17-13

THE

STATE

о в тне

NATIONAL DEBT,

тнЕ

NATIONAL INCOME,

ANDTHE

NATIONAL EXPENDITURE.

WITH

Some short Inferences and Reflections applicable to the present dangerous Criss.

By JOHN EARL of STAIR.

O Navis! referent in Mare te novi Fluctus? O! quid agis fortiter occupa Portum. Nonne vides, ut Nudum Remigio Latus Et malus celeri saucius Africo, Antennæque gemunt, ac sine Funibus Vix durare Carina Possint imperiosius Æquor? Non tibi sunt integra Lintea, Non Di, quos iterum pressa Voces malo. Quamvis Pontica Pinus Silvæ Filia nobilis, Jactes & Genus & Nomen inutile. Nil pictis navita Puppibus Fidit. Tu nisi Ventis Debes Ludibrium. Cave.

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undi ka dila Makali Kasek.

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тнЕ O F NATIONAL DEBT, the NATIONAL INCOME. and the NATIONAL EXPENDITURE. HE Funded Debt at the Conclusion of the War, in-THE Funded Debt at the Conclusion of the War, including 7,299,375 Value of Long and Life Annuities given as Premiums, and the 1,000,000 borrowed on the Six-pence in the Pound Civil Lift Duty, likewife including the 6,983,553 funded in 1763, amounted to — £. 138,402,601 The Unfunded Debt (an equitable Allowance being made for the Excess of the Extraordinaries in the two first Years of the Peace, beyond the Average of the following Years, which Allowance amounting to 2,000,000 to a Trifle) being carried to the Debt of the War, amounted to 8,000,000 Total Debt at the Conclusion of the War 146,402,601 The Funded Debt at Chrismas 1773, including as above, was 134,299,375 The Unfunded Debt, Exchequer Bills 1,000,000, ditto lent to the *Eaft India* Company 1,400,000, Navy Debt 1,886,760, supposed Debt of the Civil List 800,000, in all 5,086,760 139,386,135 Debt at the Conclusion of the War was 146,402,601 Debt at Christmas 1773, was 139,386,135 Paid off therefore was 7,016,466 To the Discharge of which have been applied the following extraneous and adventitious Sums, which as they arose mostly out of the War, ought to have been in a great Part deducted from the Debt incurred by the War. Produce of French Prizes Army Savings — — — — — — — Balance of Earl Chatham and John Calcrafi's 964,755 Accounts, and Army Savings 216,222 Composition for French Prisoners 670,000 Sale of Ceded Islands 70,000 From the East India Company, after deducting the 1,400,000 lent them on the Contract for territorial Indemnification by the Indemnity of One Shilling per Pound on Tea 700,000 From the Bank for the Renewal of their Charter 110,000 4,346,477 To Discount at 10 per Cent. on the 1,500,000 paid in the Year 1772 1 50,000 The Debt therefore paid by the permanent Excess of the Incomes of the State beyond the current Expences thereof during Eleven Years of profound Peace, and unequalled Profperity of Trade, with the Land Tax at 4s. during Five Years of the Period, and during the rest of it at 3s. with Lotteries every Year but two, the Profits of which, though no certain or folid, far less an eligible Resource, amounting to 1,200,000 and upwards included, amounts to no more than 2,519,989 Annuity or Interest payable at the Conclusion of the War on Debt funded and unfunded, about 4,900,000 Ditto payable at Christmas 1773, about 4,600,000 Charge of Interest lessened 300,000 В

No State is made for the Years 1774 and 1775; but as the Debt pretended to be paid during those Years (it is apprehended) will be more than balanced by the new Debts contracted and contracting, for which no Provision has been made, it is thought the National Debt will not differ greatly from the Sum it is stated at on the other Side; and confequently the Debt discharged will not exceed, even during the Thirteen Years that the Peace has lasted, the Sum it is stated at on the other Side. The Equivalent to Scotland amounting to 248,550 is not included, nor any Value put upon the 2,000 paid yearly toward the Improvement of the Scotch Fisheries and Manufactures, nor on what may remain of the Life Annuities granted in 1745 and 1746, nor on the 50,000 and upwards paid yearly for the Management of the National Debt; but these will in Part be balanced by the Falling-in of the Life Annuities 1757, and the Decrease of the Value of the Long Annuities, by the Time that has intervened fince they were granted.

I am well aware, that the National Debt at the Conclusion of the War is stated higher by about 2,000,000 than I state it, in a very capital Performance, intitled, The Confiderations, &c. (for the Memory, and for the good Intentions towards his Country, of the reputed Author of which no Man has a greater Respect than myself); but surely the Years 1764 and 1765, when he presided over the Administration of the Finances with great Integrity and Ability, cannot be exempted from the Charge of Extraordinaries for Sea and Land; according to the Average Demands on these Accounts in the fucceeding Years of the Peace; nor can the Deficiency of Grants and the Deficiency of Funds in these Years ever make any Part of the Debt of the War, being constant Charges in every Peace Establishment, and vary according to the Nature of the Services and the Sagacity of the Apportionment, these amounting to 1,976,003, make the difference betwixt us.

It has been objected, that the 700,000 gained by the Public on the Tea Indemnity is a fair Excess of the Permanent Incomes of the State, the Company having paid no more than the Average Income of the Duties for Five Years preceding the Contract; and this Reasoning is conclufive, provided the Loss was not (as it is generally believed it was) occafioned by the Duties laid on Tea confumed in America, but by the miftaken Notions of the Company as to the Practicability of extending their Tea Trade. The Parties are at Hand to fet this Matter in its true Light. The Particular Produces of the Duties on Tea not being to be met with in any Place where I can have Access, I can do no more than state the Objection and the Answer. It has likewise been objected, that three of the Lotteries were attended with Annuities; but either in Money, in Alleviation of Interest, or one Way or other, they certainly were beneficial to Government in the Discharge of the Public Debt to the Extent stated and more.

December 5, 1775.

The Debt pretended to be paid in 1774 and 1775 does not exceed the Debt contracted in these Years, for which no Provision was made.

PROOF. The Debt paid off in 1774 and in 1775 was 1,000,000 3 per Cents. in each Year at 88 per Cent. in both Years 2,000,000 at 88 per Cent. make £. 1,760,000

Debt contracted in 1774 and 1775, for which no Provision

New Exchequer Bills 250,000 Ordnance Extraordinaries beyond what were granted in 1774 190,423 As far as can be conjectured from the Scrap of Paper on the Table of the House of Commons, the whole Year

1775 is not near comprehended. Army Extraordinaries beyond what were granted in 1774 Interest of Unfunded Debt and Lottery Expences for two Years, at least

200,000 Navy Debt increased, exclusive of the 200,000 granted 811,819

Total new Debt contracted in 1774 and 1775 Debt paid off in 1774 and 1775

towards paying it in 1774

2,034,870 1,760,000

582,628

Debt contracted exceeds Debt paid off 274,870 Which is more than what was undertaken to be proved.

N. B. This is exclusive of 354,735 taken towards the Supplies 1775, by Anticipation out of the last Christmas Quarter of the Sinking Fund, but not chargeable particularly on 1774 and 1775, as the Abuse began soon after the Peace.

Notwithstanding these Additions to the Public Debt, yet the East India Company (little used to profit by her Servants Crimes) having, as I am told, I believe with Truth, been very unexpectedly enabled from the Rapine, not the Trade of the East, to discharge all, or at least a great Part of the Loan of 1,400,000 made to the Company by the Public, the National Debt at Christmas 1775 was probably something within the Limits of One Hundred and Forty Millions. But that auspicious Epoch is now fled to return no more; each frantic Hour teems with precious Impossibilities, expensive Chymeras, baseless Incoherencies: Physical Necessity, the avowed Barrier of our Supremacy is stormed on every Side, and we are compelled to affert and believe, that Armies, fo fleuderly equipt that they fcarce could march in a Body One Hundred Miles through the Country of a Friend, are in one Campaign to make the Conquest of a great and warlike Empire, where they cannot even arrive much before August. Let our Miseries at least teach us Humility, let human Pride fallen proftrate lick the Dust: What is Man? how little, how abject must he be in the Eye of Providence? when the Fate of Nations hangs on the Decision of Counsels so wilful and so weak .- O! Guardian Angel of the Land avert thy People's Fate, to thee I lift a Hand guiltless of the Wrongs, and unstained with the Plunder of my Country!

March 20, 1776.

Sums

Sums levied on the British Subject in the Year 1774.

To the Creditors of the Public and Charges To Charges on the old Long and Life Annuities not	£. 4,445,856
To the Civil Lift	8,000 800,000
To the Duchy of Cornwal and Lancaster Fines, Principality of Wales, Scotch Crown Revenues, &c. &c. estimated To Profits on the Lottery To Produce of the Sinking Fund To Coinage Duties Interest and Management on the Equivalent to Scotland	200,000 150,000 2,976,382 15,000 10,600
To Improvement of Scotch Fisheries and Manufactures	8,607,838
To Expences of Management and Collection on 8,607,833 estimated, one with the other, at 10 per Cent. of the new Produce	eat or o
To Fees and Perquifites of Office of every Kind, estimated To Bounties on Importation and Exportation, Whale a White Herring Fisheries, estimated	nd
To Land and Malt, Land at 35.	10,168,638
Total levied on the Subject within the Year 1774	12,418,638

* Where the Word estimated is added, the Sums stated are from the best (but not absolutely decisive) Authority I can find, or from the most probable Conjectures I can make. As Truth is my Object, I shall be very happy to be set right in these, or wherever I am wrong. I hope I am not (the vast Extent of the Subject considered) very materially so; at least I dare presume with Considence not so materially as to affect the Conclusions that are drawn, and which every Man of Common Sense must draw from the Premises. Absolute Trisles I have not regarded; nor in Matters of this Kind are they worth the Trouble that they cost.

Enormous

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Enormous as the Sum on the other Side may feem, and far beyond the National Faculties, equal perhaps to almost all our circulating Specie, yet of this whole Sum there is only unappropriated the Land and Malt; which, even with the Land at 4s. Militia Loan, Deficiency, and Expence of collecting deducted, will scarce produce neat 2,250,000; and the Sinking Fund, which at a fair Average of Years cannot be estimated at much more than 2,500,000, notwithstanding the casual Produce in 1774 of near 3,000,000, the unappropriated National Revenue will therefore amount to no more than 4,750,000; the avowed, nay necessary Peace Establishment, Navy Extraordinaries, called Navy Debt, at a fair Average included, and a very fmall Allowance being made for unforeseen Contingencies, will amount at least to 4,200,000%. The Balance therefore of the National Income will only be 550,000 l. of which, could 200,000 l. be allotted to augment the Civil Lift, there will only remain a Balance of 350,000% which, even with the precarious Profits of a Lottery thrown in, will scarce be a sufficient Security to borrow Ten Millions on; a Sum which the enfuing Campaign may possibly require, if Preparations adequate to the Occasion are or can be made, and Provisions are voted adequate to these Preparations; without amufing the Public with fallacious and defective Estimates; with no Estimates of nor any Provision for certain and capital Expences; with Funds taken at the capricious or artful Produce of short Periods, not at the fair Average of Years; with Debts at Three per Cent. paid soff with one Hand, and contracted at Four with the other; and all the rest of the Charlatanneries of the Annual Budget.

December 5, 1775.

The

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The National unappropriated Income does not exceed 4,750,000%. Land
Tax being at 4s.

PROOF.

P K U U F.	
A 4s. Land Tax at an Average produces groß — £.	1,980,888
DEDUCTIONS.	
Expence of the Militia Interest on the Loan Expence of collecting, &c. paid at the Auditor's Office, 3d. in the Pound to a Trifle; it is 7½d. certain, besides some casual Deductions	179,766 75,000
Deductions	321,432
Land Tax groß Produce Deductions	1,980,888 3 ² 1,43 ²
Land Tax neat Malt Tax, Deductions, at a fair Average amounting to 202,228%, yearly, taken out, produces neat	1,659,456 547,772
Total Land and Malt neat The Sinking Fund for Eight Years, from the 5th of April 1767 to the 5th of April 1775, has produced (deducting an Average of 45,000 l. yearly, carried from the Supplies to make good the Deficiency of the Funds for 1758) neat 20,051,340 l. which is to a Trifle 2,506,400 l. yearly	2,207,228
National unappropriated Estate, Land at 4s. is only f.	4,713,625
Which is what was to be proved.	talisty expl

Peace

[9]

Peace Establishment will amount at least to 4,200,000L

PROOF.

Navy in 1774 amounted to	300,000
Navy Extraordinaries, called Navy Debt, at a low Average	300,000
	2,204,917
Ordnance, ordinary and extraordinary	271,174
Army	1,549,720
Miscellaneous	60,252
Unforeseen Contingencies that Year on account of the new	
Coincing amounted to 250,000l. but lay the yearly Average is	100,000
Expences of the Lottery and Interest of Unfunded Debt,	
about	85,000
Peace Establishment is	4,271,063
Which is what was to be proved.	in the second
If to this is added the Addition we are told, but in this State of Things it is scarce possible to suppose, is to be made to the Civil List of	200,000
The Peace Establishment will then be	4,471,063
Unappropriated National Estate, as on the other Side Peace Establishment	4,713,625
Balance of unappropriated Estate	£. 242,562

Certainly, even with the precarious Profits of a Lottery thrown in, no fufficient Security to borrow Ten Millions on, which is what was to be proved.

March 20, 1776.

Something

[10]

Something may perhaps be necessary to reconcile to myself and to the Public, my fetting my Name to these Papers. Vain Glory cannot be my Object. Investigations of this Kind are Works of Industry, Works of Application, not of Fame. Ambition, daring and headlong as she is, must shrink back from a State of Things like this; and on such Wretchedness, Avarice furely can build no Hope. To Faction I never was a Friend. What therefore is meant, is to authenticate, to give Weight (fo far as a Name so poor as mine can give Weight) to Calculations, of which the material Part is founded in Truth; and which are of the greatest and of the very first Importance to be thoroughly understood by every Man of Property in these Kingdoms. It is likewise meant, to awaken the Public from the fatal Lethargy, and fatal Luxury, that an unreal Mockery of Paper Wealth has plunged them into; whilst Distress and Public Bankruptcy dogg them at the Heels. It is moreover hoped, that this State of the National Situation may tend to open the Nation's Eyes, to the indiffentable Necessity of putting an End to this unnatural Civil War with America; a War of an enormous and aunknown Expence, and of a Difficulty, not to fay Impracticability in itself, dittle understood by the shallow Advisers and Conductors of it; without mentioning the armed State, the fure, and decifive Interference, at a proper Time, of Rival foreign Nations; a War of which the Justice (if even no more was meant than meets the Ear) is very doubtful, the Success unavailing, and next to desperate, and for the Expediency of which, without begging the Question, there is not, cannot be, one Argument, or Advocate.

Far, very far from my Thoughts, is any thing personal against the noble Lord who is at the Head of the Finance Department; he has done what many, I might almost say all his Predecessors have done before him; for each, alas! in his Tide of Power, has too often been the licensed Plunderer, too seldom the careful Father of the State; but perhaps the Circumstances, or at least the Corruptions of the Times, do not admit of a better Regimen.

Justice

[II]

Justice moreover requires the Avowal from me, that in the Debt discharged in 1772, and in the less than Nothings of 1774 and 1775, great Frugality and a rigorous Attention to the Public Interest has been shewn; and indeed through the Whole of the noble Lord's Conduct, a faint, a feeble, and a doubtful Ray of Feeling for the present, Apprehension for the future, shines; making at least the Darkness of his Colleagues more visible. Something likewise of English Candour, English Humour, English Good Nature (whilst England was good natured) barren indeed of Good Works, breaks forth every now and then; and should the stealing Hand of Time mature these happy Seeds into fair Virtue, into noble Decision, either with fost Compassion, equal Justice, attempered with sweet Humanity, to wipe away the bloody Tear from the Cheek of much-misrepresented America, or with generous Disdain, without casting one lingering longing Look behind, to renounce Emoluments, which Honour forbids to taste, my poor honest Praise, stern though I am, and relentless in the Public Cause, shall freely flow, and applauding indulgent Britain shall in the Future perhaps forget

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dal Qui elega i dati e ta di idali ilayah e taki ilayah et ilayah dali serancah bahker A Property of the property of the second of the contract of th The fire of expression is a supply that the first he will be a first to in the second of the second of