## 21-13

## OBSERVATIONS

UPONTHE

State of the  $B_{RITISH}$  Manufactures

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Striped and Checked Linen, and of Linen mixed with Cotton.

HE Manufactures in this Kingdom of coarse, checked, and striped Linen, and of Linen mixed with Cotton, have, for many Years past, been carried on to a very great Extent; and have not only entirely supplied our Home Consumption, but the Exports thereof to America, and other Foreign Markets, have been much more considerable than of all the other Branches of our Linen Manusacture.

These Manufactures are chiefly supplied with coarse Linen Yarn imported from *Ireland*, to the Amount of 100,000l. per Amum, or thereabouts.

A Duty of One Halfpeny per Pound Weight (which, upon an Average, is about 5 per Cent.) has been paid, for many Years past, in Ireland, upon the Exportation of all Linen Yarn:—This Duty has been long complained of by the British Manusacturers of coarse, checked, and striped Linen, and of Linen mixed with Cotton, as a great Burden upon their Trade; which might, without this Incumbrance, have been further extended, to the great Benefit of this Kingdom.

The Linen-Board in *Ireland* have, of late Years, given large Premiums upon the Exportation of coarse Linens from that Kingdom; and the *British* Parliament have also allowed considerable Bounties upon coarse, white, brown, and dyed Linens exported from hence; which have subjected the said Manusacturers of checked and striped Linen, and of Linen mixed with Cotton (which are not intitled to the Benefit of the said Bounties), to still greater Disadvantages, as the Manusacturers of the other coarse Linens have been enabled to give higher Prices for Yarn, than those concerned in the striped, checked, and Cotton Trade could afford to give (as will evidently appear by the annexed Calculation); and the Price of Yarn has accordingly advanced, at least, 20 per Cent. above the Price it formerly bore.

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Under these Circumstances, the Exports of our coarse, checked, and striped Linen, and Linen and Cotton Manusactures, have of late very considerably decreased; and there is great Reason to apprehend, that this Trade must in a very short time be totally ingrossed by the French and Dutch, who have established, and are industriously promoteing and encouraging, those Manusactures in their own Countries; and can be supplied with coarse Yarn at as moderate Prices, as the same has been usually sold for in Ireland, and even frequently at a cheaper Rate.—From which Supply the British Manusacturers are in a manner excluded by the present high Duties upon the Importation of Foreign Yarn.

By the low Prices of coarse Linen Yarn in Foreign Countries, the French and Dutch are also enabled to purchase Cotton at a higher Rate than the British Manusacturers can, by reason of the advanced Price of British and Irish Yarn, afford to pay; the Cotton so purchased may be manusactured with Linen; and, as the advanced Rate of one Material is more than compensated for by the reduced Price of the other, those Manusactures may be sent to Foreign Markets upon more reasonable Terms, than Manusactures, of the same Fabrick and Species, can be sent from this Kingdom; and by this means the Cotton-Trade at Foreign Markets, and even in some of our own Plantations, is in a great Degree sallen into the Hands of the French and Dutch.

It is humbly submitted, Whether it is not necessary for the Preservation of the Manufactures of striped and checked Linen, and of Linen mixed with Cotton, --- either to grant a Bounty, upon the Importation of Yarn from Ireland, equivalent to the Duty paid there, so long as the said Duty shall subsist; and also upon the Exportation of all such British Manufactures of striped and checked Linen, and of Linen mixed with Cotton, as is at present allowed upon the Exportation of brown, white, and dyed Linens of the same Prices; -- or to permit the said Manufactures to be supplied from Abroad, by allowing the free Importation of coarse Foreign Linen Yarns.—Without some such Parliamentary Relief, these important and valuable Branches of Trade must inevitably be lost; to the Ruin of many Thousand Manufacturers employed therein; and to the great Detriment of his Majesty's Colonies in America, particularly to fuch of the faid Colonies, as are concerned in the Growth and Culture of Cotton; and also to the great Prejudice of the Trade and Navigation of these Kingdoms, especially to the Mediterranean and Levant Seas.

The Calculation before referred to.			
600 Yards of checked and striped Linen manufac-	l.	s.	1. s.
tured in England, takes 105 Spangles Yarn, at 2 s.	10	10	
Charges of manufacturing the fame  Duty paid in Ireland	5		
Factorage, and Charges of bringing from thence	ž.	11	
	-	12	76 fa
600 Yards of low-priced Irish Linen 105 Spangles, at 2 s. per Spangle — Spangle	10	10	16 13
Charges of manufacturing the same	5		
	15	10	
Bounty granted by the British Parliament	3	15	
		-	11 15
Difference in Favour of Ireland	<b></b>		4 18
		- 1	

The Premiums given in *Ireland* are not included in the above Calculation; but, exclusive of the Advantage of such Premiums, it is evident, that a Manusacturer in *Ireland* may afford to give 2s. 11d. per Spangle, better than an *English* Manusacturer 2s.—It will therefore be impossible to support the Manusacture of striped and checked Linen, and of Linen mixed with Cotton, under these Disadvantages.

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