaining to be put in Order, The Committee were of Opinion, that a large Room on the East-side of the White Tower, adjoyning to Casar's Chapel, being Sixty Four Foot long, and Thirty One

(10)

One Foot wide, shou'd be allotted for that Use and Purpose, as well as for the Reception of the Records to be Transmitted from the Court of Chancery: And their Lordships thereupon directed a Plan to be made of the said Room, and an Estimate of the Charge of sitting up the same; which having been made accordingly, the said Estimate amounts to about 330 1.

The Committee on this Occasion crave Leave further to Observe to Your Lordships, That it appearing to them, that the Floor of Casar's Chapel being much broken and subjected to the raising of Dust, to the Damage of the Records,

are

(11)

are of Opinion, that the same ought to be Boarded in the plainest and strongest Manner.

The Committee having received Information, That a great Quantity of Records and Papers of the late Court of Wards, which some Years fince were brought from a House belonging to the King's Fishmonger in Fish-Yard, over the Princes Chamber, and lately remov'd from thence over the Black Rods Room, are Lodg'd there, with divers Ancient Records of the Court of Requests, where they now lie in great Disorder; their Lordships took a View of the same, and directed Mr. Anstis, Garter King of Arms, to Inspect (12)

the faid Records in order to the Placing them in a proper Method: Who having accordingly made fuch Inspection, deliver'd a Memorial concerning them to the Effect following, viz.

That if it was their Lordfhips Pleasure to have those
Records or Papers digested into Order, and to Annex the
Keeping of them to the Office
of Garter King of Arms, he
was willing to Undertake the
Care thereof; these Instruments taken upon Oath being
the most certain Proofs of the
Descents of the Nobility and

Mr. Anthy

Gentry, &c.
In which Case he humbly
Propos'd, That each Instrument shou'd be Reduc'd according

(13)

cording to Order of Time, with regard to the Subject Matter of it, and the Contents put into Calendars with Three Indexes; One of the Sirnames, the other of Lands, and the Third of Matters, all Alphabetically disposed under the particular Counties; and that the loofe Papers, whereof there where an Immense Quantity, might be Bound into Volumes (if they appear'd to be of Value) for preserving and keeping them constantly in the same Method.

That the Expence of New Binding such Books as want it, and of the Paper for making Indexes, &c. shou'd be, from time to time, repaid, with

### (14)

with other Incident Charges, upon laying particular Accounts thereof before the Lords of the Treasury for the time being.

These Instruments consisting of Duplicates of Inquifitions post Mortem, and Proceedings of course in the Court of Wards, fuch as Liveries, Ouster le mains, Primier Seifins, Proofs of Age, Tenures of Lands, and Services thereof, together with Proceedings in Cases of Controversies, and a great Quantity of old Deeds, wou'd require much Time and Pains to be put into Method; fo that if their Lordships thought reasonable, that Three Clerks should be allow'd (who have been Conversant in Matters

#### ( 15 )

Matters of Record) to be employ'd, with fuch Salaries as shou'd be judg'd proper, those Persons might be Sworn before One of the Barons of the Exchequer (the faid Papers relating formerly to the Revenue) not to Embezil or Alter any of them, or any other Papers under their Charge: And if he was permitted the Liberty of Nominating them, he wou'd be Answerable for their Abilities, Integrity, and Progress in that Affair; as also that the Catalogues shou'd be Transmitted to the Clerk of the Parliaments, Subscrib'd by him the said Garter, as a Charge upon himself, to be afterwards Sign'd in like manner by the Suc-

# (16)

Successive Garters Kings of Arms; and the same, if thought necessary, might be Printed for that Purpose, as well as for the Publick Service.

The Books, Parchments, and Papers, belonging to the Court of Requests, shou'd be placed according to the Catalogue of them formerly Printed by Sir Julius Casar; and when the Contents of them are better known, a farther Account shou'd be laid before their Lordships.

And submitted it to their Lordships, whether it were not necessary to have His Majesties Warrant for these Purposes, if their Lordships Approv'd thereof.

The

### (17)

The Committee having been likewise inform'd by the said Mr. Anstis, That several Bags of Records hung up by the Pell-Office in the Exchequer, some of which were thought very Valuable, and no way belonging to that Office; their Lordships sent for and Examin'd Mr. Sadler, Deputy Clerk of the Pells in relation thereunto; who acquainted the Committee, That he believ'd they were brought thither at the Time of the Fire which happen'd at White-Hall in the Reign of King James the First, and had been told some of them were very Valuable, but not at all as he apprehended belonging to the Revenue: Whereupon immediate Order ( **18** )

was given for bringing the faid Bags to the Committee; and the same being brought accordingly, there were found to be Twenty one Bags full of Records; which being by Direction of their Lordships Seal'd up and Mark'd, the same at present remain in the Custody of Mr. Incledon, Your Lordships House-keeper.

And on Consideration of the said Memorial laid before the Committee by the said Mr. Anstis, and of the Nature of the said Records, Papers, or Writings, contain'd in the said Twenty one Bags; their Lordships are of Opinion, That it will be for the Service of the Publick to have the several Records, Papers, or Writings, men-

(19)

mention'd in the said Memorial, and contain'd in the said Twenty one Bags, digested into Order, and for that pupose that they may be placed under the Care of the faid Mr. Anstis, whom We Conceive to be a very proper Person to Methodize the same; and that he may be Ordered to make fuch Calendars and Indexes thereof, as are mentioned by him in his faid Memorial; and that such of the loose Papers as shall appear to him to be of Value, may be Bound up for the better preserving and rendring them more Useful; and that Catalogues of fuch Records and Papers aforesaid, as soon as the same can be perfected, may be Transmit(20)

mitted by the faid Mr. Anstis to the Clerk of the Parliaments.

And for as much as We Conceive the Work aforesaid will necessarily require the Assistance of Three Clerks to perfect the same, in any reasonable Time, according to the Proposal of the said Mr. Anssis, it seems reasonable to us, that he may have such Assistance of Clerks, and that such Recompence may be made the said Mr. Anstis, and his Clerks, as shall be thought proper.

And in regard some large and convenient Place is necessary for the keeping and preserving the several Records or Papers mentioned in the said Mr. Anstis's Memorial, and

(2I)

and contain'd in the faid Twenty one Bags, their Lordships have been at the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, to see if there was any Place which might be thought proper for Repositing and Preserving the said Records or Papers; and having Survey'd several Upper-Rooms and Apartments, conceive, That an Upper-Room on the Southfide of the faid Cathedral, over the Isle on the Left Hand of the South-Door, which is near the Herald's Office, is a very convenient Place for that Purpose; and their Lordships having had an Opportunity to Discourse with the Dean and some of the Chapter of the said Cathedral Church, B 3

(22)

Church, have good reason to believe, there will be no Difficulty in obtaining the Confent of that Body. And the Committee having, in pursuance of a Request made by their Lordships, received a Plan or Scheme of fitting up the said Room for that Use, with an Estimate of the Charge thereof, the same amounts to Seven hundred and eight Pounds.

The Committee understanding, That divers Records, in the Custody, and
under the Care of the Deputy
Chamberlains of the Exchequer, were in great Disorder, if not in a Dangerous
Condition, their Lordships
sent for and examin'd the
said

(23)

said Deputy Chamberlains; who acknowledg'd there were a great many Records in their Custody, which were in a confus'd Condition, and liable to Ruin for want of an Allowance for Hands to put them in Order; and being ask'd, if they could give a particular Account of the Nature of them, they deliver'd to the Committee an Account accordingly, as drawn up some Years ago by Mr. Lowe and Mr. Le Neve, late Deputy Chamberlains, which is as follows.

BA

An

(25)

An Account of the Several
Records in the Court of
the Receipt of the Exchequer, in the Custody of the
Lord Treasurer, or the
Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the Time being, the Chamberlains of the Exchequer, and their Deputies.



IRST, Foreign Records, as Leagues or Treaties betwixt the respective Kings of this Realm, and the Foreign (26)

Kings, Princes, Dukes, Earls, and Common-wealths of Europe, Scil. The Empire, France, Spain, Scotland, Denmark, Holland, Flanders, Castile, Portugal, Aragon. Burgundy, Genoa, &c. from before the Time of King Edward I. (together with many Bulls of fundry Popes) to the Time of King James I. inclusive (but not fince) with many Letters and Cyphers of Ambassadors in their Negotiations in Henry the Eighth's Time, &c.

Secondly, Domestick Records, wherein are Comprized such as concern, first Matters of Estate and the Crown only, as several Rolls, Deeds, Papers,

(27)

Papers, and Books, relating to the Dissolutions of the Abbies, Suppression of the Pope's Supremacy, and Acknowledging King Henry the Eighth, the Marriages and Divorce of that King, several Original Parliament Rolls of the Time of King Edward the First, the Wills of the Kings, Henry the Seventh and Eighth, with an Exemplification of the last fundry Broad-Seals and Privy-Seals Cancelled for Loans of Money, several Books cover'd with Blue Velvet, and Embossed with Silver, touching the Foundation of Henry the Seventh's Chapel, and Agreements between that King and the Abbot of Wemin-Iter,

#### (28)

fler, for Masses, &c. to be faid in that Chapel for his Soul; A Box fealed with the Seals of the Right Honourable Charles Mountague. Esq: Chancellor of the Exchequer, late Lord Halifax, and John Smith, Esq; Privy-Councellors, wherein are certain old Affays of Gold and Silver, fmall Wedges of Silver, old fmall Weights, old Rolls of the Trial of the Pix, Warrants and Accounts thereof. which were in a Bag of Cordovar quite rotten, and by Order of the Council they were put into this Box and fealed up likewise; the Assays of Gold of several Kings Reigns, &c. with many others of the like Nature, Scil.

Scil. the Exemplification of Sir Thomas Gresham's Will, Kt. &c.

Thirdly, The Records of the King's Court from Richard the First's Time to King John and King Henry the Third, part of his Reign inclusive, before the Division thereof into the Courts of King's Bench and Common-Pleas; the Rolls of the Records call'd the King's Bench, of the Times of King H. 3. R. 2. H. 4. H. 5. inclusive, Entitled Placita cor am Domino Rege; the Rolls of the Court of Common-Pleas of the Reigns of the Kings H. 3. E. 1 E. 2. E. 3. R. 2. H./4. H. 5. H. 6. E. 4. and H. 7. inclusive, (30)

inclusive, but none since, by reason of the Neglect of the respective Officers of those Courts to Transmit them to the King's Treasury; these being called Placita de Banco Temporibus, &c.

Fourthly, The several Fines of Lands Levied in all the Counties of England, from the Reign of King R. t. to the Year, 1660. inclusive, transmitted from the Custos Brevium Office.

Fifthly, The Rolls of Affizes and Pleas of the Crown afore the Justices Itinerant, in almost all the Counties of England, call'd Placita furator' & Assisar' coram Justiciar's Itinerantibus in diversis Comitatibus Anglia, & Placita Corona, in the Reigns

(31)

Reigns of the Kings H. 3. E. i. E. 2. E. 3. and other Reigns, the Placita Aula of several Kings Reigns, Scil. E. 1. E. 2. & E. 3. Rotulus Marescalcia Tempore E. 1. the Pleadings of the Quo Warranto's, of the Times of King E. I. E. 2. E. 3. in most Counties of England, together with those of the Islands of Fersey and Guernsey, most of which are Bound up with the Assize-Rolls of those Reigns.

Sixthly, Old Evidences and Deeds, many Accounts of Auditors, Receivers, &c. and Surveys, and Court-Rolls of divers Honours, Manors, Lands, and Tenements, in England and Wales, which came to the Possession of several Kings of

Eng-

(32)

England, the Princes of Wales. and Dukes of Cornwall, by Purchase, Exchange, Forfeiture, or Escheat, from the Reign of King E. 1. to the time of King H. 8. Inclusive, with Surveys of Deeds, Court-Rolls, &c. of the lesser Monasteries in several parts of England, and their Surrenders, which were granted to Cardinal Woolsey in the said Reign; together with all the Deeds, Books, Papers, and Letters Patents, which were Seized into the King's Hands on his being Guilty of the Pramunire; together with the Old Deeds of some few Abbies and Priories, Surrendred into King Henry the Eighth's Hands before the Acts of Parliament for

(33)

for Dissolution of Abbies, &c. all which were formerly Transmitted into the King's Treasury, into the Custody of the Lord Treasurer and Chamberlains of the Exchequer, by their Deputies, immediately after their being Purchased, Surrendred, Forseited, &c. Sundry Accounts of the Staple of Calais, of the French Territories, of the Butlerage of England, Buildings at Windsor, of the Hanaper, Wardrobe, Jewels, &c.

The Record call'd Doomfday Book, in Two Volumes, One in Quarto, containing the Counties of Norfolk, Suffolk, and Essex; the other in a large Folio, containing the other part of England, except

Dur-

(34)

Northumberland, Durham, Cumberland, Westmorland, and Part of Lancaster, with a Third Book in Folio, containing an Abstract of those Two Books, very Ancient; Several Bags of Perambulations and Inquisitions of Assarts, Vert, and Venison, Rolls of the Juflices in Eyre, of several Forests, in the Times of King E. 1. E. 2. and E. 3. a Book of Perambulation of the Forests North Trent, in the Time of King H. 8. the Justice Seats of Waltham, and the New Forests, before Aubrey Earl of Oxon, in the Time of King Charles 2. many Counter-pells of several Reigns, from the Times of King Edward 1. to King Philip and A Oucen

(35)

Queen Mary, and Queen Elizabeth; several Books in Vellum, one call'd the Black Book, de Necessariis Scaccarii Observantiis, writ by Gervasius Tilburiensis, in the Time of King Henry 2. in which are the Oaths and Admittances of the Officers of the Lower Exchequer, &c. Two others concerning the Dutchey of Cornwall, others of Involments of Popes Bulls, of Deeds of Lands; some Statutes as those of Winton, and Gloucester; of fome Leagues with Princes, and with the Welsh; of Deliverances of Records and Jewels, &c. of Calendars or Catalogues of Leagues betwixt Prince and Prince, &c. from Edward the Third's Time to King  $C_2$ 

(36)

King Henry the Eighth's Time;
Two Books, One of the Old
Statutes, of the Order of the
Garter, another of the Order
of St. Michael, fent to King
Henry the Sixth, by the French
King Francis the First, and
some few other things relating to those Two Orders.

Three Patent Rolls, One of Edward the Second's Time, from the First to the Fourteenth Year of His Reign; One of King John, from the First Year of his Reign to the Ninth; Another of King Henry the Sixth's Time; One Pipe-Roll of the Third Year of King John, Termino Pascha; many Inquisitions in a Bag called Rayman in divers Shires, touching Liberties withholden from the King

(37)

King in Edward the First's time, and of Tenures in another Bag, with many of the like fort put into Bags in their proper Shires; the Seal of the Court of the Receipt of the Exchequer, wherewith are Sealed Indentures for Standard Weights and Measures, when deliver'd; several Indentures of the Receipt and Delivery of Records, Jewels, Weights, and Measures, &c. between the Judges and others, of the one Part, and the Officers of the Talley. Court, Scil. the Chamberlains Deputies of the other; many Indentures concerning the Mint, between the respective Kings of this Realm and the Masters and Workers of the Mint, about the Advancing or Aba(38)

Abating of Coins, together with several Old Rolls about the same; and Establishments of the Mint, with feveral old Stamps of Coins, Scil. the Rose Noble, and Spur Royal, &c. The Standards of Weights, Averdupois and Troy, with those of Measures; sundry Books, and Rolls of Muffers of Men at Arms, Hobilers, Butmen, &c. in divers Shires, made in the Time of King Henry the Eighth; Vaft Quantities of Common Writs, from King Edward the First or Second's Time, to the Year 1660. fent at feveral times from the Custos Brevium Office; which are most of them put under the Chests in One of the Treasuries, as being of no Value; the Indenture

(39)

ture of Annexation of Jewels to the Crown under the Great Seal and Sign Manual of King fames the First, with Two Schedules annext, and a Paper-Book containing the Remain of all fuch Jewels, &c. remaining in the Tower of London, Signed by the faid King. Item, The Bills, Answers, Depositions, and Commissions, relating to the late Dissolv'd Court of Star-Chamber and of Survey, till the Dissolutions thereof. Item, The Writs of Entry, in le Post, & Seisin, on Common Recoveries, the Writs of Covenant, Concords of Fines, the Postea's, Venive's, and Jurata's, in Common Actions, to the Year 1660. from Henry the Eighth's Time.

#### (40)

Time. Item, A great Parcel of Fragments of Records of divers Natures, lately brought to the Treasury, of which the Contents are not known.

In the Chapter-House belonging to Westminster Abbey in the Cloister, there are contained vast Quantities of Common Writs of many Reigns, Confusedly heaped together; a like Quantity of the Bills, Answers, Replications, &c. of the Dissolv'd Court of Star-Chamber, which was formerly kept by the Usher of the Exchequer, and on the making of the Annuity Offices in the late Reign, were Order'd to be put into this Treasury, but have not been Digested since: Memorand' None of the Decrees

#### (41)

crees of the said Court are to be found; the last Notice of them (that cou'd be got) was that they were in a House in St. Bartholomew's Close, London; Rolls of Assizes in divers Counties, of many Reigns, several whereof have been formerly Abbreviated by our Predecessors in Books, some of which Books still remain in the Office, but more have been lost; with many Books of Abbreviations of many other Records, and dispersed into private Hands; (One Sold to the Right Honourable Henry Earl of Clarendon) others said to be in the Hands of the late Master of the Rolls: In the Treasury or Repository, by the Side of the

(42)

the Talley-Court in the Exchequer, lie the Books of Doomsday, the Black Book, the Book of Memorandums and Entry of Leagues, Treaties, Deliverances of Records, Jewels, &c. of Abbreviations of Records, the Assize Rolls, those of the Pleas of the Crown, the Quo Warranto Rolls, Fines levied of Lands, Accounts, Surveys, Court-Rolls, Old Deeds, and Evidences of Lands.

In the Treasury situate over the Gate-way going out of the New Palace Tard into St. Margaret's Lane, are Records of divers Natures; First, Several Cart Loads of Common Writs; Secondly, Postea's, Con-

(43)

Concords, Jurata's, Venire's, &c. Thirdly, The Fines of Lands in the feveral Counties of England, from King Henry the Eighth's Time to King James the First inclufive; Fourthly, The Bills and Answers of the Court of Survey in the Time of King Henry the Eighth; the Papers, Deeds, and Evidences, relating to the Dissolution of the Monasteries, and to Cardinal Woolsey; Accounts of Calais, of the Butlerage, Accounts of many Mens Lands, Old Deeds, Indentures, and many other Things of divers Natures; the Writs of Entry in le Post, and Writs of Seisin or Common Recoveries, during the Reign of King Henry

(44)

Henry the Eighth, Edward the Sixth, King Philip and Queen Mary, Queen Elizabeth, King Fames the First. Lastly, A Press of Letters and Cyphers of Ambassadors, in the Time of King Henry 8. &c.

This Treasury wanting Reparation and Fitting up, the Care thereof is humbly Submitted to Your Lordships; besides one of the Tenants adjoyning hath broke a Door into the Leads, over the said Treasury; and part of the Building underneath, and on one side, is lately encroached upon, and annoy'd by keeping of an Ale-house, and Building of Leads even with the Windows.

The

(45)

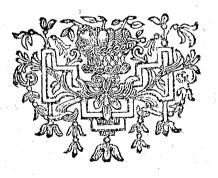
HE Committee having been Inform'd, That Mr. Madox was a proper Person to give an Account in relation to the Subject of their Lordships Enquiry, they sent for and Examin'd him as to his Knowledge of any Records in Disorder, or liable to receive Damage, and likewise as to the Condition of the Records in the Exchequer in general: And having heard the Account he gave, their Lordships thought proper to give Direction, That Mr. Neale Deputy in the Pipe-Office, Mr. Harding Deputy in the Office of the King's Remembrancer, Mr. Plaxton Deputy

#### (46)

in the Office of the Treasurer's Remembrancer, and Mr. Fett, one of the Auditors of the Revenue, shou'd Inspect the Records, in their respective Offices, and give an Account in Writing of the Nature of the faid Records, in what State they were in, and whether any thing, and what was necesfary to be done to put the fame into a more proper Condition; and Directed the said Mr. Madox to allist in such Inspection, and Preparing such Accounts; and likewise gave Direction to the Deputy Chamberlains, for them to prepare the like Account in relation to the Chapter-Houseat Westminster; and also Order'd, That Mr. Topham, Keeper of the

#### (47)

the Records in the Tower, shou'd lay before the Committee an Account of the Nature of the Records there; And Reports or Accounts having been accordingly, by Mr. Madox and the said Officers, severally laid before their Lordships, the same are as follows.



(49)



To the Right Honourable the Lords Committees for Inspecting of Records,

The Humble Report of Thoinas Madox.

May it please your Lordships,



N Obedience to your Lordships Commands signified to me in your most Honourable

Committee, the Seventh Day of Feb. Instant, I have personally D View'd

#### (50)

View'd the several Treasuries of Records belonging to the Upper Exchequer at Westminster, to wit, the several Offices of the Pipe, the King's Remembrancer, the Treasurer's Remembrancer, and the Augmentations, being Accompanied in the said View by the several Deputies of the respective Offices; and do most humbly Certifie, as followeth.

#### The Pipe-Office.

In the Treasury of this Office are kept the great Rolls of the Exchequer, which are Records of great Dignity and Value. They are well kept, and lie in Order in Presses, partly

#### (51)

partly Wainscot and partly Deal; the Outsides of many of the great Rolls are decay'd by Time, and want New Vellom or Parchment Covers; which Covers when put on must be Mark'd on the Out-side in large durable Writing, to shew the King's Reign and Year.

Besides the said Great Rolls there are in this Office many other Valuable Records which deserve to be put into better Order.

Most of the Presses want to be repaired and new lined throughout.

Tables, Desks, and Stools wou'd be useful, as well to the Clerks of the Office, as likewise to Persons reforming

(52)

forting thither upon Business.

The King's Remembrancer's Office.

of this Office are the Memoranda, containing the Enrollments of all the Business of Weight that is done in this Office: These Memoranda lie in Substantial Wainscot Presses in the best Record-Room belonging to this Office, which Presses may be repair'd with little Charge.

This Treasury is much overstock'd with Files of Bills, Answers, and Proceedings on

(53)

the Equity-Side of the Exchequer; Those Files have lain in Disorder for many Years before the Time of the present Deputy; but if these numerous Files be removed into one or other of the Rooms, of which mention is made here-under in this Report, a great deal of Room will be gain'd in the Principal Record-Room.

Here are also many other Records that have lain indigested for many Years.

Many Bundles of the said Memoranda do want Covers and Bands, and many Files of the said Equity Proceedings want new Wrappers and Strings, &c.

D 3

Some

(54)

Some New Presses are wanted in the Chief Record-Room, and some Old Presses there, which joyn to the Brick Wall, require to be well lin'd at the Back.

Desks, Stools, &c. would be useful.

# The Treasurer's Remembrancer's Office.

of this Office are the Memoranda, which contain Enrollments of all the Business of Weight that is done in this Office; In this Treasury are also kept the Originalia or Originals of the Chancery, which are Estreats of the Fine Rolls, (55)

Rolls, Patent Rolls, &c. transmitted hither from the Court

of Chancery.

These Records lie in tolerable Order in Wainscot Presses, many of the Bundles being impaired by Time, do want New Parchment Covers and New Banding, and many of the Modern Originals want the like Covers and Banding.

All the faid Records when New Cover'd must be Endor-sed on the Covers in a proper manner, to shew the King's Reign, the Year, or the Term contain'd therein respectively.

There are also in this Office many Records that have lain undigested in great Chests and otherwise, for many Years D 4 before

(56)

before the Time of the present Officer.

## The Augmentation Office.

cords of this Office are in tolerable Order, but there are many others which were never yet Digested and Methodized.

Several small Necessaries are wanting, to wit, Parchment Covers for many of the Records; Canvas to make New Bags instead of the Old ones, most of which are rotted; New Binding of several Parchment Books of Enrollments, Wooden Boxes, and other small Things.

Gene-

(57)

# General Memorandums.

HE Roof and Gutters of the House where the Records lie, are with great Difficulty kept defensible against Weather.

In the Offices of the Pipe, and the Two Remembrancers, New Records are to be made up for every Year successively; which makes it necessary to reserve Room in those Treasuries for future Records. At present there seems to be no spare Room in the said Treasuries.

In some of the said Offices there are important valuable Records, that lie in a sort Buri(58)

Buried; and in all of them there are many Records that remain in Confusion for want of Means to defray the Charges of Digesting them.

The Digesting and Methodizing of many Records that are in Disorder in the several Treasuries above mention'd, and the New Covering and Endorsing the Years, &c. will be a Work of Time, and of many Mens Hands, and may deserve to be done under the Care and Supervisal of some fit Person or Persons.

In the Brick Tower there are Two Rooms or Garrets; One, a large Room, the Floor of it cover'd with Books and loofe Parchments, many of which do relate to the Revenue

(59)

venue of the Customs; the other, a smaller Room, with Presses in it; which Presses are filled with Port Books relating also to the Customs, and the rest of the Room with Bags of Duplicates of Taxes. The King's Remembrancer Claims these two Rooms.

Near Hell Tard there are Two Ground Rooms; the One is a large Square Room, having many Parchments and Books lying in Dust on the Floor, and otherwise; the other is a much smaller Room, wherein Parchments and Tallies have lain in Disorder for many Years past. No Officer (that I can find) Claims these two Rooms, or either of them. They are seldom

(60)

seldom open'd; never for the purpose of Searching.

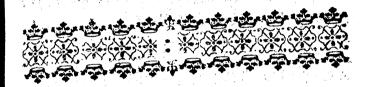
May it please Your Lordships,

All Things contain'd in this most Dutiful Report are humbly Submitted to Your Lord-ships Great Wisdoms.

Tho. Madox.

The 14th Day of Feb. 1718.

Johnston II (1969), respectivities specialistics. Grant of III (1969), and a special contractions. (61)



To the Right Honourable the Lords Committees for Inspecting Records.



your Lordships Order of the Seventh of this Instant February, I

humbly crave Leave to reprefent to your Lordships,

That the Records in the Pipe-Office are of Two forts, the Great Roll of the Exchequer, and the Foreign Accompts. The former contains

(62)

tains an Accompt of the Ancient Revenue of the Crown. writ out in Process every Year to the several Sheriffs of England, who were the General Receivers and Collectors thereof, and by them Levied and Answered to the Crown upon their Annual Accompts before the Clerk of the Pipe; which Method is still preserved and continued to this Day, for so much of the said Revenue as yet remains, and hath not been Alienated from the Crown: For all which the respective Sheriffs do now Accompt, and take their Quietus out of this Office every Year.

The

(63)

The Foreign Accompts are that part of the Revenue which is Granted by Act of Parliament for Aids, Subsidies, Polls, &c. and of late Years upon Window-Lights; as also for Customs, Excise, Salt, and all other Parliamentary Impofitions and Taxes whatfoever. The Accompts for the Land-Tax and Window-Lights (commonly called the Tax upon Houses) are made up by the Auditors of the Revenue, and all the rest by the Auditors of the Imprefts. The former Accompts are Declared before One of the Barons of the Court of Exchequer, and the latter by the Treasury: And all these Accomptants do likewise Annually receive their Quietus

#### (64)

Quietus out of the Pipe. So that the whole Revenue of the Crown (except the Land-Revenue) passing through this Office, and the Records thereof being as Valuable as they are Numerous, It is humbly hoped your Lordships will think them worthy of your Care and Consideration.

And I also beg Leave humbly to Represent to your Lordships, That the State and Condition of the Pipe-Office in His Majesties Court of Exchequer at Westminster, having upon several Occasions been of late View'd and Examin'd, and more particularly at this time, by virtue of your Lordships Order; It appears that the Rain has sunk through

(65)

the Tiling and Cieling thereof, and Damaged several of
the Records; so that it is humbly hoped that Care may be
taken in the first place to Secure the Covering, Roof, and
Cieling of the House from the
Injury of Rain and Weather;
without which the Reparations that are necessary for the
better keeping and preserving
the Records, will be rendred
in great Measure inessectual.
The Office to be Plaistered and
White-washed.

All the Presses, which contain the Great Rolls made up from the Time of King Stephen to the Reign of King James the Second, being very Old, and taking in Dust continually, by reason of the Decay

(66)

of the Materials and Shelves, those Records are very much Injured, many of their Covers or Outsides being worn out, and the Marking or Texting thereof not to be read: For these Reasons it is humbly Proposed, That all the Presses for the Great Rolls be made New of hard and feafon'd Wainscot, Close and Firm, with good Locks, Rings, and Hinges; all the Shelves whereof to be strong and broad, and fufficiently supported, and able to bear the great Weight that must be laid upon them; and the Rolls (which want it) to be New Covered, Marked, and Texted. By which means those Valuable Records will not only be made  $\mathbf{C}$ more

(67)

more easie to be found for the Service of the Publick, but the Records themselves be preserved to future Ages.

And because the Rolls and Records of this Office must necessarily Increase every Year, it will likewise be necessary that more New Presses be made, not only for the Great Rolls, but also for the vast Number of Accompts which now are, and for the future must be reposited there, which at present are laid up in great Chests and Trunks. These New Presses, design'd chiefly for Accompts of several Natures, may be built under the Windows of both the Rooms, and made of the Stuff of the Old Presses.

E 2 Strong

(68)

Strong Steps or Ladders to take down and put up the Records, with Two or Three Joynt-stools.

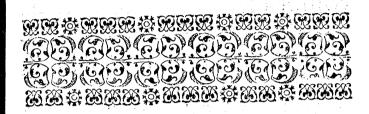
A convenient Cover'd Table in each Room, with a Desk and Seat at each end of the Tables.

All which is humbly Submitted to Your Lordships.

> Fra. Neal, Dep' Cleric' Pipe.

> > To

Pipe-Office, Feb. 11. 1718. (69)



To the Right Honourable the Lords Committees, to whom it was Referr'd to Review the Records of the Court of Chancery, &c.



N Obedience to Your Lordships Order, I do humbly Certifie, That the Records in

the Office of the King's Re-E 3 mem-

#### (70)

membrancer in the Exchequer confift of,

Bills, Answers, and Proceedings thereon, in Causes in Equity.

Writs of Scire Facias, and Proceedings thereupon, for Recovery of the Debts of the Crown.

Extents, and Inquisitions thereupon, and Commissions of Inquiry, and Inquisitions thereupon; whereby the E-states of Debtors and Accomptants to the Crown, and E-states Forfeited to, or belonging to the Crown, are Seized into the King's Hands.

Informations upon Seizures made in the several Ports of England, of Goods Forfeited for

(71)

for Non-payment of Custom or Unlawful Importation.

Informations Personal for Forfeitures arising to the Crown by Offences Committed against Penal Laws.

Records of Outlawries certified into the Exchequer, whereby Seizures are made of Lands and Goods into the King's Hands, and the Proceedings depending thereupon.

Commissions and Inquisitions Retornable in, or Certified into the Exchequer upon Attainders, and Forfeitures for Treasons or Felonies.

Process against Receivers and Collectors of Assessments and Taxes Granted to the Crown, to bring them in, to pass their Accompts, and to E 4 pay

(72)

pay the Monies by them received, to Seize the Lands and Goods of them that refuse or neglect so to do.

Port Books Yearly sent to the Customers and Patent Officers of the several Ports of England and Wales, for the Entry of all Goods and Merchandizes Imported and Exported.

There are Memoranda, which confift of all Matters Involled in the faid Office.

And in further Obedience to Your Lordships Order, I have Inspected the Records in the Office aforesaid, and do find some of the Memoranda want Coversand Whipcord to tie them close, to preserve them from Dust.

And

(73)

And I do find, That some Records relating to Equity Proceedings, viz. Bills, Anfwers, and Depositions, are much out of Order by the Decay of the Wrappers that Cover the same, and were so long before I came into the Office; and by what I can learn have been fo for a great many Years. And it will require a great many Vellom Skins and Cords to new Cover and better Preserve the same. And likewife several Books of Orders want new Binding.

And I do find, That the Walls of some of the Record Rooms want to be lined with Boards, or that New Presses with Doors thereto shou'd be made,

(74)

made, the better to preserve the Records from Dampness and Dust.

All which is humbly Submitted to Your Lordships Great Wisdom.

John Harding, D. R. R.

Feb. 17.



(75)

AMARA: ANAR.

To the Right Honourable the Lords Committees for Inspecting Records in the Court of Chancery, &c.



N Obedience to Your Lordships Order of the Seventh Instant, whereby I am lay before Your

requir'd to lay before Your Lordships an Account in Writing in what State the Records in this Office are, and what

# (76)

what may be necessary to put the same into a more proper Condition.

I do in all humble manner Certifie Your Lordships, That of the Records in this Office, those of the greatest Dignity and Concernment are the *Memoranda* and the *Originalia*.

The Memoranda contain great Variety of Pleadings relating to the Tenures and E-states of the Nobility and Gentry of England, with Judgments given by the Court of Exchequer thereupon.

Pleadings and Judgments upon Claims of Franchises and Privileges within Manors, Towns, and Liberties.

Many

# (77)

Many Acts of the Court of Exchequer concerning the Accompts of Sheriffs, Efcheators, &c.

Variety of Matters concerning the Charge and Difcharge of the King's Debtors and Accomptants.

The Entries of Accompts of Greater and Lesser Accomptants.

Many Acts and Orders of Court concerning the Land Revenue, and Casual Revenue of the Crown, as Fee-Farms, Fines, Post-Fines, Issues, Amerciaments, Recognizances, &c. of all which Memoranda there is a Series from the Beginning of the Reign of King Henry the Third to the present Reign.

## (78)

The Originalia are the Eftreats from the Chancery of
all Patent Rolls and Grants
from the Crown; and are
transmitted into this Office
to be put in Charge pro Commodo Regis; and Commence
about the Beginning of the
fame King's Reign, and are
continued in a Series ever
fince.

All which Records, and the Repertories relating thereto, do for the most part lie in good Method and Order, and are kept in commodious and durable Wainscot Chests and Presses, sufficient for the due Preservation of the same. And I do not find that there is immediately wanting any thing materially necessary to

# (79)

put these Records into a more proper Condition; Except such a quantity of Vellom, or strong Parchment, and Cording, as shall be sufficient for New Covering and Rebinding such whose Covers and Bindings are worn out, or greatly decay'd by Time; of which there being a considerable Number, the same will require the Assistance of a strong Hand or two to perform that Work, and a competent Clerk to Endorse the Covers in proper manner, to denote the Reigns and Years; which may probably prove a Work of some Labour and Time, and will occasion fome few Tables, Desks, Stools, and other odd Things (the

(80)

(the Expence whereof will be inconsiderable) to be provided for that and future Service.

The Consideration of all which is humbly Submitted to Your Lordships great Wifdoms.

W. Plaxton, Dep' Rem' Thes'

Treasurer's Remembrancer's Office, Feb. 17. 1718.



(8r)



To the Right Honourable the Lords Committees for Inspecting of Records,

The Humble Report of Thomas
Jett, One of the Auditors of
the Land-Revenue.

May it please Your Lordships,



N Obedience to Your Lordships Commands, signified to me by Precept of the Seventh

Inflant, I have Inspected the feveral Records in my Office, which

### (82)

which confift of the feveral Kinds following, viz.

Ministers Accompts made up in Parchment Rolls, from the Beginning of King Henry the Eighth, and continued down to the latter End of King Charles the First, wherein are contain'd the Rents of the feveral Honours, Caftles, Lordships, Manors, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, which came to the Crown by Diffolution of the several Monasteries, Abbies, Priories, &c. and likewise by Attainder and other Forfeitures; as also the Ancient Revenues of the Crown of England.

Accompts of the Receivers General of the Rents, Issues,

and

(83)

and Profits, arifing out of the faid Honours, Castles, Lordships, Manors, &c. for the same Time, likewise made up in Parchment Rolls, and Indorsed on the Back, in large Characters, the respective King's Reign and Year.

There are also several Books beginning in the Reign of the said King Henry the Eighth, and continued down to this Time, wherein are contain'd the Inrollments of the several Grants in Fee, and in Tail, which have been made of the said Manors and Lands, since the Reign of the said King, as also of the several Leases.

There are likewise some few Books of Particulars of F 2 Estates

(84)

Estates and Rents, which have, from time to time, been Granted from the Crown, as also View Books of the Ministers, and Receivers General Accompts, and some Extracts of Court-Rolls of Manors, while they remain'd in the Crown.

Some of these Records and Books are kept in Wainscot Presses, lined behind, standing in the Court of Exchequer, and in Tables in the same Court, which were Originally built and fixed there for the Use of the Auditors of the Land Revenue, with Locks to the same.

Others are kept in Dry Presses well lined, and in Chests in a large Square Room over the Court of Exchequer, which (85)

which leads into the Pipe-Office.

Others are kept in two long Rooms over the Top of the Exchequer-Court, fronting the Palace Tard, in dry Wainfcot Presses, well lined next the Walls, thro' which Rooms are two Drains to Carry away the Water off the Top of the Exchequer-Court; but being well Leaded, the same are Dry, and the Plaistering and Tiling in good Condition.

The Remaining part of the faid Records and Books, from the faid King Charles the First's Time, are in the Office in the New Palace Yard, in good Wainscot Presses well lined.

The greatest part of the Revenue being alienated from F 3 the

(86)

the Crown there is not much refort had to these Records, but they may be readily turned to upon any Occasion.

Time hath worn out the Indorsement of some few Parchment Rolls, as likewise the Binding of several of the Books of Inrollment and some of the Views; which may be repaired and made good at no great Expence.

All which is most humbly submitted to Your Lord-ships great Wisdom.

Tho. Jett, Aud.

(87)



To the Right Honourable the Lords Committees for Inspecting Records.



N Obedience to Your Lordships Order of the Seventeenth Instant, whereby we the

Deputy Chamberlains of the faid Court of Receipt are requir'd to lay before Your F 4 Lord-

(88)

Lordships an Account in Writing of the Nature of the Records in the Chapter-House at Westminster, in what State or Condition they are in, and whether there is any thing, or what wanting to put the said Records into more proper Condition, and also whether any, and what Room is there for the further receiving of Records.

We do in the humblest manner Certific Your Lorships, That our Predecessors John Lowe, and Peter Le Neve, Esqs, some Years past, drew up an Account in Writing under their several Hands, of the Records deposited in the said Chapter-House; which Account upon

(89)

upon our Admittances into our Offices we found in the Treasury adjoyning to the said Court of Receipt, (commonly called the Talley-Court) And we have Reason to believe that the Records hereafter mentioned, as put down in their Writing, are still remaining there, we having been Obliged upon feveral Searches for the Use of the Publick, to Examine many Records there deposited, which we have found by the Directions of the faid Writing after long Searching.

SE SESSE SESSE SESSE SESSE SESSE SESSE SESSE

The

(90)

The Records in the Chapter-House are as follow, viz.

Foreign Leagues and Treaties, with many Papers of Publick Matters.

There are very great Quantities of Common Writs, of many Reigns, confusedly heaped up together.

A great Quantity of the Bills, Answers, Replications, &c. of the Dissolv'd Court of Star-Chamber.

The Rolls of Records of Affize of King Richard the First's Time, King John, and King Henry the Third, and thence down to King Henry the

(91)

the Fifth, of the King's Bench, and to King Henry the Seventh, of the Common-Pleas, with the Rolls of Assizes in divers Counties of many Reigns.

Several Fines of Lands, Postea's, Concords, Writs of Covenant, Furata's, &c. that have been Transmitted from the Common-Pleas. The Fines of each County are from the Reign of Hen. VIII. to the Year 1660.

That the Foreign Leagues, &c. have lain promiscuously some Years in Chests, but it wou'd be more convenient if they were digested, and put into Wainscot Presses.

That among the great Quantities of Writs there are many Special Retorns which have been,

(92)

been, and others may be Proofs of Titles to Lands, and likewife prove the several Boundaries of Lands, as in Writs of Partition, Dower, &c. and when digested ought to be bundled up under Covers of Vellom or strong Parchment.

As to the Bills, Answers, &c. of the Star-Chamber, they have lain many Years in a very great Heap undigested, without any Covering from Dust, or Security from Rats and Mice.

As to the Rolls of Records of King's Bench, and Common-Pleas, there are very many of them have lain upon the Ground for want of Presses to put them in; the Dampness (93)

ness of the Ground having been very prejudicial to them.

The great Numbers of Fines, Postea's, Concords, Writs of Covenant, Furata's, &c. We humbly Conceive ought to be digested under their proper Reigns and Counties, and accordingly carefully bundled up under proper Covers of Vellom or Parchement.

From the Outward Door leading to the Chapter-House, and within the said Chapter-House, there is a great deal of Room, and it is altogether very Lightsom to receive many more Records; as may be seen if Your Lordships please to direct a Survey to be made thereof, and also of the

(94)

the Repairs of the Top of the fame.

The Reason why these Records have not been Abstracted, and better digested, is for want of suitable Time, and due Encouragement; We beg Leave therefore to lay the Principal Obstructions before

Your Lordships.

The Deputy Chamberlains are the Proper Officers for Sorting and Abstracting the faid Records; but are so Limited and Streightned in point of Time, that 'tis impossible at present any Progress shou'd be made in fo necessary and beneficial a Work; their Hours of Attendance in the Talley-Court are from Nine in the Morning till One; most of which (95)

which Time they are generally (being only Two Persons) employ'd in Striking and Examining Tallies, and at other Hours entirely debarr'd from doing any thing with the Records by a Kev kept by the Auditor of the Exchequer's Clerk, who has only the same Hours of Attendance with the said Deputy Chamberlains: We therefore humbly recommend this to Your Lordships Consideration, That there being large Quantities of Records to be forted and digested, this will be a very Laborious Work, not to be carried on without an Allowance of Salaries for our selves and proper Clerks, with free Access for us to dispatch the Same.

(96)

fame. All which we humbly fubmit to Your Lordships great Wisdoms, and are Your Lordships

> Most Dutiful and Obedient Servants,

> > Dudley Downes, John Lawton.

Court of Receipt in the Exchequer, 20th of



(97)

To the Right Honourable the Lords Committees for Records,

The Humble Report of Richard Topham, Esq; Keeper of His Majesties Records in the Tower of London.



N Obedience to Your Lordships Command, I do Certifie, That in Wakefield Tower there are the Records follow-

ing, viz.

The

## (98)

The Statute Rolls, beginning with the Statute of Gloucefter, Anno 6. Edw. 1. and ending with the 8th of Edw. 4.

Parliament Rolls, beginning Anno 5. Edw. 2. and ending with the Reign of Edw. 4.

Patent Rolls, beginning Anno 3. Johannis, and ending with the Reign of Edw. 4. In these are contained Grants of Offices, Lands, Tenements, Temporalties, &c. passing under the Great Seal.

Charter Rolls, from the First of King John, to the end of Edw. 4. in which are Inrollments of Grants and Confirmations of Liberties and Privileges to Cities and Towns Corporate, and to private Persons, as Markets, Fairs, Free

(99)

Free Warren, Commune of Paffure, Waifs, Strays, Felons

Goods, &c.

The Foundations of Abbies and Priories, of Colleges and Schools, together with Lands and Privileges Granted to them.

The Patents of Creation of

Noblemen.

Close Rolls, from the Sixth of King John, to the end of Edw. 4. In which are Writs of various kinds, but more especially on the Back of the Roll are Entred the Writs of Summons to Parliament, both to the Lords and Commons, and of the Bishops and Inferior Clergy to Convocations; there are also Proclamations, and Inrollment of Deeds between Party and Party.

French  $G_{2}$ 

## (100)

French Rolls, beginning Anno 1. Edw. 2. and ending with Edw. 4. in which are Leagues and Treaties with the Kings of France, and other Matters relating to that Kingdom.

Scotch Rolls, Transactions

with that Kingdom.

Rome, touching the Affairs of that See.

Vascon Rolls, relating to

Gascoign.

There are also other Rolls and Records of different Natures.

In this Tower are also kept the Inquisitions post Mortem, from the First Year of King Henry 3. to the Third Year of Richard 3.

The

# ( 101 )

The Inquisitions ad quod Damnum, from the First of Edw. 2. to the end of Hen. 5.

Writs of Summons and Returns to Parliament, from the Reign of Edw. 1. to the 17th of Edw. 4.

Popes Bulls, and Original Letters from Foreign Princes.

In Cæsar's Chapel in the White Tower are these Records, viz.

Privy Seals of the Reigns

of several Kings.

Bills, Answers, and Depofitions in Chancery, in the Reigns of Queen Elizabeth, King James the First, and King Charles the First.

G 3 Writs

#### (102)

Writs of Distringas and Supersedeas.

De Excommunicato capi-

Statutes Merchant and Staple.

And other Writs of divers Natures, relating to Proceedings of the King's Courts of Law.

# Richard Topham.

March the 3d, 1718-19.



THE

( 103 )

HE Committee having received Information, That several Transcripts of Records, left by the late Mr. Rymer, and not printed, were now in the Hands of Mr. Awnsham Churchill a Bookfeller, their Lordships there. upon sent for and Examin'd the faid Mr. Churchill; who acknowledg'd the faid Transcripts were in his Custody, but he look'd upon them to be only Papers which the faid Mr. Rymer threw by as not fit to Print; and that his Executrix had procur'd them to be Bound, and they were paid for by the Treafury, and were to be applied for the Publick Inspection. And

(104)

And he further Inform'd the Committee, That the said Transcripts were ready to be deliver'd as Direction shall be given: And their Lordships have since given Direction that the same be for the present put into the Custody of the said Mr. Incledon Your Lordships Housekeeper.

The Committee having made Enquiry touching any empty Rooms which might be proper for the Reception of the Records now lying in Confusion, and in Danger of Ruin in the Room aforemention'd over the Gateway, were Inform'd, there were Two Rooms near the Exchequer, which wou'd contain a great many Records, and little at present therein,

(105)

therein, excepting a few Old Port Books, and Useless Papers, and Old cancell'd Tallies; but at the same Time were acquainted, That the faid Rooms were claim'd by the King's Remembrancer. Whereupon their Lordships Examin'd concerning it, and were Inform'd, That the faid Rooms were under the Care of the Lord Treasurer for the Time being; who at first coming into his Office, constantly in Person Visits the same by way of taking Possession. Their Lordships then repair'd thither, and View'd the same, and having Directed an Estimate to be prepar'd of the Charge of Fitting up the said Rooms; and the same having been made accord-

### ( 106 )

accordingly, amounts to about

Eighty Pounds.

The Committee have also View'd the Chapter-House afore mention'd, and having Directed the like Estimate to be made of the Charge which Fitting up thereof will occafion, the same amounts to about Two hundred and ninety Pounds.

And upon this Occasion their Lordships observing, That the Custody of the said House is in the Two Deputy Chamberlains and the Auditor of the Exchequer's Clerk, and that Three Keys belong thereunto, without which Recourse can be at no Time had to the Records there; the Inconveniency whereof being fo very obvious, the Committee only

(107)

only mention it for Your Lordships Consideration, That if you shall please to give Directions in relation to that Place, and the Records therein, that the faid Inconveniency may be for the future prevented.

The Committee, as they proceeded, made Inquiry, Whether any Manuscripts, Books, Calendars, or Indexes, belonging to any of the Records of the Exchequer, had been lost or imbezilled; and were thereupon Inform'd, That several Manuscripts, being chiefly Abstracts or Calendars, had been prepared by Mr. Le Neve, and the late Mr. Lowe, whilst they were Deputy Chamberlains; which their Lordships, upon a care-

## (108)

ful Examination, conceiving to have been Compil'd at the Expence and Labour of those Gentlemen respectively; and Mr. Le Neve, and the Executor of Mr. Lowe, being willing to part with the faid Manuscripts, provided they might have a reasonable Gratuity for their Labour in Compiling the same, being of great Use for the more easy finding and understanding the Records to which they relate, the Committee conceive it wou'd be a Publick Service, that a reasonable Reward may be given for the faid Manuscripts, to the End they may be plac'd and remain in the respective Offices to which they belong, for the Use above mention'd. Die

(109)

Die Veneris 17 Aprilis, 1719.

7Hich Report being read by the Clerk, was approv'd of by the House.

Rder'd, By the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament Assembled, That an Humble Address be Presented to His Majesty, laying before His Majesty the Said Report, and bumbly desiring His Majesty, That he wou'd be Graciously Pleased to give such Directions upon the several Matters therein contain'd, as His Majesty in His great Wisdom shall think proper.

Order'd, That the Said Address be Presented to His Majesty by the Lord Chancellor. Die

(110)

Die Sabbati 18 Aprilis, 1719.

HE Lord Chancellor acquainted the House, That he had, according to their Lordships Order, Prefented to His Majesty the above mention'd Address; and that His Majesty was Pleased to give a most Gracious Answer thereunto, to this Effect:

THAT He wou'd take the faid Report into Consideration, and give proper Directions thereupon.

Order'd,

(1111)

Rder'd, That the said Report, together with the Address of this House to His Majesty, and His Majesties most Gracious Answer thereunto, be forthwith Printed in an Octavo Volume.

> W<sup>m</sup> Cowper, Cler' Parliamentor'

BOOK OF BOOK OF BOOK OF BOOK OF BOOK

FINIS.

*03 18*